The Bombay Gazette

No. 11,924 NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 19, 1887.

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

STEAM TO ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MALTA, GIBRALTAR, PLYMOUTH, LONDON, BRINDISI, VENICE, TRIESTE, AND MARSEILLES.

PROGRAMME OF DEPARTURES.

Vessel.	Tons.	H. P.	Captain	FRIDAY.
L MALWA	3230	530	G W. Atkinson	25th Feb.
M KAISER-I-HIND	3281	700	E. G. Stead	4th Mar
L NESTOR	3536	650	T. J. Alderson	11th "
— ASSAM	3035	550	J. C. Hassall	18th "
L THAMES	4101	800	W. A. Seaton	25th "
M TASMANIA	4434	800	C. G. Perrin	1st Apl
L GANGES	4193	800	E. Stewart	8th "
— NIZAM	2726	550	R. Haselwood	15th "
L CORO MANDEL	4486	800	I. Reeves	22nd "
M SUTLEJ	3142	550	W. J. Nantes	29th "
L PESHAWAR	3949	600	L. H. Moule	6th May.
—SIAM	2011	500	G. L. Brooks	13th "
L CATHAY	3983	800	E. Ashdown	20th May.
				TUESDAY.
M BENGAL	4732	900	W. B. Andrews	31st May.

The steamers marked L proceed direct to London via Malta; and those marked M via Marseilles. By these, passengers for London change vessels at Suez. All London steamers call at Plymouth.

Through Tickets are issued including Railway Fare from Brindisi to London and names registered for places in the Sleeping Cars.

A steam-tender leaves the Apollo Bunder at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing to convey passengers on board.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AND AUSTRALIA.

Vessel.	Tons	H.P.	Captain	
ATHAY	2631	100	E. Ashdown	4th March.

Return Tickets are issued, at greatly reduced Rates to all ports, for particulars of which apply to

F. D. PARKER,
Superintendent P. & O. S. N. Company.

Bombay, January 8, 1887.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA

SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.

THE Italian Mail-steamers leave BOMBAY at regular intervals of 20 days, calling at ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MESSINA, NAPLES, GENOA, and MARSEILLES, and from GENOA on dates given below:—

FARE to all Ports of Italy Rs. 500, Rs. 340.
" to Marseilles " 520, " 350.

First and Second respectively, inclusive of Wine. Passengers for Marseilles tranship at Genoa.

Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON FREE OF CHARGE, to the extent allowed in the Handbooks.

Usual Discount to Return Tickets. Special Rates for Families.

The following or other 1st Class Steamers will LEAVE

Steamer.	Tons.	H.P.	Bombay.	Genoa.
SINGAPORE	5,000	800	20th	10th April.
R. RUBATTINO	5,000	800	10th March	1st May.
D. BALDUINO	5,000	800	1st April	20th "
MANILLA	5,000	800	20th April	10th June.
SINGAPORE	5,000	800	10th May	7th July.

PASSENGERS WITH SHORT LEAVE can now obtain THROUGH RETURN TICKETS to LONDON and BACK, including Railway Journey via Genoa or Naples, AT SPECIALLY REDUCED RATES.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Tons.	To sail
BORMIDA	4,000	18th Feb.

For Handbooks of Information and other particulars regarding Freight, Passage, &c., apply to

F. BOZZONI,
Agent.

Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, Feb. 7, 1887.

AUSTRO HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

FORTNIGHTLY LINE OF STEAMERS BETWEEN BOMBAY, BRINDISI AND TRIESTE.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail
POSEIDON	G. Doucich	4900	600	3rd March
THISBE	L. Lemessich	3840	450	16th do.
ORION	G. Matkazi	3500	550	1st April.
AMPHITRITE	B. Gelcich	4900	650	7th do.
ELEKTRA	G. Ragusin	4240	600	1st May.
MEDUSA	E. Perini	3500	550	7th do.
PANDORA	P. Meras	3560	550	1st June.
TITANIA	S. Meras	4200	600	7th do.

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 600	Rs. 300	Rs. 150

RETURN TICKETS are now issued available for SIX MONTHS at the following rates:—

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 800	Rs. 480

Above rates include Wine or Beer supplied at meals.

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 13th, and BRINDISI on the 20th, of each month.

Passengers and their luggage are conveyed free on board by the Company's steam launch, on the day of sailing.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail. 1887.
MEDUSA	E. Perini	3,500	550	14th March.

No Cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.

For further particulars, freight, passage, &c., apply to

J. JANNI,
Agent.

Sassoon House, 50, Church Gate Street,
Bombay, Feb. 14, 1887.

ANCHOR LINE.

INDIAN SERVICE BETWEEN BOMBAY, LIVERPOOL AND MEDITERRANEAN.

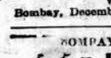
BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.

	Tons.	H.P.	Commander	1887.
s.s. BRITANNIA	3,089	480	Capt. F. Blight	21st Feb.
s.s. VICTORIA	3,358	480	Capt. Wm. Russell	3rd Mar.
s.s. PERSIA	3,550	480	Capt. R. Hutchison	26th "
s.s. ROUMANIA	3,387	480	Capt. J. Harris	9th April
s.s. ARABIA	3,344	480	Capt. J. Laird	23rd "
s.s. ANGLIA	3,950	481	Capt. J. Craig	7th May.
s.s. VICTORIA	3357	480	Capt. Wm. Russell	25th "

Each Steamer carries a Surgeon and Stewardess, and has every Comfort for First-class Passengers.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Bombay, December 27, 1886. Agents.

BOMBAY TO ZANZIBAR DIRECT.



H. H. the SULTAN of ZANZIBAR'S s. s. "MERKA" will sail as above on 23rd February. For freight or passage, apply to

VISRAM EBRAHIM & CO.,
Agents.

CITY LINE OF STEAMERS.

THE favourite passenger steamer CITY OF VENICE, 3247 Tons, will sail for LONDON or LIVERPOOL, on or about 19th March. This Steamer carries a Surgeon and Stewardess. Two bath Cabins, Baths, Punkahs and every comfort for first class passengers. No others carried. Crew entirely European.

SIR CHARLES FORBES & Co.,
Agents.

Bombay, 31st January, 1887.

A. B. FLEMING & Co., LIMITED.

SCOTTISH PRINTING INK FACTORY AND CHEMICAL WORKS—OIL REFINERS AND BOILERS—PAINT AND VARNISH MAKERS—

MERCHANTS AND SHIPPERS,
EDINBURGH, LONDON—NEW YORK, MELBOURNE.

BEG to announce to friends and buyers, that Mr. WM. CUTHBERTSON, of their Company, will be in India during the spring months in their interests. Correspondence invited.

Address.—Poste restant Calcutta.
" Bombay.
" Madras.

DIAMOND AND ENGAGEMENT RINGS.

A FINE COLLECTION in all the latest Designs on hand.

From Rs. 35 to Rs. 600.

GEMS mounted to order of any of the undermentioned patterns desired in the time specified. A single Stone, Claw or Gipsy, setting in one day.
5 Stones, half hoop, setting in three days.

LOOSE BRILLIANTS, RUBIES, EMERALDS, SAPPHIRES, &c., to pick from at the current market value.

MARCKS & Co., Limited,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

HISTORY OF THE PARSIS

INCLUDING

THEIR MANNERS, CUSTOMS, RELIGION AND PRESENT POSITION.

BY

DOSABHAI FRAMJI KARAKA, C. S. I.

With coloured and other illustrations.

IN TWO VOLUMES.

PUBLISHED BY

MACMILLAN & Co., LONDON,

BOMBAY GAZETTE OFFICE BOMBAY.

Copies can be had at the
Bombay Gazette Office, Rampart-row.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED).

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR KURRACHEE *VIA* KATTYWAR COAST.

S.S. "PACHUMBA," 867 tons, on FRIDAY, 25th Feby., 1887, at noon, calling at Veraval Mangrole, Porebundor, and Kutch Mandvie.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S.S. "PURULIA," 1,554 tons, on MONDAY, 21st February on arrival of Outward English Mail calling at Karrachee, Gwadur, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bushire, Fao, and Busreh, in the forenoon or any order, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S.S. "ETHIOPIA," 2,032 tons, on WEDNESDAY, 23rd February, at 5 p.m., calling at 3rd Persian Gulf ports if required. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the undersigned.

FOR ADEN, ZANZIBAR AND MOZAMBIQUE.

THE S.S. "MECCA," 1,450 tons, on FRIDAY, the 25th February, at 5 p.m.

FOR LONDON *VIA* KURRACHEE.

S.S. "KANARA," 1,973 tons, on or about FRIDAY, 18th March, at 5 p.m.

s.s. HENZADA ..... 971 ... 15th April.
s.s. HUZARA ..... 2018 ... 13th May.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.

Bombay, February 18, 1887. Agents.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEER, &c.

NOTICE.

PHIPSON & Co. are now IMPORTING WINES from the LEADING CONTINENTAL HOUSES, from whom the CLUBS and MESSES obtain their Supplies, thus removing the difficulty so often experienced by Europeans in this country of obtaining thoroughly sound Wines at a moderate cost.

For list of Prices apply to

THE HEAD GODOWN-KEEPER,
6, Apollo Street, Bombay.

OCTOBER BREW.—YOUNGER & SON'S celebrated INDIA PALE ALE, in Hhds. full to bung. Rs. 60.

Special Rates for quantities, Messes and Contracts.

CUTLER, PALMER AND CO.

PRICE LIST of WINES, &c., ON SALE at the Godowns of the undersigned:—

CHAMPAGNE

	Per 1 dos. quarts.	Per 2 dos. pints.
Ernest Irroy's Carte d'Or	Rs. 55 0	Rs 53 0
Charles Heidsiek's Grand Vin Premium, White Seal, Dry	" 52 0	" 54 0
Heidsiek's Dry Monopole	" 58 0	" 60 0
Dry Elite Choix Champagne	" 46 0	" ...
First Quality Dry	" 38 0	" ...

From Messrs. DEUTZ AND GELDERMANN AY-EN-Champagne.

Goldlack, extra	Rs. 44 0	" 47 0

STILL HOCKS.

From J. M. FABERMANN, SOHN, MAYENCE.

Laubenheimer	Rs. 15 0	Rs. 18 0
Daidesheimer	" 16 0	" 19 0
Geisenheimer	" 17 0	" ...
Leibfrauenmilch	" 21 0	" 24 0
Steinwein	" 21 0	" ...
Hochheimer Berg	" 26 0	" 28 0
Itudesheimer	" 25 0	" 28 0
Marcobrunner	" 28 0	" 31 0

From OTTO PRUMS, MAYENCE.

Braunoberger	Rs. 15 0	Rs. 18 0
Liebfrauenmilch	" ...	" 21 0
Hermannsberger-Rosenberg	" 18 0	" 21 9
Josefshofer	" 26 0	" ...
Oberemmeler-Rosenberg	" 28 0	" 31 0
Steinberger	" 28 0	" 31 0
Scharzhofberger	" 34 0	" ...
Johannisberger	" 35 0	" 38 0

FRENCH WHITE WINES.
From A. DUPILLE, MACAU MEDOC.

Sauterne	Rs. 20 0	...

PORT WINES.
From J. W. BURMESTER, OPORTO.

Good Old Red Port	Rs. 19 0	...
Fine "	" 23 0	...
Very fine "	" 27 0	...
Most particular Preserved Old Red Port	" 38 0	...

CLARETS.

From Messrs. H. & C. BALARESQUE, BORDEAUX.

Chateau de Frands	Rs. 13 0	Rs. 15 0
St. Julien Medoc	" 14 0	...
Lee Canone	" 16 0	" 18 0
Chateau Grand Lebrun	" 18 0	...
Chateau Leoville	" 19 0	...
Chateau Le Roc St. Estephe	" 21 0	...
Chateau Lafitte	" 23 0	...
Chateau Mauvesin	" 27 0	...

From MUNNIER & FILS.

Haut Canon	Rs. 15 0	...
Ma aux Medoc	" 17 0	...
Cha eau Larose	" 22 0	...

From A. DUPILLE, MACAU MEDOC.

Listrac Medoc	Rs. 12 0	Rs. 23 0
Cru de Barreyre	" 16 0	...

From J. ROEMER & SOHN, WIEN.

Hungarian Claret	Rs. 17 0	...
Chateau Roemer	" 16 0	...

From FRANZ SCARVAY.

Carlowitzer	Rs. 12 0	" 14 0

From BRANDE BURG FRERES, BORDEAUX.

St. Julien, Star Label	Rs. 12 0	Rs. 14 0
" Red Bar	" 12 0	" 14 0
Chateau Larose	" 20 0	" 22 0

BRANDY.

H. Montroc and Co. * * *	Rs. 18 0	
F. Dessandier & Co.'s * Brandy	" 21 0	
Cognac, Fine Champagne Munzer-Red Hars	" 24 0	
Cognac, Gold labels, Gold capsules	" 26 0	
Cognac, Gold labels, Blue capsules	" 30 0	
Vieux Cognac fine Champagne	" 34 0	
Charles Lervoire very old Brandy ***	" 36 0	

BURGUNDY.
From A. DUPILLE, MACAU MEDOC.

Volnay	Rs. 21 0	
Chambertin	" 28	

WHISKY.

Thistle Blend Whisky **	Rs. 24 0	
" *	" 22 0	
Ben Cruachan's Blend *	" 20 0	

BEER.

	Per dos. qts	Per dos. pts.
St. Paull Beer	Rs.	Rs. 3 12
Bavarian Export Beer	" 6 0	" 3 8
Grimm's Pilsener Beer	" 5 4	" ...
Pilsener Beer	" 5 8	" 3 8
Romford Light Bitter Beer in Champagne bottles	" 5 4	" ...
Antons Dreher's Vienna Beer	" 6 0	" 4 0

SUNDRIES.

Vin Maraequa a case of 24 Bottles	Rs. 40 0	...
Finest Kummel	" 30 0	...
Finest Italian Vermouth	" 20 0	...
Swiss Cheese in tins from 1bs. 10 to 20	Rs. 0 11	per lb.
Best Swiss Honey in tins of 2 lbs.	" 2 4	per tin.

PRESERVED MEATS, SAUSAGES, VEGETABLES, &c.

		Rs. a.
Danish Butter, finest	per 1 lb. tin	1 4
Italian Butter, finest, extra quality	½ lb. tin at	0 9
	1 do.	1 0
	2 do.	1 12

From BUSH, BARNEWITZ & Co., WOLFENBUTTEL.

	Per Large Tin	Per Small Tin.
Asparagus	Rs. 2 8	Rs. ...
Celery	" ...	" 0 10
French Beans	" ...	" 0 10
Young Cut Beans	" ...	" 0 12
Young Peas I.	" ...	" 0 10
" II.	" ...	" 0 7
Peas for Soup	" ...	" 0 10
Young Carrots	" ...	" 0 10
Spinage in Water	" ...	" 1 8
Small Sausages	" ...	" 1 8
Smoked Sausages	" ...	" ...

TERMS—

Net cash, no discount.
No order for less than one original package of Wines Beer, &c. (Provisions excepted) will be executed.
Outstation orders should be accompanied by a remittance or reference for payment in Bombay.
Interest charged at the rate of Nine per cent. per annum on all accounts, after three months.

VOLKART BROTHERS,
Rampart Row

Bombay, Feb. 1, 1887.

BOMBAY FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, (Limited.)

CAPITAL Rs. 15,00,000.

INSURANCE against FIRE effected in any part of India on the most favourable terms. Special advantages offered to insurers in the Island or Bombay. Up-country agents wanted.

C. H. B. FORBES & Co.,
Secretaries and Managers, Bombay.

MERRYWEATHER & SONS.

FIRE ENGINES, Fire Escapes, Hoses, and appliances of all kinds for extinguishing Fires. Apply to

C. H. B. FORBES & CO.,
Agents, Bombay.

NOW READY.

THE INDIAN LIMITATION ACT, 1877.
AS AMENDED BY SUBSEQUENT ACTS.
With Commentaries and Notes of Cases decided up to the latest possible time before publication.
BY
M. H. STARLING, B.A., LL.B.,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW AND CLERK OF THE CROWN, HIGH COURT, BOMBAY.
Price Rs. 7, Packing and Postage Ans. 4.

ALSO ON SALE,
BY THE SAME AUTHOR,
INDIAN CRIMINAL LAW. FOURTH EDITION.
Price Rs. 12; Packing and Postage Ans. 12.
Apply to the SUPERINTENDENT Education Society's Press.

COTTON PRESS AND PREMISES FOR SALE AT TUTICORIN.

By order of the Executors of the late JOHN KEMP WELCH, Esq.

WILL be sold by Public Auction, at Tuticorin, on Thursday, 31st March next, at 11 A.M. (unless otherwise previously disposed of) the Cotton Press Premises at present occupied by HENRY KEMP WELCH, comprising Press, Finisher, Godowns, Offices, Engineer's Bungalow, Furniture Fittings, &c., complete. Everything in perfect working order and Boilers new last year. also an eight-roomed Bungalow on Beach Road with roomy compound and usual offices and the Furniture of same.

For further particulars apply to Messrs. BANGLAY and MORGAN, Madras, or to W. L. HILL, Tuticorin.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

HELMETS, HATS, CAPS.

NEW STOCK,
LATEST FASHIONS
IN SHAPES AND COLOURS.

	Rs. a.
Regulation Helmets, covered White Doe, Silk lined, light and pliable, very best quality	each 21 0
Do. do. White Drill on Felt, green lined	each 14 8
Ellwood's Patent Air Chamber Helmets, Double Felt, inside soft and yielding, light and comfortable, great protection from sun	each 16 0
Do. do. do. do. do.	" 16 0
smaller size for Ladies' wear	each 17 0
The "Tuson" Double Brim Air Chamber Helmets, Drab Felt, light and cool, excellent protection,	each 14 8
Ellwood's Universal Sun Hats, covered finest White Drill, green lined	each 14 0
Ellwood's Sikhar Hats, covered strong Brown Drill, the best Hat for district use	each 13 8
Andre's Double Teral Hats, new shapes, in Drab or Seal Brown Felt	each 17 and 17 8
Gent's Double Drab Teral Hats, good quality,	each 5 0
Felt Hates for Evening wear, all the newest shapes, extra light for India.	
Black Felt Hard Round Crown, medium brim,	each 5 0
Do. do. Square do. do. do.	each 5 8
Dark Brown do. Round Crown	each 5 0
Light Brown do. do. do.	each 5 0
Soft Tweed Hats, all new patterns and shapes,	each from 3 to 4 8
"Deerstalker" Travelling Caps in large variety,	each from Rs. 2 8 to 3 8
Lawn Tennis Hats, Belts, &c,	
Puggrees of all descriptions,	
Guilt Spikes and Chains for Military Helmets, &c., &c., &c.	
Uniform Cases, Helmet Cases, Trunks, Bags, and Portmanteau,	
Send for Illustrated Catalogue.	

TREACHER & CO., Limited,
HATTERS, HOSIERS, AND GLOVERS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

BEST TURKISH TOWELS.

38 by 18 in.	50 by 22 in.	50 by 23 in
Rs. 0 12	Rs. 1 0	Rs. 1 4

BATH TOWELS.

63 by 27 inch	56 by 40 inch
Rs. 2.	Rs. 3.

Brown and White Striped.
Brown Hard and White Soft.
44 by 19 in. Re. 1 8.

BATH BLANKET.
A great Luxury in the use of the Bath.
78 by 48 inches, Rs. 6 each.

WATSON AND Co.,
ESPLANADE HOTEL, BOMBAY.

FRAMJEE NOWROJEE,

No. 9, FORBES STREET,
OLDEST DEPOT
OF
INDIAN OILMANSTORES,
ESTABLISHED IN BOMBAY
FOR 50 YEARS.
AWARDED MEDALS
AT
THE LONDON EXHIBITION OF 1873,
AT
THE AMSTERDAM EXHIBITION OF 1883
AND
AT THE JUBILEE EXHIBITION OF MELBOURNE OF 1884-85.
DIPLOMAS AWARDED
AT THE MELBOURNE EXHIBITION OF 1883
AND
AT THE VIENNA EXHIBITION OF 1873.
Price List on Application.
LIBERAL DISCOUNT TO MESSES AND CLUBS.
NONE IS GENUINE UNLESS SIGNED BY ME.

LUND & BLOCKLEY,

CLOCK AND WATCH MANUFACTURERS
BY SPECIAL WARRANT
TO HER MAJESTY
QUEEN VICTORIA OF ENGLAND
AND
EMPRESS OF INDIA.

CLOCKS ..... from Rs. 10 to 10,000
WATCHES ..... " Rs. 10 to 10,000
JEWELLERY (Gold London made) various articles from Rs. 10 to 10,000
ELECTRO-PLATE (Best Sheffield) various articles from Rs. 5 to 1,000
TABLE CUTLERY, &c. &c.
ALL MARKED AT
LONDON CASH PRICES.

TERMS 10 PER CENT DISCOUNT
FOR READY MONEY.
ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUES
FREE ON APPLICATION.

LUND AND BLOCKLEY,

WATCH AND CLOCK MANUFACTURERS TO HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN-EMPRESS, THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, THE INDIAN STATE RAILWAYS, &c. &c., AND MAKERS OF THE BOMBAY UNIVERSITY TOWER CLOCK AND CHIMES.

MANUFACTORY	INDIAN BRANCHES,	AND AT
Little Pulteney Street, LONDON.	FORT, BOMBAY.	42 Pall Mal LONDON.

AND
EAST STREET POONA.

INDIAN ELECTRIC LIGHT COMPANY, Ld.

(Gramme and Jablochkoff Patents)

AUSTRALASIAN ELECTRIC LIGHT POWER AND STORAGE COMPANY, Ld.,

(Edison and Swan's Patents)

SPIECKER AND CO. ELECTRIC LIGHT CO., Ld.

WE have been appointed agents of the above Companies, which comprise all the chief systems of Electric Light and Power in use in Europe. Large stocks with latest improvements on hand and arriving constantly.

PRICES OF ALL MATERIAL HAVE BEEN CONSIDERABLY REDUCED.

F. FISCHER AND CO.,
Agents for India.

DAVEY, PAXMAN & Co. STANDARD IRON WORKS, STEAM ENGINES as supplied to Windsor Castle for H. M. the Queen, H. R. H. the Duke of Edinburgh, the Home and Colonial Governments, the Austrian, Italian, Spanish, Dutch, Swedish and other Governments.

The International, Fisheries, Healtheries, Colinderies, Exhibition Post Offices Lloyds, Board of Works &c., &c.

HIGHEST AWARDS—STOCKS ON HAND.

F. FISCHER & Co.,
Agents.

SHIPMAN KEROSINE ENGINE Co. Boston. These Steam Engines require no fuel but kerosine oil. Do not require the attendance of an Engineer. Can be seen at work at the *Bombay Gazette*. THE BEST ENGINE FOR INDIA. Stocks on hand.

F. FISCHER & Co.,
Agents for India.

STEAM ENGINES FOR SALE!

A BARGAIN

MARSHALL'S Portable, 12 H. P. Second-hand, in Perfect Condition

ROBEY'S 12 H. P. Semi-portable, new

F. FISCHER & Co.

CIE DES CRISTALLERIES DE BACCARAT.

THE Depot of this world-famed Company's Glass and Crystal Ware is now opened, and the Public is invited to visit an exhibition of CRYSTAL CHANDELIERS, TABLE AND ORNAMENTAL WARE, VASES, &c., ART PORCELAINS, REAL AND ZINC ARTISTIC BRONZE WARE, MIRRORS, &c., such as has never been seen in India.

ORDERS FROM DEALERS REGISTERED FREE OF COMMISSION, AT FABRIK PRICES.

F. FISCHER & Co.,
Agents for India.

Depot, New Buildings, Meadows Street.

PILSENER BEER—UNSURPASSED QUALITY.

Special price to introduce it largely.

QUARTS ..... Rs. 4-4 per doz.
PINTS ..... " 2-10 "
In quantities of not less than 1 case.

F. FISCHER & CO.

SUPPLIES FROM ENGLAND.

The descriptions of Goods are supplied at Co-operative Store prices for Cash by

HENRY S. KING & CO.,
65 CORNHILL, LONDON,
whose new illustrated
CASH PRICE LIST
will be sent post free on application or may be obtained from KING, KING & Co., Bombay, or MESSRS. MACKINNON & Co., Calcutta.

SHERRIES AND PORTS.

SHERRIES.

(GONZALEZ, BYASS & CO.'S)

	CASH. Per dozen. Rs. a.
YELLOW SEAL.—A light Spanish Wine of fair quality	16 0
EXTRA DRY PALE.—A light, natural, unblended Wine	20 0
PALE DINNER.—An excellent Wine for general use	23 0
VINO DE PASTO.—A good, genuine, Dinner Wine	26 0
SUPERIOR FINO.—Old, pure, delicate, dry	25 0
OLD DRY.—Very superior, soft and dry	28 0
GOLDEN.—A rich, nutty flavoured Dessert Wine	29 0
MANZANILLA.—Very dry and pale	30 0
SUPERIOR AMONTILLADO.—Very old and choice	39 0

PORTS.

(SANDEMAN'S)

	Quarts. Rs. a.	Pints. Rs. a.
SUPERIOR OLD PORT.—This, our well-known "Invalid's Port," so generally prescribed and recommended by the medical profession, is a superior dessert wine; tawny with age, of fine bouquet and character	34 0	18 8
FINE OLD PORT.—Of good body and flavour; it is a wholesome, nutritious wine, thoroughly matured previous to being bottled	27 0	14 8
OLD PORT.—A rich and fruity wine, of moderate price	19 0	...

Our present holdings of both Sherries and Ports are exceptionally good, and will bear favourable comparison with wines at a much higher price.

TREACHER & COMPANY, LD.,

WINE MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

PHILLIPS' PORT WINES.

SPANISH PORT.

Rich and Fruity, a good sound genuine wine.

Per dozen Qts., Rs. 17; 2 dozen Pts., Rs. 20.

INVALIDS' PORT WINE.

Our "Superior Old" is a rich generous Port. The finest Wine shipped, INVALUABLE FOR INVALIDS. Special attention is called to it.

Per dozen Qts., Rs. 34-0; 2 dozen Pts., Rs. 36-0.

DESSERT PORT.

This is a mature, full wine of splendid aroma and rich colour.

Per dozen Qts., Rs. 26; Per 2 dozen Pts. Rs. 28.

PHILLIPS & CO., LD., BOMBAY & POONA.

FINE OLD SCOTCH WHISKY.

THOMSON and TAYLOR'S blend of FINE OLD CAMPBELTON AND ISLAY rank amongst the finest of Whiskies imported into this country. It is a rich, mellow and soft Spirit, genuine and wholesome. A trial is solicited from all who appreciate

A REALLY GOOD SOUND WHISKY PEG.

Shipments arrive regularly direct from Scotland, so that Clubs and Messes can be promptly supplied. Price per dozen, Rs. 24; per bottle, Rs. 2, cash.

THOMSON AND TAYLOR,
35, ESPLANADE-ROAD, BOMBAY.

GREAT WESTERN HOTEL, FORT, BOMBAY.

SIR PHILIP GREY EGERTON.

LADY EGERTON and I have stayed in this Hotel for a week and were very satisfied with the attention and management.
22nd January, 1887.

This Hotel is I think the best in Bombay. The Manager and the Servants are very obliging and attentive.

28th November, 1886.

C. H. T. CROSTHWAITE,
Chief Commissioner, C. P.

COLONEL BADDOCK.

A Comfortable Hotel and the Manager always obliging. The new Rooms are cool and clean
10th November, 1886.

CHAMPAGNE.

JEAN SIBADEY'S "CARTE BLANCHE"

A Light Wine of good quality, and very moderately priced.

Per dozen quarts ..... Rs. 33 0 Cash, Rs. 36 0 Credit,
Per 2 dozen pints ..... " 36 0 " " 39 0 "

CUTLER, PALMER & CO.,

SOLE AGENTS,
BOMBAY.

BANJOS!

S. ROSE & CO.,

BOMBAY.

BANJOS WITH MACHINE HEADS.

	Rs. a.
Seven-stringed Banjo, with machine head, electro-plated hoop and fittings, in case (fretted)	75 0
Do. do. with polished oak hoop, and electro-plated rim and fittings, in case (fretted)	65 0
Do. do. with inlaid wooden hoop and handle, with brass fittings, in case	55 0
Do. do. with plated hoop and brass fittings, fretted	60 0
Do. do. with brass hoop and fittings, plain handle, in case (fretted)	55 0
Do. do. with brass hoop and fittings, in case (fretted)	50 0
Six-stringed Banjo, with machine head, walnut hoop and brass fittings, in case (fretted)	45 0

BANJOS WITH PEG HEADS.

Six-stringed Banjo with peg head, American pattern (Dobson's Patent), covered in at the back, in case (fretted)	75 0
Seven-stringed Banjo (ordinary shape), with rosewood hoop, and electro-plated fittings in case, (fretted)	50 0
Seven-stringed Banjo with rosewood hoop, and electro-plated fittings (fretted). Fitted with Wallis' patent screw pegs that will not slip, in case	75 0

CHEAP BANJOS, OF GOOD QUALITY, WITHOUT CASES.

Seven-stringed Banjo, peg head, brass hoop	20 0
Do. do. wood, hoop, American pattern	15 0
Six-stringed Banjo, peg head, brass hoop	18 0
Do. do. wood hoop, American pattern	15 0
Do. do. oak hoop	12 0
Do. do. inlaid	12 0
Five-stringed Banjo, with peg head, brass hoop	15 0
Do. do. inlaid	12 0

PICCOLO BANJOS.

Seven-stringed Banjo, plated hoop, machine head, in case complete	40 0
Do. do. with machine head and circular copper dome-shaped hoop, and brass fittings (Japanese model)	25 0
Six-stringed Piccolo Banjo, with peg head, rosewood hoop and handle, inlaid	12 0
Do. do. with brass hoop	10 0
Do. do. (parchment nailed on)	8 0

TAMBOURINES WITH SCREWED PARCHMENT HEADS.

4 inches in diameter		12 0
12	do.	9 0
11	do.	6 0
9	do. with tacked head	3 0
9	do. electro-plated metal hoop	12 0

ALL KINDS OF INSTRUMENTS
KEPT IN STOCK.
SEND FOR PRICE LIST, POST FREE.

BANJOS! S. ROSE & CO., BOMBAY.

CUTLER, PALMER & CO.'S COGNAC.

SHIPPED in five qualities, older and more mature than the generality of Brandies shipped to India.

Four Star and Three Star qualities are Fine Old Cognacs, needing no recommendation from us.

Two star quality is a most excellent Brandy, though comparatively new.

The quality we distinguish as "Monogram" brand is remarkably good at its price, suitable for admixture with Ærated Waters.

Four star...Rs. 40-0	Three star...Rs. 35-0.
Two star ... " 32-0.	One star ... " 29-0.

Monogram Rs. 26-0.

A parcel of sample bottles forwarded on receipt of Post Office Order.

The Brandies also in bulk and in Jars of two and four gallons.

CUTLER, PALMER & CO.,
BOMBAY.

McCABE'S WATCHES.

THE proper pride of the Proprietors of the late firm of JAS. McCABE & Co., of the Royal Exchange, London, in refusing tempting offers for their good-will when retiring from business, while striking a sympathetic chord of admiration throughout the East, has awakened a feeling of regret that so admirable and highly esteemed a class of watches should be no longer procurable. MARCKS & COMPANY, Limited, have been at considerable pains to reproduce by the Agency of McCabe's old hands some of the most popular styles of Watches which were formerly identified with Jas. McCabe's name, and which are identical in all respects, except of course, that they bear the name of MARCKS & Co., Limited, Bombay and Poona.

Gentlemen's size in heavy hunting case ..... cash Rs. 350
Ladies' do. do. do. ..... " " 310

MARCKS AND COMPANY, LD.,
BOMBAY.

FIRST CLASS CLOTHING!

OUR TAILORING DEPARTMENT is under the superintendence of experienced EUROPEAN CUTTERS, and perfect satisfaction is at all times guaranteed.

Our STOCK for this SEASON has again been personally selected by our Mr. Asquith from the best known WOOLLEN MANUFACTURERS in ENGLAND and SCOTLAND, and will be replenished by regular shipments of the NEWEST GOODS. A. L. & W. beg to draw attention to their

Specialities for Evening Dress Suits.
Do. do. Hot Weather Wear.
Do. do. The Homeward Bound.
Do. do. Garden Parties, Levées.
Do. do. Wedding Garments.
Do. do. Tennis, Boating, Cricketing, etc.
Do. do. The Hills and Cold Climates.
Do. do. Breeches, Riding Trousers, etc.
Do. do. Ulsters.

PATTERNS, CATALOGUE AND PRICES WILL BE FORWARDED ON APPLIC

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CONCERT.

ST. PETER'S BOYS' SCHOOL, MAZAGON.
SATURDAY, 19TH FEBRUARY, 9 P.M.
PROGRAMME.
PART I.

1 Part Song ..... Ever true ..... Hatton.
2 Duett ..... Wanderer's Night Song ..Rubinstein.
Mrs. C. E. and Mr. R. B. Nixon.
3 Baritone Solo..... London Bridge..... Molloy.
Mr. F. S. Punnett.
4 Pianoforte Solo. Invitation a la valse ..... Webers.
Mr. Hewlett.
5 Bass Solo..... The Roll Call ..... Pinsuti.
Mr. Bebditch.
6 Soprano Sold..... Who knows ....
Mrs. Dixon.
7 Part Song ..... A Spring Song ..... Pinsuti.
PART II.
8 Part Song ..... A Jubilee Ode ..... B. K. L. L.
9 Soprano Solo..... Anchored ..... M. Watson.
Mrs. Hewlett.
10 Tenor Solo ..... Love is bold ....
Mr. Dixon.
11 Pianoforte Solo. The Glory Rondo ..... Haydn.
Mr. Vining.
12 Duett ....
Mrs. and Mr. Dixon.
13 Soprano Solo .. Twickenham Ferry ..... T. Marzials.
Mrs. C. E. Nixon.
14 Bass Solo ..... The Jolly Jack ..... S. Adams.
Mr. Bebditch.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN!

ADMISSION EIGHT ANNAS.
Tickets obtainable at the
MISSION HOUSE, Mazagon.
Mrs. COUNSELL, Horsby Row, Fort,
And at the DOORS.

A CONCERT will be held on TUESDAY, the 22nd instant, at 8 p.m., (Madras Time) at the V. J. P. INSTITUTE, Parel, under the patronage of Gen. A. BARNETT, Esq., Agent, G. I. P., and of Mrs. BARNETT, in aid of St. MARY'S CHURCH CHOIR FUND.
Tickets (Re. 2 and 1) may be had at Messrs. SOUNDY & Co.'s or at the door.

GAIETY THEATRE.

TO-NIGHT, SATURDAY, 19TH FEB., 1887.
VICTORIA THEATRICAL COMPANY.
MR. K. N. KABRAJI'S NEW GUJERATI PLAY,
BHOLEE JAN,
Being a Parsee Adaptation of Boucicault's
COLLEEN BAWN.

THE SALE of JEWELS advertised in Darkhast No. 670 of 1881 and published in your issue, dated 26th December 1886, has been POSTPONED for the present. Fresh notice will be issued, when the date of sale is fixed.
JAYASATYABODHRAO TRIMALRAO,
First Class Subordinate Judge's Court, 14th
Belgaum, First Class Subordinate Judge's Court, 14th February, 1887.

WANTED
FOR the Karachi Municipality a couple of good DRAFTSMEN. Apply, with copies of Testimonials, to the Undersigned. Salary Rs. 30 to 50 per mensem.
J. STRACHAN, M.I.C.E.,
Engineer and Secretary, Karachi Municipality.
Mnnl. Engr. and Secy's Office, Karachi, 15th Feb. 1887.

WANTED
A THIRD ASSISTANT-MASTER in the RANGOON HIGH SCHOOL, competent to instruct pupils in the ordinary subjects prescribed for the Calcutta University Entrance Examination. Salary Rs. 150 rising to Rs. 250 by annual increments of Rs. 20. Applications, with testimonials of Certificates, will be received by the Undersigned up to the 31st March 1887.
A. J. WELLS,
Registrar, Educational Syndicate, Rangoon.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY COMPANY.
OLD IRON.

FOR SALE BY AUCTION, at the Stores Depôt, Parel, on FRIDAY the 25th instant, at 2 p.m., in convenient lots, about 1,600 tons of mixed wrot scrap iron consisting of shop cuttings from wrot iron rods, bars, plates and sheet, bolts, nuts, punchings, hoops, &c. Can be viewed on application at the Storekeeper's Office.
ALFRED KING,
Storekeeper.
Storekeeper's Office, Parel, 18th February 1887.

THE COLABA PRESS COMPANY, Limited.
NOTICE is hereby given that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 32, Elphinstone Circle, on SATURDAY the 26th day of February 1887, at 3.30 p.m., when the Agreement to be entered into between this Company and the Fort Press Company, Limited, and the New Apollo Press Company, Limited, for the joint working of their Presses will be submitted, for confirmation, also to pass a Resolution authorising the Directors to pay to the Company's old head clerk Mr. Bomanjee Muncherjee a gratuity for his services on his retirement.
By order of the Directors.
BENN ASHLEY & Co.,
Secretaries.
Bombay, 14th February 1887.

PARSEEISM AND ITS PLACE IN HISTORY
A LECTURE READ BY
PROFESSOR JAMES DARMESTETER
(in pamphlet form)
Reprinted from the *Bombay Gazette*.
Annas 2. Post free.
To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office.

NOTICE.
IN pursuance of Section 42, Act. 28th of 1865, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against the Estate of WILLIAM JAMES COLQUHOUN DUNBAR, formerly Deputy Conservator of Forests in the Bombay Presidency, who died at Marseilles in France on the 4th November 1885, should send in particulars of their claims to the undersigned at the Office of Messrs. SOUNDY & Co., on or before the 31st March 1887, after which date no claims will be admitted, and the Assets of the said Estate will be distributed.—Dated at Bombay this 18th day of February 1887.
C. J. GROOM,
Administrator to the above Estate.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.
VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen Defender of the Faith, Empress of India.
Petition for Probate of the Will of PERMANAND TULSIDAS, by Caste of Kapol Vania of Bombay Hindoo deceased.
AMARSI JUTHA TRIBHOWANDASS NARSIDASS (in the Will written, SET TRIBHOWANDASS NARSIDASS PARSI) and TRICUMRAI MANSUKRAM, the Executors named in the Will according to the Tenor thereof ..... Petitioners.
ALL PERSONS claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed Deceased are hereby cited to come and see the proceedings, if they think fit, before the grant of Probate.
Witness, Sir CHARLES SARGENT, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay, aforesaid, the 12th day of February, in the year of our Lord 1887, and in the 51 year of our Reign.
J. W. ORR,
Registrar.
L. N. BANAJI,
The 12th day of February 1887.
Messrs. PESTANJEE & RUSTIM,
Petitioners' Attorneles.
The Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

COOPER, MADON AND CO., Limited
BY APPOINTMENT TO H. H. THE GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY.
BOOKSELLERS, PUBLISHERS, STATIONERS, AND NEWS AGENTS.

NEW BOOKS.—NETT CASH.

	Rs. As.
Bovine Prescriber, Drawn up for the use of Veterinary Practioners and Students, J. B. and G. Greenwood	1 8
Totham and the Tothamites (New York and the New Yorkers)	1 8
Killed in the Open, by Mrs. E. Kennard	2 4
Our Radicals, by F. Burnaby	1 8
Studied in Religious History, by E. Renan	3 12
Making of New England, 1570-1643, by S. A. Drake	3 4
Pasture Grasses and Forage Plants, and their Seeds, Weeds and Parasites, by S. P. Preston.	1 0
Millionaire's Daughters, by J. A. Stewart	3 12
A Life's Idylls and Other Poems, by Hugh Conway	2 4
Money and Labour, by P. F. Tidman	1 0
Wedded Hands (Favourite Fiction Series)	1 4
Army Society, by J. S. Winter	1 4
Condemned Door, by F. Du Boisgobey	1 4
Schools and Scholars, by J. Runciman	1 4
Thieving Fingers, by Du Boisgobey	0 10
Lady Veronica's Niece, by Hon. Mrs. H. W. Chetwynd	0 10
Our Smoking Concert, by W. Sapte	0 10
How Jolly Life is! by Emile Zola, Illustrated ...	3 12
Love Episode, by Emile Zola, Illustrated	3 12
Rush for the Spoil, by Emile Zola	1 12
Therese Raquin, by Emile Zola	1 12
Imprisoned in a Spanish Convent ..... by E. C. Grenville Murray, Rs. 6-12 (cheap edition) ...	3 4
Hero of Our Time; by M. U. Lermontoff	3 4
Books and Book Men; by A. Lang	4 4
Seven Years among the Fjort, being an English trader's experiences in the Congo district; by R. E. Dennett	4 12
Practical Zoology; by Marshall and Hurst	6 12
Reigning Favourite; by Annie Thomas	2 4
Budget of Anecdotes; by G. Seton	2 4
Chilcotes, or Two Widows; by L. Keith	3 12
Aunt Rachel; by J. D. Christie Murray	3 12
Gleanings from a Tour in Palestine and the East; by C. D. Bell	3 4
London Sparrow at the Colinderies	0 10
Johnson (English Men of Letters)	0 10
Burglars in Paradise, by E. S Phelps	0 10
Christian Year (Cass. National Library) 4 as. and	0 6
Wanderings in South America (Cassell's National Library) 4 as. and	0 6
Macmillan's Colonial Library, each	1 8
About Money and other Papers; by the Author of "John Halifax Gentleman."	
Strange Adventures of a Phaeton; by W Black.	
Tom Brown's School Days; by an Old Boy.	
Dove in the Eagle's Nest; by C M Yonge.	
Essays in Criticism; by Matthew Arnold.	
House Divided Against Itself; by Mrs Oliphant.	
Our homely Comedy and Tragedy	2 2
"Com" and "Go" Family Text Book, by J Strathesk	3 4
Scotch Reciter; Edited by A H Miles	0 6
Bow Bells, Vol 45	3 4
Bow Bells Novelettes	3 4
Food Grains of India; by A H Church	3 12
Days of the Year, a Poetic Calendar; by A Austim	1 0
Haines' Travel Sketches (Bohn's Lib)	2 4
Ranke's Latin and Teutonic Nations (Bohn's Lib).	2 4
The Bow of Orange Ribbon; by Amelia E Barr.	2 4
Whitaker's Almanac, 1887	0 10
Druitt's Surgeon's Vade-Mecum, 12th Edition...	10 0
A Great Necessity; by E F Smith	2 4
A Freak of Fate; by E F Spence	3 12
Ranks and Badges in H. M's Army and Navy; by O L Perry by	3 12
The Unlucky Number; Sybil Colbert	3 12

COOPER, MADON and Co., Ld.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ST. STOP
Where are you going to spend your JUBILEE EVENINGS?
AT THE
ALFRED THEATRE
OF COURSE, TO SEE
PROFESSOR VOLPI'S
Four-legged Artists, Goats, Dogs, Bear, Monkeys and "MYSORA" the Baby Elephant.
ON 19th FEBRUARY 1887
TO DO HONOR to THE QUEEN-EMPRESS OF INDIA.
PRICES AS USUAL.

GAIETY THEATRE.

CROFTON AND FERRELL'S DRAMATIC COMPANY.
BY SPECIAL PERMISSION
UNDER THE PATRONAGE OF
H. R. H. THE DUKE OF CONNAUGHT.
TUESDAY, FEB. 22ND 1887,
PYGMALION AND GALATEA.
Plan at SOUNDY AND CO.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1; each succeeding line, As. 8. No trade advertisements are admitted under the scale.

THE WATERBURY WATCH,
PRICE RS. 8-8.
Silver-Nickeled case, keyless wind.—keeps time to a minute a month.

CHEAPEST TIME KEEPING WATCH—200,000 sold in Europe, in 12 months. Made in the Company's factory in America entirely by machinery. All the parts absolutely interchangeable.
PRICE RS. 8-8.

THE WATERBURY WATCH is not so likely to get out of order having less than one-half the parts of any other Watch. Handsome, Strong and Correct. The Watch for rough wear and hot climates.
PRICE RS. 8-8.

THE WATERBURY WATCH CO. guarantees that each Watch has been run in various positions for at least 10 days. A guarantee for one year is given with each watch.

THE COMPANY undertakes to repair their Watches at any time for a sum never greater than
ONE RUPEE.

THE WATERBURY WATCH
Free and Safe by Parcel Post in satin lined box.
PRICE RS. 8-12.
Free and safe by V. P. Post Rs. 8-14.

THE WATERBURY WATCH
Can be purchased of Messrs. SOUNDY & Co., Rampart Row. All communications and Watches for repair to be sent to the Waterbury Watch Co., Remington Building, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

CHAINS OF ALL PATTERNS
FOR THE
WATERBURY WATCH
From Re. 1 to Rs. 4.
Will wear equal to solid Silver and Gold. Impossible to detect. Will stand every test.

THE WATERBURY WATCH CO.
Agents wanted throughout the Country.
TERMS ON APPLICATION.

RECEIVED by the Mail a choice collection of Gent's Silk Umbrellas, also Ladies' Parasol, Plush and Leather Hand Bags and Plush Photo Frames. Prices cheap.—SHROFF BROTHERS.

WANTED, COMPETENT PRINTERS and ASSISTANTS in Photographic work. Apply to Messrs. P. VUCCINO & Co., Meadow Street, Fort.

DANCING SALOON at the JUBILEE FAIR is under the management of Mr. W. J. KSAI, of the Cooperative Stores, Limited. The LAST NIGHT.

DANCING SALOON, 60 by 40, at the JUBILEE FAIR. Only a limited number of Tickets available. Apply early to avoid crowding.

DANCING SALOON at the JUBILEE FAIR for this evening only. Refreshments on the premises, good music, good lights and comfortable chairs.

REFRESHMENT BAR at the JUBILEE FAIR. Wines, Spirits, Tea, Coffee, Ices, Sandwiches, Biscuits, Cheese, &c. CO-OPERATIVE STORES, Limited, W. J. ESSAI.

KNOWN to the poor and the rich, known to the old and the young that the VIENNA ICES are unrivalled and unequalled.

AVOID poisoning yourself; try our Wines and Spirits, and depend on them to be of the best quality. Licensed to sell at the bazaar and at the well-known house, VIENNA CONFECTIONERY.

TO QUENCH your thirst in the bazaar come to the VIENNA REFRESHMENT ROOM. Cold Drinks, Ices, Wines, Spirits, Cakes and Biscuits, &c., &c., of the best quality.

LOST one-quarter share, No. 3031, in the Burmah Trading Corporation, Limited. Reward of Rs. 5 to be given to whoever brings it to Dauglee Veerjee, Moldy Khaas.

RIPON HOTEL, MABLESHWAR, patronised by H. E. the Commander-in-Chief, next to new Sydenham and five minutes' walk to the Race Course and the Polo Ground.

WELL BRED Bay Arab, 14·2, 5 years, and Mail Phaeton to be seen at Crawford Market, North, from 7 to 8 in the morning. Apply to Mr. Howell, Grant Road. Turn-out Re. 700.

ART FURNITURE.—The Ratnagiri School of Industry undertakes art and high class furniture and timber work of all descriptions. For particulars apply to the SUPERINTENDENT.

AMERICAN ORGAN—By Mason and Hamlin, in thorough good Order and Condition, 9 Stops. Suitable for a small Church or Chapel. Price Rs. 250. Open to a reasonable offer. On view at J. NEUBERG'S, Meadow Street.

FOR SALE.—A pair of handsome BAY ARABS, sound, 4 and 5 years, 14·2 and 14·3, also Mail Phaeton and brass mounted harness, or Turn-out complete. Also a Bay Arab, very stylish and showy, good in double and single harness, believed sound; and Single Harness quite new. Apply to STEPHENS & SONS, M. R. C. V. S.

THE SINGER MANUFACTURING CO.'S SINGER'S SEWING MACHINES have won highest awards and thousands of testimonials from all parts of the world. 5, Church Gate Street, Bombay.

WILLS in four different forms. Annas 8 each.

QUADRILLE PARTIES and BALLS.—Excellent String Bands provided. Apply to SOUNDY & Co., Limited.

ROPES FOR SALE.—HARTON'S OILED COIR and MANILLA. Apply OWEN & OKELL, Apollo Street.

WANTED 36 Second-hand IRON PILLARS or POSTS, 12 feet long. Apply by letter to Mr. N. N. KHAREGOT, Trinity Lane, Bombay.

VARNISHES, White Lead, White Zinc Ground Paints, and Dry Colours. WILKINSON, HEYWOOD & CLARK, 1, Dean Lane.

JUBILEE ADDRESS CASKETS, with Music, very effective. A small consignment just unpacked, from its. 80. MARCKS & Co., Limited, Bombay.

BOMBAY GAZETTE DAILY, Rs. 48 for one year, 25 for 6 months, 13 for 3 months, Re. 6 per month, in advance; postage extra.

DEWJEE CANJEE & Co.—Teakwood and Blackwood Plain and Inlaid Furniture of English and Indian designs made to order. Chuckla, No. 6.

THE TENACIOUS.—Ladies' Black Canvas Lawn Tennis Shoes, just received a fresh consignment, Rs. 9-8.—Badham, Pile & Co., d. Bombay.

WANTED First Volume of the *Bombay Samachar*. Liberal price given for a complete set. Communicate with Enquirer, care of this Office.

VICTORIA and VICTORIA FAMILY HOTEL, No. 1, Esplanade, next to Gymkhana, and opposite to the Parade Ground. Nice, airy, comfortable rooms.

"PARASOLS"—A fresh lot just opened in the latest shapes, "Epsom," "Handkerchief," "Pagoda," etc. THE CASH BAZAAR, Limited, 22 Church Gate St.

CASTOR OIL, superior quality, supplied at lowest price by the Peeroo Manooel Oil Mills. Apply to GLADE & Co., Agents, 6, Hornby Row.

ONLY FEW COPIES LEFT of Guzerati Version of Col. Meadows Taylor's Tara (illustrated). Apply at *Dufter Ashkara* Press, or at the Booksellers.

MACLEAN'S GUIDE to BOMBAY and BOMBAY DIRECTORY for 1887. Price, Rs. 5; with postage, Rs. 5-4. To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office.

ALL WOOL TWEED SUITS, Stylishly cut and well made, from Rs. 14-4 to 25. S. H. Cook and Trousers. V. A. LACKA & Co., Tailors and General Outfitters, Fort, Bombay.

CLOCKS and TIMEPIECES for offices, travelling, hall, &c., from Rs. 5, 8, 10, 12, 15, 18, 20 and upwards.—KANNY & Co., Watch-makers, Jewellers, 6, Rampart Row.

FOR SALE, Portable Engines by Clayton and Shuttle worth; Horizontal and Vertical Engines, Boilers and Steam Hoists by Shanks and Sons, from 4 to 20 H.P. Richardson & Cruddas, Bombay Metal Mart.

ANGLO-INDIAN COLLEGE, Geneva, Switzerland For the training and education of boys from India. Principal now in Bombay. For interview, prospectuses &c., apply to KING, KING & Co., Bankers, Bombay.

JUST RECEIVED.—Scotch Mauds, Austrian Rugs, Railway Rugs, Red, White and Blue Witney Blankets, All of the very best quality and at most moderate prices.—JOHN MAHOMED & Co., 16, Meadow street.

LADIES' and GENTLEMEN'S HAIR-CUTTING SALOONS. Francis and Fucile, Court and Historical Hair Dressers, Perfumers and Theatrical Wig Makers, Esplanade Road, No. 26, Below Bombay Club and Meadow Street, No. 33, Bombay.

THE MODY PAREL IRON WORKS.—Castings and Fittings, iron, Brass, Copper, Phosphor Bronze and Gunmetal, Wood and Tin works, also other work executed. Orders registered at M. M. Mody & Co., Limited, Ship Chandlers, Hardware Contractors, Mills Engineers, Municipality, Railway and General Store Merchants and Iron Founders, 26, Apollo Street, Fort, or Parel Works.

PEARSE and CO. are removing to CHURCH GATE STREET, in the premises lately occupied by Mrs. LAKE.

SALES BY AUCTION.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & CO.
No. 4, FORBES & MEDOWS STREETS.

SALE OF STOCK-IN-TRADE JEWELLERY, FANCY GOODS, PERFUMERY, STATIONERY, MECHANICAL TOYS, SHOP FURNITURE, &c., &c.

THIS DAY, SATURDAY, the 19th instant, and on alternate days, at 1-30 p.m., Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON AND Co. will sell by Public Auction, at No. 27, Church Gate Street, Fort, by order of C. A. Turner, Esq., Official Assignee, H. C., and Assignee of the Estate and Effects of Zainulbhai Ahmedbhai Hora, lately carried on business as a general merchant under the name of Steward and Co. (an insolvent); the whole stock-in-trade of jewellery, shop furniture, &c., &c., constituting of jewellery, fancy goods, perfumery, stationery, mechanical toys, flower vases, table ornaments, albums, pictures, walking sticks, rugs, lamps, show cases, table chairs, writing materials, photo frames, cash boxes, antique canes, tea caddies, musical box, J. R. Coats K. stoves, stereoscope, table fitters, color boxes, &c., &c.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.
Bombay, February 19, 1887.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY'S
7, MARINE-STREET.

THIS DAY, SATURDAY, the 19th instant, sale commencing at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Company are instructed to sell by Public Auction at No. 16, Middle Colaba near the Post Office in the bungalow at present in the occupation of Rev. CHARLES GILDER the valuable and handsome French-polished blackwood and teakwood household furniture, plated ware, crockery and glassware, table ornaments, flower vases, table and hanging lamps, pictures, &c., the property of John Hennon Esq. The same comprises star-cut glassware, handsome dinner and breakfast service, plated cruetstand, bread-basket, teapot, spoons and forks, table candlesticks, table cutlery, water filter, French-polished blackwood and teakwood furniture, such as a set of oakwood dining tables, in four pieces, sideboard, whatnot, drawing-room, pier, side, card, writing dressing and washhand tables, conversation and reclining couches, round teapoys ornament and hatstand, chiffonier drawing room, easy, low, folding, straight and mallet pattern arm and without arm chairs, bookstand, black wood bedstead, chest of drawers, clothes press, dressing table with dressing glass, bath, bureau, overmantle, wardrobe with mirror case, glass doors, sofa couch, single screen, glass door, book case handsome flower vases, table ornaments, pictures, table and hanging lamps, Brussels and Cambay carpets, both dispensse and cookroom furniture, copper utensils &c.
The above is on view

SALE OF LANDED PROPERTY IN HAMALWADY STREET AT COLABA.

On SATURDAY, the 26th instant, at 4 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction on the premises by order of the mortgagee, Merally Sewjee Pateli, and on account and the risk of the mortgagor, Thucker Purshotum Mochjee, in pursuance of the power of sale given in the indenture of morigage, dated the 2nd day of November, 1886.
All that piece of Lasandari ground, together with the messuage or dwelling house standing thereon, situate without the Fort of Bombay, in Hamalwady street, in the registration sub-district of Bombay, registered in the books of the Assessor and Collector of Municipal rates and taxes under ward No. 6, street No. 49, 51 and 53, containing by admeasurement 65 square yards or thereabouts and bounded on the east by the house of Agree Rama Balaji, and on the west by the house of Trishna Setto Samjee, on the north by the house of Hajee Cassum, and on the south by the public passage.
For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to the undersigned.

WEEKLY AUCTION SALE.

On MONDAY next, the 21st instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms,
10 bales grey shirtings.
1 ,, ,, dhoties.
15 cases prints
5 bales buff and grey madapolams.
1 case coloured superfine cloth.
3 cases 120 doz boxes Napoleon Price and Co's original and genuine real old Brown Windsor soap in yellow packets.
3 cases 375 doz. Napoleon Price and Co's violet powder
1 mahogany cottage Pianoforte nearly new.
An invoice of iron bedsteads 3, 3½ and 5 feet wide.
270 cases each 10½ quarter tins sardines.
By order of the Administrator General the effects of the late Sorabjee Dadabhoy Kika, consisting of chest of drawers, chairs, wardrobe, bedsteads, copper and brass utensils, weaving apparel, silk sarees and garments and, &c.
AT 1 P.M.
1 second-hand serviceable brougham.
1 office shigram.
1 light buggy.
1 otto safety bycycle very little used.
And any other carriages and horses which may be offered.

CRAWFORD & CO.
Bombay, February 19, 1887.

BENNETT AND COMPANY,
No. 5, APOLLO STREET.

THIS DAY, SATURDAY, the 19th Instant, Messrs BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods.
AT 1-30 P.M.
1 handsome bay Australian mare, about 8 years old.
1 ,, strong English built mail phaeton just done up and a set of Brown English harness.
1 handsome strong English built victoria.
1 ,, strong second-hand office shigram.
1 ,, strong glass-fronted miniature brougham in very good order.
1 second-hand strong single-seated office brougham.
1 handsome fast-trotting grey Arab horse.

Under instructions from the Executors of the late Pestonjee Nowrojee Khansaheb with the consent of Pursotam Sivlal Messrs BENNETT and Co. will THIS DAY, SATURDAY, the 19th inst, at 4 p.m., sell by Public Auction on the premises the following landed property:—
All that piece or parcel of land or Vazandeo ground with the messuage, tenement or dwellin house, hereditaments and premises standing thereon, situate in Hamalwady Street, in the Island of Colaba, the sub-district of Fort, formerly as well as now in the occupation of Luximon Raloji Sowlee Vithaldass and others and which said ground is registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under No. 2 and which said dwelli g house is assessed by the Municipal Commissioner under No. 3 containing by admeasurement 111 square yards and 4·3 of a square yard or thereabouts and bounded as follows, that is to say, on the north by the house of Pallonjee Morgee, on the west by Hamalwady street, on the south by the house of Sorabjee Eduljee Tadiwalla, and on the north by the house of Tapidas Varajdas.
For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to Messrs. Little, Smith, Frere and Nicholson.

AUCTION SALE of OLD SCRAP IRON, &c., at the G. I. P. Railway Stores Depôt, Parel, near the R. B. and C. I. Railway Station on FRIDAY, the 25th inst. at 2 p.m. Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the abovementioned place. About 1,600 tons mixed wrought iron consisting of shop cuttings from wrought iron rods, bars, plates sheets, punchinghoops, &c., &c.

Auction Sale of very valuable landed Estate known as "Bambhoodra Estate," Kihim, near Alibaugh.
On SATURDAY, the 26th instant, at 4 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at their rooms by order of the present owner, the Bambhoodra Estate, Kihim, near Alibaugh. The property measures about 76.00 square yards more or less with 2,000 cocoanut trees, 100 mango and pummelow and a large number of casuarina trees. It is well wooded round and has four wells on the premises. There is also a pucka built bungalow close to the seaside, containing seven rooms, furnished throughout. A bullock dungy and a pair of Surat bullocks, five water bullocks, a large number of vinegar vats and a license for making vinegar, the whole of which will be sold in one lot to the highest bidder.
For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to the undersigned.

ON COMMISSION SALE.
1 field service tent, weighing 80 lbs.
BENNETT & CO.
Bombay, February 19, 1887.

SARSAPARILLA.
Wilkinson's Essence or Fluid Extract of
RED JAMAICA SARSAPARILLA
Is the ONLY PREPARATION RECOGNISED by the FACULTY as a WONDERFUL PURIFIER of the HUMAN BLOOD
It is not too much to say that those suffering from the effects of the YOAW, CLIMATES, HEAT, TORPID LIVER, DEBILITY, ATTENUATION of BODY ERUPTIONS, LASSITUDE, &c., will by taking this ESSENCE of RED JAMAICA SARSAPARILLA, soon find relief and ultimately a cure. It is asserted by those who take a little DAILY the system become less liable to attacks of illness.
"We cannot speak too highly of it."—*Lancet*.
"We recommend our *Red Jamaica Sarsaparilla*."—*Medical Review*.
"The only preparation for removing what may be called the Sequelæ of a mercurial course."—*Sir R. Martin*.
The late Lord Clyde, writing for a further supply of *Wilkinson's Sarsaparilla*, says, "I am never without it, for when feeling depressed or out of sorts from anxiety or fatigue, a dose or two anlivens me."
Your *Essence of Red Jamaica Sarsaparilla* cured me of a Torpid Liver after all other remedies failed."—*Earl of Aldborough*.
PREPARED ONLY BY
THOMAS WILKINSON (Member of the Pharmaceutical Society), 270 Regent St., London.
Sold in small, medium and large bottles.
CAUTION.—Many spurious, worthless, and injurious preparations are offered to the Public; see that both Bottle and Label have the Name and Address also Trade Mark W. in a diamond) at the bottom of the bottle.

WILKINSON'S
BRONCHIO-THORACIC LOZENGES.
AGENTS: TREACHER AND Co. KEMP AND Co. ROGERS AND Co. BOWEN AND Co., and PHILLIPS AND Co. Bombay, and all respectable Firms in India.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE
THE ORIGINAL and ONLY GENUINE.
ADVICE TO INVALIDS.—If you wish to obtain quiet, refreshing sleep, free from pain, and awake to the very echings of protracted disease invigorate the nervous media, and regulate the circulating systems of the body, you will provide yourself with that marvellous remedy discovered by Dr. J. Collis Browne (late Army Medical Staff), to which he gave the name of CHLORODYNE, and which is admitted by the profession to be the most wonderful and valuable remedy ever discovered.
CHLORODYNE is the best remedy known for Coughs, Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma.
CHLORODYNE acts like a charm in Diarrhœa, and is the only specific in Cholera and Dysentery.
CHLORODYNE effectually cuts short all attacks of Epilepsy, Hysteria, Palpitation, and Spasms.
CHLORODYNE is the only Sedative in Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Gout, Cancer, Toothache, Meningitis, &c.,
From Symes & Co., Pharmaceutical Chemists Medical Hall, Simla, January 6, 1880, to J. T. Davenport, 33, Great Russell-street, Bloomsbury, London. Dear Sir,—We embrace this opportunity of congratulating you upon having discovered one of the most valuable medicine. Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne, has earned for itself, not only in Hindostan, but all over the East. As a remedy of general utility, we stand in no question whether a better is imported into the country, and we shall be glad to hear of its finding a place in every Anglo-Indian home. The other brands, we are happy to say, are now relegated to the native bazaars, and judging from their sale, we fancy their opium there will be but evanescent. We could multiply notes of the extraordinary efficacy of Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne in Diarrhœa and Dysentery, Spasms, Cramps, Neuralgia, the Vomiting of Pregnancy, and as a general sedative, but its surprisingly controlling power. We have never used any other form of this medicine than Collis Browne's from a firm conviction that it is decidedly the best, and also from a sense of duty we owe to the profession and the public, as we are of opinion that the substitution of any other than Collis Browne's is a reprehensible breach of faith on the part of the CHEMIST TO PRESCRIBER AND PATIENT ALIKE. We are sir, faithfully yours, Symes & Co., Members of the Pharm. Society of Great Britain, His Excellency the Viceroy's chemists.
CAUTION.—Vice-Chancellor Sir W. ... was World stated that Dr. J. Collis Browne was ... and that, ... Act ... Chlorodyne was the secret of the ... Collis Browne has deliberately untrue, which he regretted to say, had been sworn to.—See "The Times," July 13, 1864.
Sold in bottles at 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., and 11s. each. None is genuine without the words "Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne" on the Government Stamp. Overwhelming medical testimony accompanies each bottle.
CAUTION.—Beware of Prussic acid compounds.
Sole Manufacturer—J. T. DAVENPORT, 33, Great Russell Street, Bloomsbury, London.

BANKS.

COMPTOIR D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.
HEAD OFFICE—PARIS.
SUBSCRIBED and PAID-UP CAPITAL £2,500,000
RESERVE FUND £500,000
LONDON BANKERS
BANK OF ENGLAND.
UNION BANK OF LONDON.
Messrs. C. J. HAMBRO & SON.
LONDON OFFICE—59, THREADNEEDLE STREET E. C.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept, but no interest allowed.
DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for fixed periods at rates to be obtained on application. No deposits received for less than thirty days.
LETTERS OF CREDIT payable at any of the chief commercial towns and cities of the world.
DIVIDENDS, &c., on Government Paper and other stocks received for customer without charge, if remitted through the Bank.
C. LOWELL, Manager.
Rampart Row, W.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.
HATTON COURT, THREADNEEDLE-STREET, LONDON.
INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.
PAID-UP CAPITAL—£800,000.
RESERVE FUND—£200,000.
INTEREST ALLOWED,
On CURRENT ACCOUNTS at 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balances.
On FIXED DEPOSITS for
12 months at 5 per cent. per annum.
For shorter periods at rates which can be ascertained on application.
All letters should be addressed, and remittances made payable, to THE CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.
JAMES WALLACE,
Agent.

NOTICES.

SUBMISSION OF TENDERS.

IT is hereby notified that the date for Submission of tenders for 600 tons CAST IRON PIPES for Waterworks, Residency Bazaars, Hyderabad, is POSTPONED till the 25th of March instead as before advertised.
G. M PRICHARD, Captain,
Secretary, L. F. Committee,
Residency Bazaars, Hyderabad.
Hyderabad Residency, 15th February 1887.

NOTICE.

WANTED immediately TWO OVERSEERS on Rs. 60 and 40 per mensem each with travelling allowance of One Rupee per diem subject to Code Rules. Security required for Rs. 500.
2. One DRAUGHTSMAN on salary of Rs. 50 per mensem.
Apply with Copies of Certificates,
G. W. ANDERSON,
District Engineer, Dr. Bd. Malabar,
Calicut, 2nd February, 1887.

BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

TENDERS are invited for the SUPPLY of LABOUR for LANDING CARGO at PRINCE'S DOCK from 1st April 1887. Forms of contract may be had on application to the Undersigned with whom Tenders must be lodged on or before 12 o'clock noon on 22nd February 1887.
By order of the Trustees.
G. MANSON,
Secretary.

THE IMPERIAL COTTON MILLS COMPANY, LD.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a DIVIDEND of Rs 25 per share, being at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum, for the half-year ending 31st December 1886, have been declared, and made payable at the Office of the Company on and after MONDAY, the 21st February 1887.
By order,
R. HYDE CHEETHAM & Co.,
Secretaries and Agents.
Bombay, 11th February 1887.

SWIFT & FARROW,
PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, AUDITORS, &c.
UNDERTAKE COLLECTION OF OUTSTANDING DEBTS.
No. 9, HUMMUM, STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

HILLGROVE HOTEL.
COONOOR—NILGIRIS.
VISITORS to COONOOR will find all the comforts of a home at this popular Hotel at moderate terms. Accommodation may be had in private or TABLE D'HOTE, apartments.
FOR TERMS, &c.,
Apply to the PROPRIETOR.

CAST IRON PIPES.

OFFERS are invited and will be received up to noon 22nd February 1887, AT A RATE PER TON, for a large quantity of Cast Iron Pipes of various dimensions, now underground, at the State Railway Stores Yard, Byculla.
Plan can be seen, and further particulars will be furnished, on application to
THO. WOOD, Port Storekeeper,
State Railway Department.
Bombay, 8th February 1887.

HOME AT TARDEO for old worn-out PENSIONED BRITISH SOLDIERS, their WIDOWS and CHILDREN, also for Widows and Children of European and Eurasians, who, being of Good Character, are in Destitute Circumstances. The only one of its kind in Bombay. Government Grant and Income insufficient.
Any information will be given, and Aid, however small, gratefully received by
Lieut.-Col. F. W. MAJOR,
Presidency Paymaster,
Honorary Secretary.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Firm of HAJEE MOLIDINA JOOSUB has been CLOSED from the December last 1885, and (by reason of the said Firm has been since carried on by HAJEE JAKARIA HAJEE MOLI

BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

THE DUKE AND DUCHESS OF CONNAUGHT AT THE CATHEDRAL HIGH SCHOOLS' DISTRIBUTION.

YESTERDAY the annual prize distribution to the Cathedral High Schools took place at the Town Hall in the presence of the presidency of their Royal Highnesses the Duke and Duchess of Connaught. The exterior of the hall was still decorated by the flags and drapery with which it had been specially adorned for the Jubilee celebration, and the interior was crowded by the relatives of the pupils and the supporters of the schools. The Commander-in-Chief was received by a guard of honour, furnished by the cadets of the school, and her Royal Highness was presented with a magnificent bouquet on entering the hall. Their Royal Highnesses were accompanied by Major and Mrs. Hannay and Captain Herbert. Among those present were the Lord Bishop of Bombay and Mrs. Mylne, Admiral Sir Frederick Richards, the Naval Commander-in-Chief, Lieut.-Colonel the Hon. L. H. Bayley, Commandant of the Bombay Rifle Volunteer Corps; Revs. A. Goldwyer Lewis, E. S. Hall, and G. H. Lewis, Captain Brown, Professor Hathornthwaite, and Mr. T. A. Savage, headmaster of the schools. The proceedings were somewhat curtailed in consequence of their Royal Highnesses having to attend an afternoon *purdah* party at Government House. The "Slasher's March," always a popular item in the programme, was admirably performed, and the awards were then handed to the pupils the prizes to the boys being given them by the Commander-in-Chief, who of course presided, whilst the girls had the gratification of receiving their volumes from the Duchess. The prizes gained in the athletic sports were included in the distribution.

The following report of the governing body prepared by the honorary secretary (Rev. A. Goldwyer Lewis) was taken as read :—

In presenting to the public their report for the year 1886, the governing body of the Cathedral High Schools feel great pleasure in being able to state that the schools continue to maintain a high standard of efficiency. This result is mainly due to the steady and active work of the excellent staff of masters and mistresses, whose services it is their good fortune to have secured. The number of names at present on the books of the boys school is 180, and the average monthly attendance during the year under report is 155·7 as against 153·5 for the year 1885, and 140·89 for the year 1884. The boarding department of the school has been much improved by the completion of the first floor of the east wing. A part of the new floor has been set apart as a dining room and another portion is to be used for the school library, and evening study of the boarders. The number of boarders is 40, and, inclusive of the headmaster, four masters reside in the school-house. There are at present 14 choral scholars & foundationers who are orphan sons of soldiers and who pay no fees under the terms of the grant made to the building fund by the trustees of the Cabul fund, and five pupils pay half fees. The usual weekly examinations have been conducted throughout the year by the headmaster and his staff of assistants. The Educational Inspector held no examination in the year under review, but the school was inspected by him in December, and the same grant as that earned by last year's examination was awarded, viz., Rs. 3,432. The preliminary examination was held in September, and the thanks of the governing body, and of the public are due to the gentlemen who so kindly conducted the examination. With reference to this examination, the governing body are conscious that it may fairly be expected of a school which aspires to a leading position in the presidency that it should not only be able to make a good actual show of passed in the Matriculation examination, but to claim that a very high percentage of the candidates should pass. From this point of view the performance of the school though far above the average has not been all that could be desired, eight candidates having been sent up of whom only four passed. But to secure satisfactory results in this respect the co-operation of parents is required in carrying out the rule that no pupil shall go up for Matriculation who has not passed in the preliminary examination. The governing body trust that they will not appeal in vain to the parents to turn this into an unwritten rule of the school and so to render it needless that it should be enforced as a matter of discipline. This year for example, all the boys who were recommended by preliminary examiners for presentation at the Matriculation examination passed this latter test successfully while all those whom the preliminary examiners declined to recommend were plucked. The four boys who passed the Matriculation Examination took good places in the general list, viz., 25 47 65 and 207 out of a total of 527 successful candidates. All these boys have entered college, attached to the Bombay University. It may be well to observe that one of the candidates presented for Matriculation being a Jew was unable to sit for a paper which was set on a Saturday, and, in spite of having done exceedingly well in all his other subjects, was consequently not passed by the University examiners. It is, however, satisfactory to be able to announce that this boy, Jacob Myers, has been awarded the Cotton scholarship, the examination for which has just been concluded. The thanks of the governing body are due to those who kindly conducted this examination. This school was examined in Scripture by Dr. Evans, the Diocesan Inspector and his report which is very favourable is appended. The Cathedral chaplains as usual were responsible for some portion of the religious instruction especially that given in the Church Catechism and in the New Testament. It is hoped that during the present year the school may be in a position to avail itself of the small capitation grant offered by Government for drawing, but the amount of the grant will certainly not cover the expense of providing the necessary teachers, and it is scarcely advisable to increase the school fees. The headmaster informs the governing body that the school staff is now complete and edicient, each standard having its own teacher, and the result of this arrangement is already apparent in the general improvement in the tone and discipline of the school. A balance sheet of the school funds is appended to this report from which it will be seen that the income is only just sufficient to meet the necessary expenditure even when checked by the most rigid economy. Since the issue of the last school report the accounts of the building fund have been made over to the governing body by the committee specially appointed to take charge of them at a public meeting held in the Town Hall under the presidency of His Excellency Sir Richard Temple on the 4th of April 1878. Mr. W. C. Hughes has kindly consented to act as honorary treasurer of this fund. It is understood that the governing body of the schools, in terms of the grants made by Government, to complete their contribution towards the cost of the erection of the boy's school by the 31st March 1888, roughly speaking Rs. 20,000 have still to be raised for this purpose. Sanguine hopes are however entertained that his Excellency the Governor-in-Council will consent to a plan far preferable in the interests of education, by which the existing building may be vacated, and both the boys school and the girls school housed in premises to be erected in quieter situations and in a style less ornate, architecturally, but better adapted to the needs of the school, more particularly of boarding school life. Now that the second floor of the east wing is ready for occupation it is hopeful that the school library may be opened. The governing body are under a real obligation to those ladies and gentlemen who added considerably to the library fund by giving a theatrical entertainment for its benefit, and the public are again reminded that gifts of suitable books will be highly acceptable. The strength of the cadet corps has somewhat decreased during the year, many of the cadets having been drafted into the adult companies and not a few having left the school; recruits are, however, coming in freely and it is hoped that the corps and the fife and drum band will shortly be in efficient a condition as they were last year. the cricketing season has been busy if not wholly successful. The first eleven played seven matches of which three were won and four lost; the second eleven played four matches of which two were won. No foreign football matches were played during the year. The annual athletic sports were held on the general parade ground on the 1st of February, and were again a pronounced success. A new feature was introduced by the arrangment of aquatic sports. The committee of the Back Bay Swimming Bath most kindly placed the bath at the disposal of the school for this purpose on the 15th of February. The headmaster Mr. Savage is anxious that the report should contain a hearty acknowledgment of his obligations to all his assistants for the loyal help which they have given him throughout the year. He also wishes it to be stated that the conduct of the boys has been good especially that of the boys in the upper standads. The number of names on the books of the girls' school is 125, of whom 19 are boarders. The same grant as that for 1885 has been awarded by the Director of Public Instruction, viz., Rs. 2,282. A reference to the annexed statement of accounts will show that the amount of fees received is Rs. 8,078-8-0 against Rs. 7,101-0-0 which is the amount of the boys school fees; this difference is to be accounted for by the fact that all the fees of the girls school both for boarders and day scholars are paid into the general fund, whereas in the case of the boarders in the boys' school only the tuition fees go to the general fund, the fees for board being paid direct to the headmaster. On the other hand it will be noticed that the total expenditure on the girls' school is Rs. 13,978-1-5 against that on the boys' school of Rs.10·325-11-8, here the large difference is due to the fact that Rs. 3,600. is paid annually as rent for the house occupied by the girls' school, while the boarding house expenses i.e., the board of the resident mistresses and boarders amounts to Rs. 3,586-12-5. The governing body are anxiously waiting for the reply of government to their petition before alluded to the hope that a girls' school as well as a boys' school may be provided. The large expenditure of school-funds on rent of premises will then be saved. The gentlemen who kindly took part in the preliminary examination of the boys' school also took part in that of the girls' school. The two girls who were recommended by the preliminary examiners for presentation at Matriculation passed. The results of the scripture examination conducted by the Rev.. Dr. Evans are appended and are highly satisfactory. Though the house rented for school purposes must always leave much to be desired, both as regards its position and arrangements, several improvements have been effected during the year, the most important of these being the addition of bath-rooms and dressing-rooms on the ground floor. There can be no question but that when a new schoolhouse is built, the number of pupils and the general efficiency of the school will be largely increased. The governing body regret to say that the valuable services of the sister-in-charge have been for a time lost to the school, but they look forward with pleasurable anticipation to her return from England in October with renewed health and vigour. During the absence of the sister-in-charge the boarders have been placed under the care of Miss Franklin, the mistress of the infants' department, who resides on the premises. The day-school being under the care and direction of Mrs. Bailey, the headmistress, while the sister superior and one of the sisters at the European General Hospital supervise the school generally. It issatisfactory to able to say that both the boarding department and the day school are progressing favourably under the managements of Mrs Baileyand Miss Franklin during the absence of the sister-in-charge, and sufficient praise cannot be given to those ladies and their staff of admirable assistants for the manner in which they have met the exigencies of this unexpected and difficult situation. The governing body in concluding their report wish to be allowed to express to their Royal Highnesses the Duke and Duchess of Connaught their hearty gratitude for the gracious interest in the schools which they have shown by consenting to preside on the occasion of the prize-giving, and they venture to assure them that their presence will long be remembered, and the value of all prizes received on this occasion be enhanced by the recollection that they were presented by Royal hands.

The Bishop of Bombay, in addressing the meeting, said :—

A great living orator had observed of the sympathy which ought to prevail between a speaker and the audience which he was addressing, that the thoughts to be expressed ought to rise from the audience to the speaker in drops and be returned by him in a shower. But he, the Bishop, felt of the sympathy which existed between himself and his auditors at that moment, that their thoughts ought to rise to him in a shower and be returned upon them like a deluge; for the pleasant task which he had to discharge was that of expressing their gratitude for the gracious presence of the Duke and Duchess of Connaught for so kindly coming among them that afternoon to gladden the hearts of the school children and their friends. It had been his good fortune about a fortnight ago, to follow in the wake of their Royal Highnesses in their flying visit to Kattyawar, and there he found that a visit of but two days had left the province in a perfect *furore* of loyalty, Chiefs vieing with Politicals, and Europeans with Natives, who should express in the most glowing language the pleasure which that visit had given them. Here in Bombay, people were sometimes tempted to wish that the duties of the Commander-in-Chief were less arduous, that it might be possible for H.R.H. to spend more of his time in the city. For his own part, the Bishop felt thankful that they had a Commander-in-Chief who had such a conception of his position as to feel that he conferred the greatest favour on the city, when he laboured to make the Army of the Presidency reflect glory on it and on the Crown. (Applause.) But if Bombay saw less of H.R.H. than our loyalty could wish was the case, at any rate, it added fresh zest to the pleasure with which we welcomed him this evening, to remember that this was the first occasion that he had appeared in Bombay in public since he assumed the command of the Army. (Applause.) The Bishop begged permission of their Royal Highnesses to enlarge for a minute more on his pleasant theme. For the very delicacy of the manner in which such kindnesses as these were bestowed, might, he believed, make it possible for people to forget at what a cost they might be conferred sometimes; what a sacrifice of leisure, of privacy, of convenience they might sometimes entail upon great personages. As an American humourist has said, "there is a deal of human nature in a man," and so he feared it must be inevitable, even when the man was a Prince, that he should be tempted to feel, now and then, that the occasions when his presence was requested might possibly have been got over more without his leisure being trespassed upon so frequently. And so they must all feel that it was something more than a pleasure which was conferred on an occasion like this; they must all go away that afternoon, having learnt something of what it was to find such happiness in the conferring of happiness as to make light of any sacrifice of convenience which might be the cost of giving pleasure to others. In the name of the children and of their friends, he begged then to express to their Royal Highnesses their gratitude for the favour of their presence. (Renewed applause.)

Three cheers having been given for their Royal Highnesses, the Commander-in-Chief rose and said :—

My Lord Bishop, Ladies and Gentlemen,—Both the Duchess and myself feel ourselves under a deep obligation to you for having so kindly asked us to take so prominent a part in the very interesting ceremony for which we have assembled here to-day. Owing to my military duties my presence at headquarters at Poona was necessary on the occasion of the Thanksgiving Service two days ago. I am therefore all the greater pleased on this occasion, coming so near as it does to the great Jubilee that we have been celebrating, that I have been able to be present unfortunately in the Cathedral but amongst those scholars who owe so much to the Bishop and Clergy of their Cathedral. It is a great satisfaction to both of us to have been able by our presence here to-day to show you here how friendly an interest we take in those who are growing up and who are studying hard to fit themselves for the difficulties of life that will surround them. I am very glad to know, though I am doubtful whether I ought to refer to the report before it has been read (laughter), how very satisfactory the past year's working of the School has been, and I congratulate the scholars, both the girls and the boys, on the successful results that have attended their examinations. We, all know, especially those of us who have grown up what a tough job it used to be to get over our Government lessons, and I am afraid we must confess how little we liked them; but I am sure that when you look back to the days when you worked at your lessons and strove hard though you have felt little inclined to work, you boys and girls will never forget how great have been the advantages of the exertions which you were called upon to make. (Cheers.) In the present day education plays so important a part in our life and in our future careers that if we waste our time as children, it will be difficult indeed when we grow older, to make up for the time we have lost. I am certain that the education which you get here, and all that you are being taught by those in whose charge you are, will always tend to your being able to battle with life more easily hereafter. I am very grateful to you, my Lord Bishop, for the very kind and flattering manner in which you have referred to our presence here to-day. It is indeed a pleasing fact, that my first public duty as Commander-in-Chief should have been one of so peaceful a nature as the one for which we are assembled here to-day. (Cheers.) It is a most satisfactory thing to hear that within the last two or three years the school has made such great strides, and that you are enabled to ensure larger grants. I only wish that the exertions which you are all making, and which seem to be productive of such excellent results will be attended with increasing prosperity year by year, and that, instead of 180 boys and 130 girls which I believe you have now, we shall in a few years' time hear of your having double that number. There is one thing which I am sure, all here present will feel, whether they belong to our own church or not; and that is that our own church of England has done its utmost to promote the great principles of kindness and of charity by admitting, amongst the boys and girls who are studying here, those belonging to other churches. We see them willingly at our schools, and we hope they will equally profit by the instruction that is given them. It would not be right for me to take up your time too much, but I am sure that I may speak not only for myself but for the large number of ladies and gentlemen that have come here to-day in saying that, I think we enjoy as much the pleasure of seeing these successful scholars receive their prizes this day as we hope the scholars enjoy in accepting them. (Cheers.) I thank you in both our names for the reception you have given us this day, and I again assure you of the great satisfaction it has given us to have been present and to take part in the interesting ceremony of this afternoon. (Loud cheers.)

The National Anthem having been played by the school band, their Royal Highnesses left the Town Hall amid cheering again and again renewed.

LIST OF RESIDENTS.

GREAT WESTERN HOTEL, BOMBAY.

Prince and Princess Lubomiski, Baroda
Sir Lepel Griffin, Indore
Major and Mrs Kingscote, Indore
Captain and Mrs Quentin, Indore
Surg-Major Caldecott, Indore
Col and Mrs Sartorius, VC, England
Count A Mossey Bisllo, Europa
Mr T London, Calcutta
*Miss Ama M Condit, England
*Miss Emily M Foote, England
*Capt W S Chase, VC, England
*Capt Menzies, Poona
Mr A S Schilsinger
*Genl and Mrs Warren
*Mr and Mrs A Hullah, Poona
*Mr and Mrs T Hipturn, Poona
Mr E Shadbolt
*Mrs Charles Farrant, Kamptee
Lieut Powell
*Mrs Sim
Mr and Mrs Cotton, England
*Miss Gillibrand, England
Capt and Mrs Ternon, England
Mr T Grieg, England
*Mr J G Stumoch, England
*Mr Russell, England
Col Bridges, England
*Mr R C Williams, England
*Mr Langford Cox, England
Mr and Mrs J J Jones, Ajmere
Mr and Mrs Montolair, Jelgaum
Mr W T Owen, Poona
Mr Charles A Hudson, Poona
Major Money
*Mr and Mrs Attwood, England
*Mr Langford Whitehouse, Poona
Mrs Larpent, Poona
Surg-Major M Keeper
Mr B Robertson, CS, Surat
Mr R C Lees
Mr H Priest, Colombo
Mr W H Moss
Mr F Orval
Major and Mrs Carter, RE, Calcutta
*Mr and Mrs Moscardi, CS, England
Mr F Cook, Messrs Cook and Son
*Mr F Saunders, Messrs Cook and Son
Mr Boggs, Bombay
*Mr S S Solomon, Bombay
Mr J Sanders Slater, London
Col S Penny, RA, Bombay
Mr J Hemming, Solicitor, Bombay
Mr H Schuur, Bombay
*Mr C H T Brown, Bombay
Mr Reid
Mr and Mrs Murray, Matheran
Mr J Hardeck, Bombay
Mr Thos Wilson, Bombay
Mrs Hayes, Bombay
Mr Bacharach, Bombay
Baron de Gunsburg, Bombay
Mr John Bristed, Bombay
Mr D Rae, Bombay
Mr Thos Duncan, Bar-at-Law, Bombay
The Hon Kazi Sahabudin CIE, Boona
Mr Motilla and Brother, Ahmedabad.
Mr Mark Wadia, Bombay
Mr R G Webb, Bombay
*Mr H Porter
Mr Fernie, Bombay
Mr D Burne, Bank of Bengal, Bombay
Mr S Roohusson, England
Mr E Wilkin, Solicitor, Bombay
*Col Collett, Calcutta
Col Ducat
Mr T M Filgate, Inspr-Genl of Registration and Stamps
Mr C Schmid, Bombay
Col and Mrs Davison, 3rd Dragoon Guards, Matheran

Residents left during the week marked (*) thus.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Bombay Races, Mahalakshmi, 4 p.m.
Jubilee School Feast, Oval.
Parochial Concert, Mazagon.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived yesterday :—Nurjehan (s), from Calcutta; Malwa (s), Shanghai; Clan Graham (s), Glasgow; Purulia (s), Busreh; and Koorata Roodrin (barque), Penang.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed yesterday :—Satara (s), for Coast and Karachi; Chanda (s), Coast and Calcutta; Athacraig (s), Antwerp; and Siam (s), Trieste, &c.

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.—The decrease in goods traffic on the B. B. & C. I. Railway for the week ending 29th January 1887, was 172,435 maunds, and in money Rs. 27,096.

A DISHONEST SERVANT.—Doolia Bapoo, a labourer in the service of the Bombay Municipality, attached to the Bombay Water-Works Department, was yesterday convicted by Mr. Dosabhoy Framjee of stealing an iron grow-bar, valued Rs. 1., the property of the Bombay Municipality. He was sentenced to one month's rigorous imprisonment.

THE COOMLA MILLS.—The directors of the Coorla Company, of which the firm of Messrs. B. & A. Hormarjee are the agents, have declared a dividend at the rate of Rs. 30 per share for the last half-year, after carrying forward Rs. 13,000, for the depreciation of machinery, and Rs. 5,000 to strengthen the reserve. They set apart Rs. 13,000 for depreciation, and Rs. 10,000 for the reserve, during the first half of the year. The directors have also decided to add 6,000 new spindles to the existing number of spindles.

A SON] ROBBING HIS FATHER.—Alfred Savage, an Eurasian, was yesterday convicted by Mr. Dosabhoy Framjee of stealing a currency note for Rs. 10 from the pocket of John Edward Savage, his father, on the 15th inst., while he was lying asleep in a dhurrumsala at Falkland Road. The accused, who is a disreputable character, on finding his father asleep with the money in his pocket, abstracted the note for Rs. 10, which was observed by a woman named Mary O'Brien. The accused pleaded guilty to the charge, and also admitted three previous convictions. He was sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment.

ELPHINSTONE COLLEGE JUBILEE SOCIAL GATHERING.—The gathering of Elphinstonians for the celebration of the Jubilee will now be held at the Elphinstone College on Monday, the 21st instant, at 4 p. m., and not on Saturday, the 19th instant, as notified before. Professors have kindly consented to be present. Refreshments will be provided. The minimum subscription is one rupee. Elphinstonians desirous of attending are requested to send in their names with subscriptions to Mr. A. G. Masand, the honorary secretary, at the Elphinstone College, before Saturday evening.

GAIETY THEATRE.

THE Victoria Theatrical Company, which paid a flying visit to England some time ago, and played at the Gaiety and Opera Comique in London, have produced quite a novelty in native drama on the boards of our local "Gaiety" by reproducing a Parsee version of Boucicault's celebrated Irish play of "Colleen Bawn" in the Gujarati language. The play was performed, for the first time, last Saturday night, under the distinguished patronage of Sir Jamsetji Jeejeebhoy, Bart., and before a crowded and overflowing audience; and the remarkable success with which the whole play was gone through, and the enthusiastic reception it had from the audience, showed conclusively that, however strange or incongruous a Parsee adaptation of an Irish drama may appear at the first sight, in reality Boucicault's drama, with its thrilling incidents and sensational plot, is as easy of fitting itself to Parsee life and character as to those in the original. This novel and unique representation is mounted on the stage with great labour and expense, and the scenic effects, including an exact representation of the Hope Bridge at Surat, where the scene is laid, were much admired. The adaptation is composed by Mr. Kaikhosro N. Kabraji. The play is to be repeated to-night and every successive Saturday.

INSOLVENT DEBTORS' COURT.

AT a sitting of the Court yesterday, the following among other matters were heard before the Hon. Mr. Justice Bayley :—

RE RUNCHORLAL CHUNILAL AND OTHERS.—Mr. Manker, for the insolvents, applied for an interim order but as two of the insolvents had not yet made the required declaration, the matter was adjourned till the next Court day.

RE JANARDHUN DAMODHUR AND ANOTHER.—Mr. Kothare, on behalf of the insolvent, moved for the usual rule nisi for a discharge, which was granted.

RE RAHIMATBAI WIDOW.—Mr. Manker, for the insolvent, applied for an interim order, which was granted.

DISCHARGES.—The undermentioned insolvents were granted discharges :—Wasudeo Krishna Sevoy, Rs. 1,040. Manjee Dhunjee Thucker, Rs. 19,715. Hari Dhurmajee, Rs. 255. Achratlal Dayram, Rs. 5,087. Matoo Khoja Kassi, Rs. 1,187. Perosha Sorabjee Daroovalla, Rs. 762. Moreshwar Ramchunder, Rs. 340. Edwin Charles Dessimir, Rs. 1,194. Vijbhoocundas Lalloobhoy, Rs. 10,847. Manoel Maria de Souza, Rs. 406. Rabool Danjee Thackee, Rs. 626. Sorabjee Nasserwanjee Patiha, Rs. 1,747. John Francis Mendonca, Rs. 897. Pestonjee Eduljee Dobash, Rs. 3,675. Shapoorjee Dhunjeebhoy Lakdawalla, Rs. 332. Mahomed bin Arab Bharocha, Rs. 4,698. Eduljee Hormasjee Vayaid, Rs. 549. Munchersha Nowrojee Mehta, Rs. 1,713. Muncherjee Dorabjee Bheesania, Rs. 273. Goolam Hoosein Abdoola Shaik; Ludha Iderjee Thacker and others; and Shivram Ramjee and others.

SIR MANGALDAS NATHUBHOY GIRLS' SCHOOL.

THE annual distribution of prizes to the pupils of the Sir Mangaldas Nathubhoy girl's school took place on Thursday, at Javor Baug, on the occasion of the Jubilee of her Majesty the Queen-Empress. A large number of gentlemen interested in the welfare of the institution were present, amongst whom were :—Pandit Gutulalji Maharaj, who presided, Messrs Lakhmidas Khimji, Tribhowandas M. Nathubhoy, Vishukundas Atmaram, Manmohanam Surajpram, Ramchandra Tatyaji Gokhle, Messrs Sewlal Motilal, Jamnadas Gigabhoy, Mulji B. Barbhaiya, Dutpatram P. Khukhar, I. S. Desai, Chaganlal Hiralal, Deputy Educational Inspector, Mangaldas Tapidas Nagindas Vithaldas Marphatra P. S. Vyas and several others. The girls of the school, seated in rows with joyous faces and dressed in their choicest attire, presented a most delightful and picturesque appearance. They seemed fully to realize the importance of the occasion, when their industry during the past year was to be publicly rewarded.

After Pandit Gatulalji had taken the chair, Mr. Parshotamdas M. Nathubhoy, secretary to the managing committee of the school, addressed the meeting as follows :—Pandit Gatulalji and Gentlemen,—We have met here to-day on the occasion of the Jubilee of the reign of her Most Gracious Majesty the Queen-Empress, and the managing committee of the school have chosen this auspicious occasion for the distribution of prizes to its pupils. You are all fully aware of the manifold advantages we enjoy under her benign and peaceful reign, and one of the greatest advantages that all India has reaped is the advancement of education in every branch, and for which we feel extremely grateful to our Sovereign. Schools and College, for the education of girls have been established, and every effort has been made to impart useful knowledge by providing the necessary means and placing them within the reach of the humblest of her Majesty's subjects in former times in India, both males and females were well educated, but owing to the devastation of the rule of the Hindu kings, a state of utter ignorance prevailed, from which all have been now emancipated. Our ladies are again engaged in deriving the benefits of education. Schools after schools have been established for the education of girls, and you, gentlemen, will be pleased to know that a Hindu lady, Bachubai Parmanandas appeared at the Matriculation examination, which shows how rapidly the education of females in the Hindu community has been progressing, and for all this spread of female education we are indebted to our august Ruler, under whose prestige and on the occasion of whose Jubilee, we have met to-day to distribute prizes to the pupils of the school. I am very glad to inform you that the number of pupils in the school has increased from 80 in 1886 to 101 in 1887, and this fact shows that there is a steady improvement in the education imparted in the institution. Moreover, the examiners appointed, namely, I. S. Desai, R. V. Dave, B. A., Bhajanlal Thakurdas, B. A., have reported very favorably on the progress of the pupils of the first class, and I beg to express to them, on behalf of the committee, our best thanks. Finally, I have to request our chairman to distribute the prizes to the pupils after they have recited some verses.

The pupils then recited and sang several verses composed in honor of the Jubilee, after which Pandit Petulalji distributed the prizes and addressed the meeting. In the course of his address, he dwelt upon the importance of female education, and illustrated its necessity by citing various examples from the ancient Shastras. He further expressed his satisfaction at the progress of the school, and mentioned the advantages which all have derived in education, &c. under the benign rule of her Majesty. Mr. D. P. Khuker, in proposing thanks to the chairman, delivered a suitable address. Bai Krishnabai Tribhuvandas Mangaldas, on behalf of the pupils, put a garland round the neck of Pandit Gatulalji; and nosegays having been distributed, the proceedings terminated.

ADDITIONAL PASSENGERS BY THE HOMEWARD MAIL.

THE P. and O. Co.'s s.s, Siam, Captain W. D. Worcester, sailed yesterday for London, with the Europe mail and the following additional passengers :—

FOR SUEZ.—Mr. and Mrs. Cordova an child and Mr. Danu.

ALL those who appreciate Lily White Teeth purity of the Mouth, and a Breath of Flowers should use KEMP & Co.'s FLORAL MOUTH ELIXIR, which is both a perfect dentifrice and at the same time a delicious Mouth-Wash. Per bottle, Rs. 1-4 and Rs. 2-8.

CALENDAR—FEBRUARY, 1887.

PHASE OF THE MOON.

New Moon ..... Feb. 2rd. 2h. 31·5m. a.m.

Days.	Engagements, &c	Sun-rise.	Sun Set.	High Water.	Low Water.
		H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.
Sat. 19	Bombay Races, Mahalakshmi, 4 p.m. Fort Presidio, Meeting, 4 p.m. Jubilee School Feast, Oval. Parochial Concert, Mazagon.	6 2	6 0	9 7m 10 9a	3 32m 3 30a
Sun. 20	Quinquagesima Sunday. Departure of Duke of Connaught for Aden, per s.s. Lawrence.	6 27	6 1	10 0m 10 47a	4 25m 4 5a
Mon. 21	Bombay Yacht Club Regatta. Social Gathering, Elphinstone College for the Jubilee, 4 p.m.	6 27	6 1	10 42m 11 19a	5 0m 4 42a
Tu. 22	Shrove Tuesday. Bombay Races. New Apollo Press Co., Meeting, 3-30 p.m. Back Bay Baths Co., Bathhouse, 5-30 p.m. Concert G. I. P. Ry. Institute, Parel, 9 p.m. English mail expected per s.s. Assam.*	6 26	6 2	11 21m 11 48a	5 30m 5 15a
Wed. 23	Ash Wednesday. Town Council, 4 p.m. Anthropological Society, Annual Meeting, 5-30 p.m.	6 25	6 2	11 56m ——	5 58m 5 46a
Thr. 24	Bombay Races, Annual General Meeting Western India Turf Club, Adelphi Hotel, 3-30 p.m. Sassoon Mechanics' Institute: Mr Justice Jardine's Lecture on Kathiawar.	6 25	6 2	0 16m 0 27a	6 22m 6 14a
Fri. 25	Departure of English mail per s.s. Malwa.	6 24	6 3	0 43m 0 56a	6 45m 6 38a

* Left Aden 9 a.m., on Wednesday, 16th instant.

MILITARY PUNISHMENTS.

VERY important instructions, with effect from the 1st January, have been issued from the Horse Guards upon the subject of military punishments. They consist of alterations in the Queen's Regulations and a memorandum in which His Royal Highness the Field Marshal Commanding-in-Chief expresses his views as to the spirit and manner in which these alterations should be carried out by commanding officers and courts-martial. The changes are two. In the first, commanding officers of regiments are empowered and directed to dispose summarily of many offences which are now usually tried by court-martial. In the second, courts-martial are enjoined to make a considerable reduction in the severity of the sentences now customarily passed. Upon the first point—the extention of the discretion of the commanding officer in dealing with certain offences—the following are the paragraphs of more general importance :—

In His Royal Highness's opinion these offences may, as a general rule, be fitly disposed of without trial in the case of young soldiers, or when the attendant circumstances do not show a contumacious spirit, or a settled purpose to resist authority.

There ought to be few cases in which it is necessary to try by court-martial soldiers of less than one year's service, except for offences connected with desertion, fraudulent or improper enlistment, gross insubordination, or disgraceful conduct.

Ignorance, thoughtlessness, temper, inexperience of the restraints of discipline, provocation real or fancied, or indulgence in liquor, may betray a young soldier into the commission of an offence, which, though technically serious, is in effect trivial.

In such cases the power of summary punishment possessed by a commanding officer should, in His Royal Highness's opinion, be ordinarily sufficient to prevent a recurrence of crime injurious to discipline; and the more severe penalties resulting from a trial by court-martial should be sought only when the exercise of the commanding officer's powers appears to prove inadequate as a deterrent.

In this sense His Royal Highness would enjoin upon commanding officers the advisability of summarily dealing with young soldiers for such offences as insubordinate language, neglects, absence, irregularities, and minor disobedience, and even those of a more serious kind, in ordinary circumstances not marked by deliberation or a determined spirit of insubordination. His Royal Highness takes this opportunity of again impressing upon commanding officers that their duties towards young soldiers are very responsible. They should see that they are gradually instructed and initiated into the new habits of life which are consequent on their voluntary selection as military servants, until they learn to control themselves and become amenable to discipline. It is generally the case that a young soldier who has escaped trial during the earlier part of his career will afterwards do his best to avoid the disgrace of being brought before a court-martial; a commanding officer should, therefore, impress upon officers commanding troops and companies, and all others under him, that every consideration should be shown at first to young soldiers.

In instructing them in their duties, it is desirable to appeal rather to their higher and better feelings, than to their dread of punishment.

Love of his regiment and a regard for its reputation soon come to the young soldier, and he should be impressed with the conviction that it is his interest, and should therefore be his object, to maintain its high name and character by his own individual good conduct. He should learn to feel, through the manner in which he is dealt with by his captain and his lieutenant-colonel that they are solely actuated by this regimental feeling; by their love of the army, and the deep interest they take in the reputation of all their comrades of every rank. Nothing tends more to impress soldiers with this conviction than the maintenance of a healthy, manly discipline, free from undue severity or unnecessary punishment.

With respect to the severity of court-martial sentences, his Royal Highness observes that "when a court-martial is unavoidable, it must be remembered that the interests of discipline are not served by the infliction of a severer sentence than is absolutely necessary. Paragraph 99, section VI., Queen's Regulations, as now amended, has been framed for the better guidance of courts-martial in this sense, and for the purpose of securing more uniformity in punishments. The amendment referred to is as follows :—

But in the absence of a previous conviction, or of aggravating circumstances, or of antecedents appearing to require a severe lesson, or of an unusual prevalence in the regiment or garrison of the species of crime forming the subject of the charge, the limit of the imprisonment awarded should not exceed from 28 to 56 days, according to circumstances, for the following offences :—Leaving guard or post, offence of sentries, insubordinate or threatening language, disobedience not of a grave nature, resisting escort (not involving an attempt at serious injury), breaking out of barracks, neglect of orders, absence, failing to appear at parade, being out of bounds, drunkenness, release of prisoner or allowing prisoner to escape (not wilfully) escaping, from custody, loss of kit. &c., irregularity or omission in regard to returns (not fraudulent), minor contempt of court-martial, false answer on attestation, conduct to prejudice &c., an addition of from seven to twenty-eight days to be made in the case of each previous conviction, or of any circumstances that aggravate the gravity of the offence.

A punishment not exceeding from three to six months ought, as a rule, to suffice for the above offences, even when more than once repeated, or when committed under circumstances that aggravate the gravity of the offence, or for the offences of striking a superior officer, disobeying lawful command (grave cases), desertion, fraudulent enlistment, false evidence, false accusations, ordinary theft and frauds.

A sentence of imprisonment exceeding six months should be reserved for the offences last enumerated when attended with circumstances which add to their gravity, or with several previous convictions, or for an offence under section 32, Army Act, while a sentence that amounts to or exceeds one year's imprisonment should be imposed only in cases of disgraceful conduct of an unnatural kind, gross violence to superiors, repeated desertion or fraudulent enlistment, or in cases of persistent offenders whom ordinary punishment has not had the effect of restraining from serious crime. In this last class of cases an additional sentence of discharge with ignominy is, as a rule, advisable.

When a prisoner is convicted on two or more charges, the sentence should be that which is considered adequate for the gravest of the offences, with some addition for each of the other charges.

FLORILINE !—FOR THE TEETH AND BREATH.—A few drops of the liquid "Floriline" sprinkled on a wet tooth-brush produces a pleasant lather, which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities, hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives to the teeth a peculiar pearly whiteness, and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It removes all unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. The "Fragrant Floriline," being composed of part of honey and sweet herbs, is delicious to the taste, and the greatest toilet discovery of the age. Price 2s. 6d., of all Chemists and Perfumers throughout the world. Sold wholesale by The Anglo-American Drug Company, Limited, 33, Farringdon road, London.

GRAEFENBERG

CATHOLICON.

An infallible remedy for all FEMALE COMPLAINTS. Cures WEAKNESS NERVOUSNESS, and GENERAL DEBILITY. This remarkable preparation is the only reliable remedy for the distressing diseases of women. Sold by

Price, Rs. 3-12 per bottle.

Many leading Physicians are using this Medicine in their Practice.

THE BIG BATTALIONS.

Another move has been made in the great European war game. General Boulanger's proposal to preserve the peace of Europe by adding over 40,000 men to the effective of the French standing army, has provoked the inevitable reply from his opponents across the Rhine. The friendly move of the Wegr of French politics has been recognised in its true meaning, despite the affectation of philanthropy under which it was cloaked. Prince Bismarck and his colleagues, although probably more anxious to maintain the peace than even the French Government, admit freely that their proposal to increase the German army by 42,000 men is made rather in the interests of Germany than in that of her neighbours. They assert openly that the German army is being outnumbered; and imply that the superior organization of her military system will no longer avail Germany against the odds that may at any moment be brought against her. In May 1880, the peace effective of the German army was determined, for the seven years commencing April 1881. at one per cent. of the population returned by the census of 1875. Since that time, the military situation of the Empire has changed very much for the worse. Not only France and Russia, from whom Germany has most to fear, but the other military States of Europe, have made added largely to the strength of their standing forces. Austria has increased her active army by several battalions; and rendered it an offensive rather than a defensive power, by the creation of a Landsturm, comprising several milions of men, for the defence of the country. Italy, in the meantime, has thoroughly reorganised her military system, and, although considerable additions were made a few years ago to her standing troops, a Commission of Inquiry has recently advised the formation of several new regiments of cavalry and batteries of artillery. The smaller Powers of the Continent have made almost equal exertions in the same direction—all tending to destroy the absolute military preponderance enjoyed by Germany a few years since. The military expansion of France and Russia during the same period, has been yet more rapid and alarming. The army raised by the Republic, immediately after the war, was numerically superior to that maintained by the combined German States at the same date; and its subsequent increase has been effected without any regard to the almost stationary number of inhabitants. In 1870, the German army consisted in round numbers, of 378,000 men; that of France, about 359,000. In 1881, the numbers were respectively 427,000 and 444,000; and in 1886, 427,000 and 472,000. As regards the various arms of the service, Germany possesses 483 battalions of infantry, 20 battalions of jager (or rifles), 465 squadrons of cavalry, 340 batteries of field artillery, with 1,404 guns, 31 battalions of garrison artillery, 18 battalions of pioneers, 2 battalions of railway troops,

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

MONDAY EVENING, FEB. 18

A further advance of ¼ per cent. in Consols at 101⅛ and of ¼ per cent. more in Rentes at 107¼ in London yesterday registers an upward movement of ¼ and ⅛ per cent. in the English and French Funds respectively, since business on this side closed for the Jubilee holidays. Reuter has continued to quote Bar Silver at 46 11-16d. per oz., but we hear that in some private messages the price is still given as 46¾d. Rupee Securities show no further fall beyond the decline of ¼ per cent. in Fours, and ¼ per cent. in Fours-and-a-half established on Wednesday. Indian Sterling Loan has been steady at 100¾. This strangely high rate of 1s. 5-29-32d. which Reuter wired as obtained for 16 lakhs Council Bills on Calcutta at the Biddings on Wednesday turns out to have been for these Transfers, and not Bills. Yesterday a lakh more Transfers on Bombay were placed at 1s. 5 29-32d. The market rate of Discount in short London Bills has been raised ¼ per cent., say to 3¼ per cent., that on Indian 6 months' sight Paper remaining at 3 per cent. The Bank of England Returns wired yesterday, however, appear favourable as far as we can judge from the items given; and the proportion of the Bank's Reserve to its Liabilities had increased by one, standing at 51 per cent.

In the London General Produce Markets there has been no change in any of the articles of which we usually receive quotations by wire.

In Liverpool the market had been generally either steady or quiet, with total sales aggregating 10,000 bales daily, and the proportion of Surats varying from 5 to 10 per cent. Yesterday they were 12,000 bales, including 800 bales of Surats, and "Good Fair" and "Fine" Dhollera had recovered the 1-16d. which they lost in the previous day. Mid-Uplands have been steady on the spot at 5¼d. per lb.; and American arrivals come unaltered this morning; but we notice that these show a decline of 1-32d. in Feb.-April deliveries, and of 3-64d. in more forward positions since the beginning of the week.

June Futures were still quoted at 9·71 in New York, having recovered thus much of their previous decline to 9·69; and the spot price was still unmoved at 9¼. Receipts at the Ports have been creeping up again during the last few days. Yesterday they were 12,000 bales, against the same quantity on the corresponding day last year, and 7,000 bales the year before; and from the figures below it will be seen that the decrease for the five days of the present week compared with last year is only 10,000 bales.

	1887	1886	1885
Five days' Receipts	73,000	83,000	46,000
Total from 1st Sept.	4,638,000	4,393,000	4,312,000

Cotton.—The market has been steady to-days with a fair amount of business doing. Native have been keen buyers of Bhownugger for April-May delivery at Rs. 180 for Good and Rs. 186 for Fully Good; but shippers cannot pay within Rs. 1 of these prices, though they have been offering Rs 178 for May contracts. Oomras are in fair demand, especially stapled Cotton. Broach is also enquired for; but there are now no sellers of this growth for earlier than April delivery. Fully Good Bengals have been wanted by shippers at Rs 142 per candy. We quote:—

	Good.	Fully Good.	Fine.	Delivery.
Bengals	133	143	155	February.
Oomras (staple)	176	182	...	do.
Broach	212	...	216	Mar.-April,
Dhollerah	180	186	196	Apr.-May.

Wheat and Seeds.—There has been a slightly better demand on the part of shippers; but sellers will not work excepting in ready stuff. The Marwaries are again eager buyers of Delhi Pici at Rs. 4-7-0 to Rs. 4-7-6 per cwt., but Europeans are not in the market.

The receipts of Produce into Bombay yesterday were as follows:—

Cotton	6,592 bales
Wheat	12,106 cwt.
Linseed	3,500 ,,
Gingelly	6,590 ,,

Freights are quiet but with a rather firmer feeling as to rates for the present month: forward they are unchanged and weak. We hear that the Seawfell (s) has been chartered for April loading at 20s. per ton.

Exchange opened quiet this morning at the rates at which we closed before the holidays; and as there was nothing encouraging in Home advices, or strengthening in local influences, quotations have been barely maintained; and, as to Bank Bills, must be taken as rather nominal, and weak as to Mercantile Paper. The rate for Calcutta wire transfers comes at 1s. 5 7-8d. to 29-32d., and for April delivery at 1s. 5¼d. We quote:—

	per rupee.
Bank Bills on demand	1s. 5¼d.
Do. Telegraphic	1s. 5 27-32d.
Do. 3 months' sight	1s. 5 3 -32d.
Credits do.	1s 6 3-32d.
France, do.	1 91½d.

Government Paper has been firmer again today, and we quote Four per cents. this evening at 95 5-16, which is ¼ per cent. higher than we closed at last Tuesday. Fours-and-a-half are nominally unchanged at 99½.

Shares.—There was a poor market to-day and little actual business was transacted; but we note the following changes from precious quotations:—Bapty Bros., Rs. 110; Bombay Ice, Rs 112; Mofussil Co., Rs. 410; Scinde Press, Rs. 525; Anglo-Indian, Rs. 99; Alfred Manufacturing, Rs 350; Bombay United, Rs. 890; City of Bombay, Rs. 865; Hindustan, Rs. 790; Jewraj Balloo, Rs. 1,125; Leopold, Rs. 137; National Spinning, Rs. 410; Narayen, Rs. 265; New Great Eastern, Rs. 815; People of India, Rs. 110; Queen, Rs. 890; and Luckmidas Khimji, Rs. 720.

Bank of Bombay.—The Bank's rate of interest on demand Loans on the security of Government Paper, remains at 8 per cent.

BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LISTS.

BANKS

	Shares.	Amt.	Paid up.	Last Dividend.	Cash. Rate.
INDIAN BANK.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	all	ct.	720 xd.
Bank of Bengal	42,000	500	all	10 do.	840 xd.
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	5 do.	615
EXCHANGE BANK.		£	£		
Agra Bank	10,000	100		6 do.	125
Hong. and Shang. B. Corporation	63,000	$125	all	17½ do.	459-10
National Bank of India	37,320	250		5 pct.	112xd.

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

Ahmedabad S. & W. Company	1,308	1,000	000	..	1,375
Albert Edward Cotton Mills Co., Ld.	1,000	500	500	..	445
Anglo-Indian S. & W. ompany	9,345	100	100	Rs. 5	99xd.
Alfred Manfg. Co.	1,000	500	500	...	350
Ahmedabad Cotton Manufg. Co., Ld.	1,800	1,000	1,0	Rs. 25	625
Bellasy S. & W. Co., Ld.	871	500	all	Rs. 2½	320
Bo. Cotton Manfg Co. Ld.	600	500	500	Rs. 20	355xd
Bombay United	900	1,000	1,0	Rs. 2½	890
Berar Mfg. Co., Ld.	2,750	200	20	..	15½
Central India S. & W. Company	3,000	500	50	Rs 25	815
New Issues	3,000	125	..	Rs. 125	180
Colaba Land & Mill Co.	4,000	700	700	Rs. 12½	675
Connaught Mills	840	500	500	Rs. 25	540
Coorla Mills	1,300	1,000	1,0	Rs. 75	615
City of Bombay Shares	595	1,000	1,000	Rs. 55	860
Dhurumsey S. & W. Co	..	..	..	..	..
Dhan Mills	1,000	1,000	1,0	Rs. 75	1,070xd
Empress S. & W. Co.	1,500	50	5	Rs. 25	610xd.
Framji Petit Mfg. Co.	1,250	1,000	1,00	..	655
Gordon Mills	2,000	500	500	..	160
Hindustan Mills	1,032	1,000	1,00	..	790
Hingunghat Mill Co. Ld	700	500	all	37½ p.a.	650
Hydrabad Spinning Co	700	1,00	50	Rs. 2	350
Impl. Cotton Mills Co	400	500	1,00	Rs. 25	450
Indian Manfg Co. Ld.	665	1,000	500	Rs. 7	1,385
James Greaves Mills	100	500	1,00	Rs. 25	570
Jaffer Ali Spin. Co.	1,340	500	500	14-5-7	400
Jowraz Ballico	1,200	1,00	50	Rs. 45	1122½
Khandesh	750	1,00	1,00	Rs. 30	885
Khatao Mackunjee	1,000	1,000	1,00	Rs. 30	810
Leopold S., Bleaching & Mfg. Co. Ld.	3,500	1,000	10	Rs. 5	137
Madras United	500	1 000	1,00	Rs. 12	2,725
Mahalakshmi	665	1,00	1,00	..	510
Manockjee Petit's	4,000	1,00	1,00	Rs. 50	1212
Manager Spinning Co	5,000	250	25	..	182½
Morarjee Goculdas	1,150	1,000	1,00	Rs. 75	1,170½
National Spinning	600	1,000	1,00	..	410
Naigaum Cotton Clean Ning Co., Ld.	1,000	1,00	100	..	75
Narayan Cotton Mills	600	1,000	1,000	..	265
New Great Eastern	1,800	1,000	1,00	Rs. 0	815
Oriental	5,728	625	625	Rs. 15	557½
People of India S. & W Company	..	250	250	..	110
Prince of Wales Spinning Company.	000	500	50	..	82
Queen Spinning	800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 60	890
Ripon	841	1,00	1,00	Rs. 60	865
Sassoon S. & W. Co.	1,50	1,00	00	..	1,500
Sassoon and Ailliance Silk Mill Co., Ld.	1,716	500	500	Rs.	350
Shoiapore Mills	678	1,000	1,00	Rs. 35	1,355
Soonderdas	650	1,00	1,00	..	610
Southern India	1,000	500	50	Rs. 12½	310
Southern Mahratta S. & W. Co. Ld.	1,312	25	25	..	210
Victoria Mills	600	1,00	1,00	..	485
Western India S. & W Company	1,200	1,000	1,0	Rs. 30	725
Lukmidas Khimji S. W. Co.			1,0	..	720

PRESS COMPANIES.

A bar Cotton	200	1,25	1,250	..	1,075
Albert Gin Co.	120	600	600	Rs. 45	430
Albert Press Co., Kurrachee	100	1,0	1,00	Rs. 00	81
Apollo Press Co. (small shares)	70	400	400	Rs. 20	225
Bombay Baroda & C. I. Railway Co.	52	1,000	1,00	Rs. 0	110xd.
Bombay Cotton Press	0	200	20	Rs. 10	10
Bombay Cotton Press	1	12	12	Rs. 14	135
Bulsar Press Co.	1	200	20	Rs. 0	620
Dholleria Press Co.	1	300	300	..	1-9
East India Press Co.	1	1,00	1,00	Rs. 10	1,315
Fort Press Co.	13	500	50	Rs. 6	572
Lyoon Press Co.	1	500	50	Rs. 80	660
Harvey & Sapurjee Co. Ld.	150	500	50	Rs. 25	40
Khamgaon Cotton Press Co.	200	15	all	Rs. 5	450
Manner Manfg. Co	1,000	25			1½
Mazagon Press	1,500	12			95
Meer Hassan Press	3,125	40		Rs. 5	110
Surat Cotton Press Co. Ld.	1,257	500		Rs. 60	610
Tuticorin Press Co.	4,000	12		Rs. 3	102½
Victoria Press				Rs. 75	450
Wallace Press				Rs. 12½	1225
Western India Press Co.	450	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	612

INSURANCE COMPANIES

ance Co	600	1,000	1,000	7	850
Indian Fire Insurance Co	200	5,000	1,0.0	-	1,100
Prince of Wales Fire Insuran Co.	111	5,00		70	1,000
	250	8,000	1,000	Rs. 190	1,025

RAILWAY COMPANIES

G. I. P. R. 5 per cent. Stock	..	£100	-	-	£
B. B. & C. I. R. Guaranteed 5 per cent.	-	£100	-	-	£160

DR. F. B. SEERVAI,
SURGEON DENTIST,
NO. 3, HORNBY ROW,
Opposite the Bombay General Post Office.

MR. N. H. GUEESTA,
DENTAL SURGEON.
MAY BE CONSULTED FROM 8 A.M. TO 5 P. M.
Extracts teeth under N. O. Gas,
No. 23 RAMPART ROW,
Next to *Bombay Gazette* Office.

SCHIEDMAYER'S PIANOS.
CALCUTTA EXHIBITION
THE HIGHEST AWARD FOR
SYMPATHETIC SQUARE PIANOS,
SOUNDY & CO., Ld., BOMBAY,
Sole Agents in India for the
SCHIEDMAYER PIANOFORTE FABRIK
STUTTGART.
THE only maker of that name, whose instruments obtained ONE GOLD and TWO SILVER MEDALS with first-class Certificates, proving the superiority of their Pianos over all others exhibited.
We would caution intending purchasers, not to confound the name with that of SCHIEDMAYER AND SOEHNE.
See our illustrated price-list free by post.
SOUNDY & CO., Ld., BOMBAY.

"THEY HAVE NO EQUAL."
This is the universal opinion of everybody who has tried DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS, for bilious and liver complaints, indigestion, wind, spasm, foul breath, nervous depression, irritability, lassitude, loss of appetite, dyspepsia, heartburn, giddiness, dizziness of the eyes, &c., being as mild and tonic in their action as they are certain in their curative effects. Prepared by W. LAMBERT, London, England, on bottles ONLY, 1s. 1½d. The genuine are in green packages, with, "WILLIAM LAMBERT" on the Government Stamp. Insist on having these and non other.
* * AGENTS WANTED.

SURGEON-BONE SETTER,
FAKIRJI RATANJI, L. M. & S.
TREATS cases of accidents and injuries scientifically as well as according to the approved native system.
No. 71, Abdool Rahman Street.
(Sir Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy Street.)

PERFECT PEBBLE SPECTACLES.
THOROUGHLY adapted to correct the various faults of refraction of defective Eyes. May be had from
LAWRENCE AND MAYO,
OPHTHALMIC OPTICIANS,
Opticians to the principal Ophthalmic Surgeons in India,
London, Calcutta and Bombay.
Our pamphlet: "Ignorance the Cause of Numerous Eye-Diseases," price post-paid 4½ annas.
PRICE LIST ON APPLICATION.

MARCKS AND COMPANY, Ld.,
JEWELLERS, WATCHMAKERS,
OPTICIANS, &c.,
AND IMPORTERS OF PIANOFORTES.
OF one of our Pianos with the patent improvement lately introduced by us to the Indian Public under the name of the "New Tuning Apparatus an esteemed constituent writes:—
The Cottage Piano with the rigid perpendicular stringing arrangement has far exceeded my expectations. I have now had the instrument in hard use for the last eighteen months, during which time it has been subjected to rough usage by land and sea, extremes of heat and cold, dampness and dryness, the instrument has never been touched with a Tuning Key, and is now in as perfect condition in all respects as it was when leaving your warehouse. This is almost incredible, but is nevertheless a fact. You are quite at liberty to utilize this communication.
Yours truly,
Kurrachee, 21, Jan. 1887. R. P. FINCHAM.
FOR CASH OR ON THE HIRE PURCHASE SYSTEM.
Illustrated Price List on application to
MARCKS AND COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY.

QUEEN'S LEATHER.
A NEW FABRIC for Upholstering purposes, lining of Carriages Bookbinding, &c., is equal in appearance and durability to REAL LEATHER. It is not affected by extreme heat, and can easily be cleaned with soap and water. While the price is less than half of REAL LEATHER. Full particulars may be obtained from
JOHN ROBERTS & Co.

THE FUND FOR THE CELEBRATION OF THE JUBILEE OF THE REIGN OF H. I. M. THE QUEEN-EMPRESS.
SUBSCRIBERS to this Fund who have not yet sent in their contributions are earnestly requested to pay such amounts at their earliest convenience to the Bank of Bombay to allow of the early settlement of the account.
HENRY MORLAND,
Chairman of the Executive Committee.
Bombay, 19 Feb. 1887.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

EUROPE.

DEATHS.

CORBYN—January 20, at Southsea, Hants, England Lieutenant-Colonel Edwin Colnett Corbyn, Bengal Staff Corps, late Deputy Commissioner, Ferozepore, Punjab, aged 50 years.

CANE—February 17, at Brackenhurst, Southwell, Notts, the Rev. Thomas Coats Cane, J.P., aged 87 years.

BOMBAY.

MARRIAGE.

RUSSELL—FORTEATH—February 15, at Mhow, by the Rev. M. E. Mills, Senior Chaplain, Alexander Fraser Russell, Surgeon, Medical Staff, to Laura Charlotte, second daughter of Colonel Forteath, 4th Bombay Rifles.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

DEATHS.

HOLL—At Bindacoorie, Tezpore, Assam, Amelia Brodie the beloved wife of William Huet Holl, aged 37 years.

MARSDEN—February 10, at Umballa, Captain Charles John Marsden, Retired List, of "Marsden Grange," Simla, aged 56 years 1 month and 15 days.

POWELL—February 11, at Rawalpindi, James Powell, aged 74 years and 3 months.

The Bombay Gazette

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 19, 1887.

We are not surprised to hear that the paucity of the numbers of the decorations placed by higher authorities at the disposal of the Bombay Government, has given rise to a good deal of animadversion. It seemed to us desirable to give prominent and timely warning to all who were inclined to indulge in the pleasures of hope that the number of decorations available would probably be found to be somewhat restricted. But the reality was rather more meagre than the least sanguine thought possible. The Municipality has not been recognised either in the person of its Chairman, or in that of the Municipal Commissioner, who has given such unremitting labour to the improvement of the city. The Tansa water scheme which is now in progress was made possible by the initiative of Mr. Ollivant; and that Executive Officer has opened out new lines of development to the north of the crowded city which already gives promise of adding largely to the available accommodation for a population increasing as rapidly as its manufacturing industry and commercial prosperity. Without any great excess of liberality, a larger share of honours might have been awarded to Western India. We have already referred to the conspicuous omission of Mr. Justice West's name from the list of honours, and also to that of another name which has become familiar to the Bombay public and doubtless to the Government, that of Mr. Justice Bayley, who, while associated with the Bench of the High Court, has been also distinguished by his connection with the maintenance and development of the Volunteer movement in Bombay. Of course, it may be urged that the judges in India may be wisely excluded like judges in England from all participation in the favours of the Crown on the ground that the independence of judges would be compromised if they were left to look to the Government for decorations. We are not aware that this rule which obtains at home has been held to apply in India. It is quite conceivable that the rule may in general be a sound one, and it if were known and recognised there would be no reasonable objection to its enforcement except where special circumstances might render it inapplicable. If a judge be selected for an exceptional and difficult mission quite apart from his judicial duties it would be pedantic to refuse to him on account of his judicial character the special acknowledgment of his special service. When Mr. West was sent to Egypt to carry out the work for the ministration of which his precursor in the same field was knighted, why should he be debarred from a similar recognition of his labours? The same argument may or may not cover the case of Mr. Justice Bayley, who has given a good deal more than time and attention to the furtherance of volunteering in Bombay. Fortunately these gentlemen are held in such esteem by all classes of the community that they can afford to dispense with decorations. The same may be said of others, and may be very certainly affirmed of Mr. Stevens to whom all travellers leaving Bombay for the seat of Government will apply the words *si monumentum quæris circumspice*. Such a triumph of architectural design and achievement as the Great Victoria Station of the G. I. P. Railway would not have been left unrequited in London—or indeed for that matter in Calcutta—if the great metropolis or the City of Palaces possessed a Bori Bunder and a Stevens. It is a misfortune in such cases not to live on the Bengal side of the punkah—a misfortune which we can support without much philosophy, and is not without many countervailing advantages, but it is one that we are under no obligation to ignore. We have expressed approval of the distribution of a very inadequate amount of honours assigned to this side of India. What the Bombay Government could do has been done well; the complaint of inadequacy does not affect the local Government. The incident is trifling in itself, and there can be no desire to magnify its importance; but in truth it is one of other indications that we are undergoing a process of subordination to a centralised bureaucracy which if it be given much more rope will hang up all our Presidential privileges and immunities, and place us all under a despotism which may be paternal or intolerable according to the spirit which directs it. We have never regarded as anything but the wildest absurdity the notion of abolishing the Government of India and handing over the destinies of the country to half-a-dozen co-ordinate administrators taking their cue from a Secretary of State in London. But bad and perhaps fatal as that scheme would prove, there can be little doubt that if the Supreme Government be induced or permitted to arrogate to itself a dictatorship in all things, from quinquennial budgets to a yard of ribbon, the mischief will eventually prove to be as great and perhaps more irreparable. Change is a law of life in States as well as in the human frame; but there is a difference between the changes which are the results of growth and those which lead to degeneration and decay. Over-centralization is always and everywhere the besetting temptation of a Government, especially where that Government is by its origin and circumstances the sole judge of its prerogatives and requirements which it may augment or diminish at its own good will and pleasure. That is the position occupied by the Government of India, and the local Governments will not be inclined to contest the point. For that very reason it is necessary to watch with vigilance any evidence of the growth of the tendency to dispose at Calcutta of matters with which the Presidency Governments are best acquainted, and therefore best qualified to deal with. If the Supreme Government is to arrogate to itself a supreme authority over and above that which tradition and usage have allotted to it, the tendency must be checked, or at all events subjected to the test of a rigid criticism which will press home in each case the *cui bono*. This is the train of reasoning to which more than one incident, of no great importance in itself, will infallibly suggest to the large and influential communities which find themselves in some danger of being deprived of that influence and weight to which they are entitled when their views are approved by the experience and special knowledge of the Presidential and other administrations. We prefer this way of looking at matters when we are asked to account for the niggard assignment of honours on an occasion which cannot recur for half a century, and probably not even then. With the rupee down to next to nothing and Commissions of Financial Economy and Commissions of Search into Service Monopolies on the war path, the servants of Government at all events have a claim to sympathy, if not to decorations.

The efforts that are being made in England to advance the scheme for the Imperial Institute scarcely belong to that higher kind of art which most truly manifests itself in concealing itself. We see the whole process of promotion in all its operations, and the hands at work are often more apparent than the results of their work. Evidently the enterprise has not yet reached a stage at which its success can be looked for with confidence. Mr. Dalyell, a member of the India Council, thinks that the fact that the Corporation of Bradford have been officially told that any support accorded to the Imperial Institute would be especially pleasing to her Majesty, should discourage Jubilee projects at home which are of too local a character. We shall see if Mr. Dalyell's presence in the Secretary of State's Council is an insuperable obstacle to his being able to gauge public sentiment. He doubtless under-estimates the strength of the parochial spirit which makes people in provincial towns put their money in something at their own doors, which they can see and can understand, instead of in an institution in London which they cannot see and which a good many of them are not quite able to understand. This preference is very natural, though of course we are not supposed to be indulgent to natural feelings if—though this seldom happens—they militate against the prosecution of a great and useful national enterprise. The city that thinks it would like a picture gallery as memorial of this auspicious year is not satisfied with the reflection that if it dispenses with its picture gallery and sends the money instead to the treasurer of the Imperial Institute it will be taking part in an Imperial work. It wants something to look at—something to point to besides its name and its contributions in a long subscription list which will be forgotten before the year is out. The *Times* rebukes provincial apathy by pointing to the Imperial Institute as the object to which everybody ought to subscribe as the only one that has a national character. If people can be got to look at the matter in that light, the *Times*, Mr. Dalyell, and those much more august supporters of the undertaking with whom they are so ardently co-operating, will have to be congratulated upon their power of persuading. The Imperial Institute will, if it is ever completed, be something more than a monument of national and commercial progress. It will also be a monument to national confidence, even in the incomprehensible.

We print to-day, amongst many contributions to the record of the Jubilee festivities, a declaration on the part of the Parsee community which is of no small historical interest. It will strike most people who read the statement read at the Wadia's Fire Temple the other day, as a noteworthy fact that on such an occasion as this the Parsee Panchayet should look so far back as to the seventh century of this era, and to conditions so essentially different from the conditions of our own time as those which prevailed immediately before the great act of devotion to their faith which brought them, exiles from what they touchingly call "our most beloved old Iran," to the shores of India. Time and distance do not seem to have weakened the sentiment for which, in the old days, they quitted home and kindred for the uncertain experiences of life in a strange land. This, indeed, is the significance of the passage in the address which refers to "the desolation of our sacred fire temples and our consecrated last resting-places" in old Iran. These references give a colour and a force to the expressions of devotion to the person and the Government of the Queen-Empress which cannot well be ignored or misunderstood. We should misunderstand them if we saw in them a morbid looking back upon the past grievances of the race. They are intended rather to bring into prominence, with all the aid of historic contrast, the happier lot which has overtaken the Parsee community since they have been part and parcel of the vast populations subject in India to the rule of the British Crown. Perhaps, too, they will not be wrongly construed by those who detect in them an implied assertion of the permanency of the religious sentiment under the influence of which the Parsees quitted Persia twelve centuries ago. Time and change of environment have made their mark upon the Parsee community as upon the rest of the world. But essentially, as Dr. Darmesteter so eloquently told them the other day, they are the same in thought and sentiment as they were in their original home—a fact which, if we rightly understand the address delivered at Wadia's Fire Temple the other day, they think it by no means superfluous to bring into prominence even at a time when, if our best ideals were realized, no community in the world, however small, would need to bespeak directly or indirectly the respect which is due to religious and national sentiment.

The Government will probably feel consoled for the secession of Lord Dunraven by the immense majorities which enabled them to close the debate on the Address by the use of the cloture twice in one evening. So far as the voting goes, the Ministry is none the worse for the trials which have seemed so severe and which were believed to portend its early dissolution. Lord Dunraven has based his resignation on the financial ground selected by Lord Randolph Churchill, but has supplemented it by proclaiming his aversion to a new resort to coercion in Ireland—his desire for a new policy. A "wide local autonomy" is his Lordship's euphuism for some measure of decentralization which may take the form of Mr. Gladstone's measure, or Mr. Chamberlain's proposed imitation of the Canadian Provincial Assemblies. This is the second instance of overt secession from the Unionist ranks, though possibly Lord Dunraven may, like Mr. Chamberlain, vote occasionally in the ranks of the majority which support the Cabinet for the time being. Lord Randolph Churchill foresaw the certain consequences of permitting Lord Hartington to overrule the first intentions of the Cabinet, and revert to a coercive policy which had been tried very strenuously at the instance of the noble Marquis when he formed a part of Mr. Gladstone's Ministry. The member for Paddington was too wary to allow himself to be drawn by the extreme wing of the Parnellites desiring to rest the justification of the Unionists upon their ability to govern without resort to repressive measures. Lord Dunraven's action seems to show that Lord Randolph Churchill's secession is likely to prove the first of a series. Everyone in London will now ask, who is going next?

We gladly draw attention to the letter which appears in another column in which Lady Brassey, who whether ashore or afloat, has always shown the greatest interest in the ambulance movement, invites consideration to a proposal for resuscitating in Bombay the work of practical instruction in ministering to the sufferings of those wounded or injured in the pursuit of the common avocations of daily life. The departure of the Sunbeam on her new voyage round the world has been delayed until the beginning of next week in order to give Lady Brassey the opportunity of again directing attention to the claim which the St. John Association has upon the public in all parts of the world. Wherever the famous pleasure yacht has carried its occupants during the last seven or eight years, no occasion has been lost by the chronicler of its voyages in impressing upon those with whom she has come in contact her increasing conviction of the value of the work accomplished. Ambulance classes are an old feature of the life on board the Sunbeam with which thousands have been made familiar though the instruction has often been imparted under difficulties, and the tuition not infrequently interrupted by a call upon the members of the crew to assist in shortening sail or to deal with the emergency of the moment, whether in the West Indies, or among the scattered islands around the British coast, the Sunbeam has alway done its best to spread the beneficent influence of the Association, and Lady Brassey has been prevailed upon to lend her influence to the re-establishment of the classes which two years ago were so popular throughout our own city. Sir James Fergusson was one of the warmest supporters of the movement, and the presence of Lord Reay at the meeting convened for Monday evening is evidence sufficient of the continuity of the favour with which the Association is regarded by the highest authorities of the presidency.

FEBRUARY 16TH, 1887.

Empires, like clouds, or dreams, have passed away:
the Tyrian lords of ocean, and the Mede,
and those who carried with their swords the seed
of Truth and Beauty, myrtle-flowers or bay,
and mightier those, whose wide imperial day
saw not the sanguine wheels of War recede
till Christ and Cæsar ruled o'er thought and deed,
and curbed the world now patient to obey.
O Sovereign Lady, whom all grace endows,
whatever doom Fate's hidden hand may trace,
this day all English hearts are firm with thee
dauntless, and wearing on thy honoured brows
the strength and starry glories of their race,
and all the promise of their years to be.
Feb. 16. W. WORDSWORTH.

ST. JOHN AMBULANCE ASSOCIATION.

The following invitation has been issued by Lady Brassey, on the eve of the departure of the Sunbeam from Bombay, drawing attention to the work of the St. John Ambulance Association. It will be noticed that his Excellency the Governor will preside at the meeting, convened at the suggestion of Lady Brassey, and it will be attended, amongst others, by Dr. Hoffmeister, the son of Sir John Hoffmeister, physician to the Queen, who is at present accompanying the yacht on its cruise.

Lady Brassey writes:—

It may, perhaps, be known to you that I have long taken a deep interest in the Ambulance movement. At Bombay a branch of the St. John Ambulance Association was formerly established under the presidency of Sir James Fergusson. At first very successful, it has gradually fallen into decay. I have been asked by Sir Vincent Barrington Kennet to avail myself of a visit Bombay to make an effort to revive the public interest in a good cause. His Excellency the Governor has kindly consented to preside at a private meeting at the Secretariat at 5 p. m. on Monday next. I hope you may find it convenient to attend as I shall consider it a personal favour. I earnestly hope that the Ambulance movement may receive support from the owners of factories, from those in charge of dockyards, docks, railways, and other establishments where sudden casulties are unavoidable, and when immediate aid to the wounded may often be the means of saving valuable lives. The art of ministering first aid to the wounded would be of special value to the police,

AN ITALIAN *SAVANT'S* TOUR IN INDIA.—XI.

[By Count Angelo de Gubernatis.]

When I arrived at Junaghad from Gondal, I went to the house of Dewan Haridas, the Prime Minister, to give him a letter of recommendation for his Highness the Nawab from Colonel West, the Political Agent of Kathiawar. Strangely enough, at Baroda I found a Mahomedan Prime Minister in a Hindu State; at Gondal a Hindu ruler with a Parsee Prime Minister; at Junaghad the Mahomedan Chief had a Hindu Prime Minister. These singular arrangements could only be found in that marvellous land which is called India.

The dak bungalow at Junaghad is a little palace of two storeys, the lower floor is beautifully furnished, the drawing-room is large and well carpeted, and supplied with a pianoforte, and the bed-rooms and bath-rooms are well-provided by the State for the comfort of European travellers. The walls of the ancient fortress rise behind the city. Some women who are making mortar sing a chorus in perfectly attuned voices; one side seemed to ask questions which the other answered. There were only four voices, yet they had the effect of one hundred, so well did they harmonise the contraltos, voices and sopranos seemed carried on one harmonious wave, the chorus is something between our Hymnal choruses, and the slow elegy of the Russian *chorovad*, with a note specially Indian—a *hé* which seems to give the spirit of the song taken up in turn by the singers. The song and the words are in Gujerati; the refrain was—"a child is in the house and brings sweetness." These mothers were evidently thinking of their children left at home in charge of others while they went forth to earn food for them; their songs, like their thoughts, are busy with their offspring. I was struck by the poverty of their attire and the richness and quantity of their ornaments—anklets, bracelets, necklets and earrings the earrings specially, from their size and weight, seemed something extraordinary; to wear them, they are obliged to make a large hole in their ears. I asked Narayan to get me one of these silver earrings offering a rupee more than the real value. One of the women accepted the offer at first, then she repented, and said she would ask her husband as every ornament is portion of her dowry, which she cannot dispose of without her husband's consent. Now this singular earring is in the Indian Museum at Florence.

The first visit that I received in my bungalow was from a Pandit named Narayan Hemachandra, who presented me with ten or twelve illustrated manuscripts containing various wise comments of his own in Gujerati on the Dhanuveda, or science of arms, on music, geography and astronomy. The pundit only spoke Gujerati, hence our conversation was not very animated, and it was only by his mixing with his Gujerati and I with my English some few words of Sanscrit that we understood each other. At 8 o'clock in the morning, the Minister Haridas on horseback, and escorted by the chief of police and four mounted soldiers, called on me. He seemed confused at my addressing him as "your Excellency." He is not a Brahmin but a Vaishya, or agriculturist, from the very village near Ahmedabad where my friend Javerilal was born. He had studied privately; he had never taken a degree, but having some administrative capacity, the English authorities suggested him to the Nawab as minister. He administers the affairs of the State, but his authority is divided with a vakil, who is the uncle of the Nawab. He asked me how many days I intended to stop at Junaghad. I told him only two, intending to visit Girnar. He explained to me that if I would wait until the port of Virawal should be brought into connection with Junaghad by railway, I should have an easy journey, otherwise I would find the road very difficult and unsafe. I yielded to his good reasons, and observed to him that when the port of Virawal should be connected with Junaghad by rail, Italian ships could easily approach and hold direct commerce with Kathiawar, an observation which gave evident satisfaction to the Minister; the same content was visible in the face of the Nawab when in full Durbar the Minister mentioned to the Sovereign my hopes that one day Italian vessels might be seen in the port of Virawal. After the Minister had left, four other personages came to visit me, Hormusjee, private secretary to the Nawab and Director of Public Instruction. His own intelligent secretary and interpreter, Jethabbai Tulsidas, the learned director and master of the Sanskrit school, Haridatta Karnashanker, the sympathetic and intelligent nephew of my friend Bhagwanlal, and the archæological epigraphist Haridatta, and offered me with the greatest kindness and courtesy their compliments on my stay at Junaghad. In the afternoon Hormusjee and the secretary came to take me to visit the principal institutions of the city. We commenced with the Industrial Exhibition, where articles intended for the Exhibition in London were displayed. I observed several keyholes of new designs, and I was especially attracted by an elegant silver keyhole. I observed several models of birds, figures of animals in painted wood, and amongst others a shield with two antelope horns, with silver points, being at the same time a weapon of defence and offence; then I went to the Sanskrit school, where the pupils sang four verses composed for the occasion by Haridatta. I replied with a Sanskrit compliment addressed to the pupils but directed to the master; then I visited the higher school where Sanskrit is also taught. I was asked to examine the sixth class in grammar; the experiment was not very successful. After six years' study the pupils have not yet reached the regular verbs. I understood then how in the Panchatantra, it is said, that science is infinite, as the learning of grammar alone takes twelve years. We next went to the hospital, which seemed to me very well kept; every day they keep an exact account of the patients, who enter and who leave it, of the different maladies treated, and of the cures which are effected. From the hospital diary I saw that a great number are cured. The patients are however amazingly numerous, averaging 300, but the dead are not in proportion to the number of sick people. Fortunately the public garden with the summer palace of the Nawab and his zoological garden was not far, and I entered with much curiosity. I soon perceived that the Nawab must have European artists, and especially glass; this was found in every room in profusion, from the finest to the commonest, all mixed together as if in a bankrupt sale of glasses and crystals. There were children's toys, dol

THE JUBILEE.

SPECIAL TELEGRAMS.

DURBAR AT THE COUNCIL HALL, POONA AND CHILDREN'S FETE.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, FEB. 17.

A Durbar was held by the Agent for the Sirdars of the Deccan at the Council Hall yesterday, in accordance with the instructions of Government. It was a great success. Five hundred Chiefs, Sirdars and the most influential inhabitants attended, completely filling the hall.

At half-past six the Agent entered the hall, followed by Mr. Dado Phatak and other officials, all present rising until he had taken his seat on the dais.

After a few minutes Mr. Crowe rose and addressed the assembly in the following terms :—Sirdars of the Deccan, Ladies and Gentlemen,—To-day is the day specially appointed by the Viceroy of India for the commemoration of the Jubilee year of the reign of her Most Gracious Majesty the Empress of India. I feel confident there can be but one feeling uppermost in the breasts of us all to-day, and that a feeling of veneration and affection for the person of our beloved Queen, and thankfulness and gratitude to Almighty God for having spared her valuable life. I am justified, Sirdars and Gentlemen, in interpreting your presence here at the Durbar to-day, as a signal proof of your loyalty to the Throne, and of respectful devotion and attachment to your Sovereign. Now it is thirty years since her Majesty assumed the direct control of the Government of India. From that period to the present it has been one continued unbroken progress and development in all the arts of peace, civilization, and social well-being. Her Majesty was graciously pleased in her Proclamation to declare that she would respect the rights, the dignity and the honour of the native Princes as her own, and she desired that they should enjoy that prosperity and social advancement which could be secured only by an interval of peace and good government, and would admit native subjects of whatever race and creed impartially to the offices to which their abilities, education and integrity entitled them. These promises have been nobly and consistently fulfilled. You have enjoyed privileges and liberties to which even the people of some of the most civilized States in Europe are strangers. I regard it as an auspicious circumstance that there should be at the present moment, during this Jubilee year, sitting a Public Commission, the avowed object of whose deliberations is to afford to the educated youths of this country a more extended share in the grave and responsible duties of its administration. I am one of those who advocated that increased facilities be afforded to the natives of this country, both by increasing the age qualification for the competitive examination in England, and by readjusting the marks allotted for Oriental languages, to enable them to enter the Covenanted Civil Service of the country to which I have the honour to belong. But inasmuch as all do not possess abilities or the opportunity for competing successfully at the Civil Service examination, there are other openings to which the ambition of the rising youth of India may fairly and appropriately be directed. I have received during the last few days a letter from the Commandant of one of the regiments of Native Infantry in Bombay, in which the states he is anxious to obtain for the regiment under his command a young Deccan Maratha of good family, under condition that he be passed as rapidly as possible through the lower ranks to the grade of native officer. It is of course necessary that there should be such a social status as to ensure his having the respect of the men, apart from that resulting from his appointment in the corps. I have authority of the Chief for saying that every encouragement will be given to the sons of Sirdars and Marathi gentlemen who desire to serve the Queen and the country by entering the military either as jemadars on probation or by enlistment. It is unnecessary for me to remind you of the numerous occasions on which her Gracious Majesty has shown her solicitude for the welfare of this country. There is no section or class of her Majesty's subjects throughout this mighty Empire, on which we are proud to feel the sun never sets, for whom she has shown more love and affection than for the people of India. She has sent from time to time members of the Royal Family to make the personal aquaintance of various races and people of India ; and to this Presidency she has shown a special favour by the appointment of his Royal Highness the Duke of Connaught to the command of her Majesty's Forces, Bombay. Home-loving people, such as you are, can understand what sacrifice, what self-denial is involved by their Royal Highnesses the Duke and Duchess of Connaught acting under a stern sense of duty, leaving home, family and children to take up their abode in our midst. Their presence here at Poona forms an additional and closer link between the Sovereign and her Indian subjects. Sirdars and Gentlemen, it is your privilege, as it is mine, to live under the benign sway of Queen Victoria, and I think we can best show our appreciation of that privilege by celebrating with heartfelt homage and loyal respect the commemoration of the Jubilee year of her reign, and offering a fervent prayer that her Majesty be spared to rule over us and have the richest blessings showerd upon her.

The Honorable Mr. Ranade replied in a few and appropriate words, offering heartfelt thanks for the feeling animating the Sovereign, and for the encouragement given by the Chief to the enlistment of native officers. He hoped that before long the sons of the Maratha gentry would flock to and join her Majesty's forces.

The National Anthem was then played by the band of the 12th Bombay Infantry, which was present.

Garlands *attar* and *pan supari* were distributed, and the meeting dispersed.

A Christian children's fete took place at the fair to-day, when the various schools met. There were about 930 children altogether. In a circular space surrounded with wire fencing, ten long tables had been arranged, branching outwards like the hands of a clock. There was an open passage down the centre, at the end of which a small theatre was placed. The treat commenced with races for boys. Then Mr. Rollings, conjuror and ventriloquist, gave a performance. The children next filed to the tables and sang grace in unison. After tea Mr. Rollings gave a ventriloquial performance. Then the schools wandered about the fair. The arrangements were most perfect, and the children spent a happy afternoon. The fair continues to-day. It was densely crowded during the evening. The illuminations in the Cantonment were continued in many places, while in the City, the Rosy Market was illuminated. Fireworks and all kinds of amusements were provided for the natives. On the Race-course to-day the garrison sports will be continued.

GREAT FESTIVITIES AT HYDERABAD: PARADE, DURBAR AND RECEPTION.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

HYDERABAD, FEB. 17.

Everything connected with the Jubilee celebration passed off most successfully yesterday. In the morning the parade at Secunderabad included the whole of the Hyderabad Subsidiary Force, under Major-General Gib, C.B., and the Hyderabad Contingent under Brigadier-General Bell. Three regiments of Cavalry and two batteries of Artillery of his Highness the Nizam's regular troops, under Major Neville, C.I.E., two regiments of Cavalry, two regiments of Infantry of his Highness's Golconda Brigade, under Afsur Jung Bahadur ; and about two hundred of the Hyderabad Volunteers Rifles—about eight thousand men in all.

His Highness the Nizam was present at the parade, accompanied by Nawab Salar Jung, Nawab Asman Jah, Nawab Munir-ul-Mulk and other City Nobles.

Mr. Cordery, the Resident, and all the Residency officials were also present.

The general public of Hyderabad and Secunderabad mustered in greater force than ever before known at the parade. It was difficult to keep the ground.

The appearance, discipline and marching of his Highness's troops met with high approval. The Volunteers also acquitted themselves exceedingly well.

At his Highness's Durbar in the afternoon Major-General Gib, Brigadier-General Bell, the Staff of the Subsidiary Force and Contingent, the Residency Staff, and the principal British officials were present and seated on his Highness's right. On his left were his Excellency the Minister, the Nobles of Hyderabad, the Secretaries to Government, and the heads of Departments of his Highness's service.

Mr. Cordery presented to his Highness a letter from his Excellency the Viceroy in Persian, which was read before the Durbar.

Mr. Cordery informed his Highness, that with his Highness's concurrence, the title of Knight Commander of the Indian Empire had been conferred by her Most Gracious Majesty on Nawab Salar Jung Bahadur, Prime Minister of Hyderabad.

The State Durbar concluded with the presentation of uttar and pan to the British officials.

In the evening Mr. Cordery held a reception in the Residency grounds. His Highness, with the Prime Minister, Sir Salar Jung, and many Nobles and gentlemen of Hyderabad, accepted Mr. Cordery's invitation and were present. The grounds of the Residency were beautifully decorated and illuminated. The illuminations included a beautiful crystal transparency recently purchased by his Highness from Messrs. Badham, Pile and Company, and exhibiting an excellent likeness of her Majesty the Queen-Empress.

At 9 o'clock a brilliant display of fireworks took place, which included many clever devices, and finished with an invocation, in large letters of flame, "God bless her Majesty the Queen-Empress." The evening's proceedings concluded with a ball at which all the society of Secunderabad and Hyderabad were present, his Highness and party remaining till a late hour.

In the public gardens at Chadarghat a grand open-air entertainment was given by his Highness's Government. Admission was entirely free and unrestricted and crowds flocked thither. The roads paths and flower beds were picked out with coloured lamps. Gondolas decorated with Chinese lanterns floated on the lakes. A brilliant crystal illumination showed a portrait of her Majesty, two handsome triumphal arches were erected, flags and lanterns hung from every tree, the whole forming a fairy scene eclipsing anything of the kind ever attempted previously in Hyderabad.

Entertainments suited to all classes were provided in the gardens.

Professor Anderson, the Wizard of the North, and Mrs. Norville's Gaiety Company exhibited their entertainments. Nautches and native jugglers were assigned places in various parts of the grounds ; booths for the sale of fruits, sweetmeats, and refreshments were erected in convenient spots. A large enclosure was formed in which were erected a large iron-framed tent and a shamianah beneath which seats and refreshments were supplied to a large number of guests invited by tickets issued by Nawab Munir-ul-Mulk, president of the Jubilee Committee. His Highness the Nizam, his Excellency the Minister and many Nobles and gentlemen visited the gardens during the evening.

The entertainment concluded with grand display of fireworks in the gardens and from the Nowbut Pahar or the Black Rock closely adjoining.

Considering the large crowds of people and numerous carriages to be dealt with, the police arrangements were excellent. All public buildings in the city and Chadarghat were illuminated, and private individuals lighted their premises tastefully and profusely. Those chiefly admired were the Charminar, the Chowk in Goolzar Howze, the City Bridge, Motamim Jung Bahadur's house, the Educational department office, the Public Works offices and workshop.

The committee under whom the Government entertainments, &c., were carried out consisted of Nawab Munir-ul-Mulk Bhahadur, president ; M George Palmer, Secretary to Government, P.W.D. ; Mr. Faridoonji Jamshedji, Private Secretary to his Excellency Sir Salar Jung, and Syed Ali Khan Bahadur, Municipal Commissioner of Hyderabad.

IMPOSING DURBAR AT BARODA.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

BARODA, FEB. 17.

The celebration of the Jubilee was announced to the public of the Baroda City by the firing of a salute of 101 guns by his Highness the Maharaja Gaekwar's Artillery at sunrise yesterday. The whole city is in holiday attire, and gay with innumerable flags and bunting.

At 7-30 a.m. a review of British troops was held in the Baroda Camp.

At 4-30 p.m., a Durbar was held by the Maharaja, at which the Agent to the Governor-General, all the European officers of the station, and all the principal Sirdars, Darakdars and officers were present. The Agent to the Governor-General was received with the usual military honours. After the Durbar had taken their seats, the Agent to the Governor-General handed over to the Maharaja a sealed packet containing a *kharita* from his Excellency the Viceroy. Colonel Berkeley then read a copy of the *kharita*, and a Gujerati translation of it was read by his native assistant. In the *kharita* allusion was made to the great benefits experienced under the benign and beneficent rule of her Majesty, and assurance was conveyed of her Majesty's desire to extend on all occasions her warm sympathy and hearty assistance to support the authority of the Maharaja and enhance his personal consideration, and to maintain unbroken the cordial relations which have subsisted between her Majesty's Government and his Highness the Maharaja. When the reading of the *kharita* was over, a salute of 31 guns was fired by the State guns which were posted in the arena to the east of the Nazar Bagh Palace, where the Durbar was held.

After the distribution of attar and pan supari, his Highness the Maharaja, the Agent to the Governor General, the European officers and the Durbarees drove over to the Warasha Parade Ground to witness the review of the State troops. In the evening the City and the Public Park were illuminated. The illuminations and decorations were planned out by the Municipal Commissioner under instructions from his Excellency the Minister on a grand scale. Three miles of roads were illuminated in hundreds of artistic designs. Inside the City and the Public Park the illuminations were superb. A huge transparent Jubilee arch, a piece of glittering chrystal, decorated with the Crown, life-sized pictures of the Empress and Prince of Wales, and huge Jubilee lamps with figures of the Maharaja and the Heir apparent were among the gratifying novelties.

The authorities were careful in not being too lavish upon mere display. They were unsparing in employing ingenuity and perseverance in giving the utmost *eclat* to the Jubilee.

At 8 p.m., a State banquet was given to the European ladies and gentlemen of the station. At the banquet Colonel Berkeley made a speech eulogising the Baroda administration in high terms and announced that the title of G. C. S. I. was conferred on the Maharaja by her Majesty's Government.

After banquet there was a magnificent display of fireworks in the Public Park.

This morning an assemblage of children was held in the College compound, pieces of poetry specially composed for the occasion were recited by select boys and girls, and the boys of the singing class sang some pieces composed by Professor Moulabux. Sweetmeats were then distributed. The sports in the arena were as usual exciting and interesting.

THE CELEBRATION AT MADRAS : THE PRESIDENCY ADDRESS : SPEECH BY THE GOVERNOR.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, FEB. 17.

The Jubilee Celebration Committee here started operations with plenty of money, about a lakh-and-a-quarter having been subscribed to the Madras central committee. Most of this will be divided between the Madras Technical Institute and a casket and address and the Imperial Institute. The balance was devoted to the local celebration.

The proceedings commenced at 7-45 on Wednesday morning with a review on the island, witnessed by several thousands of people. The troops present were the Governor's Body Guard, a wing of the Bedfordshire Regiment, the Madras Volunteer Guards, including the Mounted Company, also the Madras Railway Volunteers and the 7th Native Infantry. These were reviewed by Major-General Johnson, and the affair was successful throughout.

A fancy fair was held on the island during the day, care being taken to have all booths at sufficient distances apart to prevent accidents or fire during the day.

All the poor of Madras were fed at various centres.

At 11 there were Jubilee services held at three of the principal churches. Services were held at other places of worship during the day.

During the afternoon 190 schools in the city were the scenes of festivity, the scholars being fed at the expense of the Jubilee Committee and the Madras Government.

At 5-30 came the principal feature of the day's proceedings, namely the presentation of the presidencial address to the Governor and the reply by him, followed by the singing of the National Anthem. The site selected was the wide flight of steps leading to the Banqueting Hall, and the ceremony was witnessed by many thousand people of all classes.

On arrival of the Governor, the Hon. P. P. Hutchins, Chief Secretary to Government, and the Chairman of the Central Committee, said the deputation before his Excellency comprised nearly all the members of the Executive Jubilee Committee for the city, which has also appointed central committees to concert measures with their fellow-subjects in the mofussil for the due celebration of the Jubilee. Anxious endeavours had been made to enlist the co-operation from every part of the Presidency, and their invitations had been received with the utmost cordiality everywhere. The address had been accepted and signed by every district or local committee, and nearly 100 committees of various sub-divisions or towns. He therefore claimed to be the mouth-piece of the whole population of the Presidency. This unanimity might be regarded as the distinctive feature of the Madras celebration. He then read an address to the Queen, asking his Excellency to telegraph to the Queen the purport of it, and that the address itself might be forwarded when the casket is ready so as to reach the Queen by the 20th June.

The Governor replied that he had wished to receive an address in such a way that all classes might participate in the ceremonial. In the name of the Queen-Empress he thanked the people of all classes for the hearty expression of loyalty their address contained. It was a worthy portion of that joyous and harmonious chorus of thanksgiving which that day resounded from the Khyber Pass to Cape Comorin. It was not for him to presume to interpret the sentiments of her Majesty upon receiving this respectful token of the homage of her Majesty's subjects ; but the record of her Majesty's daily life supplied striking and ample proof of the interest she took in everything which affected the progress, prosperity and security of her people. He was confident her Majesty would be gratified to learn that the people of Southern India were convinced that her reign had been distinguished by that glorious advance in civilization which the address so eloquently described. The acknowledgments now made of British help in time of famine here, would cement more closely than ever the hearts of the British people to their fellow-subjects here. Alluding to the triumphs that have marked the Queen's reign, he said that education, railroads, telegraphs, sanitation, and water-supply were prolific parents, and would be productive of numerous blessings yet unborn ; but if our prosperity here was still to increase, the loyal people of Madras knew full well this could only be attained by the maintenance of that Paramount Power whose just and vigorous rule in India was the only guarantee the people had against a recurrence of strife, misery and oppression.

After acknowledging the munificence of many individuals throughout the presidency his Excellency announced that the Queen had ordered through the local Government, the release of over two thousand prisoners ; also to remit part of the sentences of over 2,200 others. All debtors in jail owing Rs. 100 or less would be released that day throughout the Presidency, and the decrees under which they were confined satisfied out of the public funds. The Governor then proceeded to announce the honours bestowed on loyal persons, each name being well received.

The National Anthem was then sung by a large specially organised choir, and the ceremony ended.

A State dinner was given at Government House in the evening.

A large display of fireworks took place on the island at night.

Good order was maintained throughout. No accidents happened. The illuminations were very good, especially at the Madras Railway Central station.

THE FESTIVITIES AT AHMEDABAD.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

AHMEDABAD, FEB. 17.

On the 16th, at 8 a.m., there was a grand parade of the troops, and a Royal Salute of 101 guns was fired.

At 9 a.m. 9,000 school children were feasted in Budhur. Subsequently there was a procession of the Thakores and Native Chieftains through the town.

At 4 p.m. a grand Durbar of European and native officials and Chieftains was held.

At 7 p.m. the illumination of the town commenced. At 9 p.m. a grand nautch was given by the assembled Talukdars at Seth Huthsingh's residence.

All the poor in the town were fed at Kagda Peit from 11 to 3.

On the 17th a fair was held all day at Kankria Tank. At 5 p.m. European and native sports took place also at the Kankria Tank. At 7 p.m. there was again grand illuminations and display of fireworks at the same place. At 9 p.m. a dinner was given at the Collector's residence.

The Jubilee festivities passed off successfully without the least accident. The people assembled in large numbers to witness the celebrations which consisted of a general thanksgiving and a prayer for her Imperial Majesty, a *fete* to school boys and girls, the feeding of the poor with cooked food, fireworks, and illuminations. Great enthusiasm prevailed among the people throughout the day, which was observed as a holiday.

All the leading citizens, including the Desai, who figured the most, and all the Government servants took a prominent part in the proceedings. Among those present were Jibhai, Dasabhai, Fatumia, Municipal Commissioners, Mamlatdar, Sub-Judge, Registrar, Availkharkoon, Nazir, schoolmasters and mistresses. The event is to be commemorated by a permanent public institution at a cost of more than Rs. 3,000, the nature of which will be settled hereafter.

THE FESTIVITIES AT AKOLA.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

AKOLA, FEB. 17.

Thousands of rupees were expended in racing, sports, &c.

The proceedings commenced with a Royal Salute, and a military parade. Then followed, pony, bullock, donkey, camel, hurdle, chatty and other races, under the able management of Messrs. Fraser and Preston.

Mr. Yassin Khan generously distributed toys to the European children. Sweetmeats were also distributed to the children, and food and clothing to the poor. The illumination and fair excelled all previous exhibitions. An address was adopted for presentation to the Empress. A nautch was held. There was also a magnificent display of fireworks. The usual run of native festivities also formed a feature of the programme.

A large sum has been set aside by the committee towards a permanent memorial, for which contributions are daily pouring in. Much praise is due to Messrs. Fraser, Preston, Deorao Vinayek, Municipal Vice-President, Jayakrishna, Babaji, Abbasbeg, Hanmantrao, Karim Khan, Inspector Dhondji, Chief Constable Shaik Hyder and others for their praiseworthy exertions.

DURBAR AND GARDEN PARTY AT BAHAWULPORE.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

BAHAWULPORE, FEB. 17.

At Bahawulpore the Jubilee was celebrated by the firing of a salute of 101 guns. There was a general parade of all his Highness's troops at 9 a.m., after which open air sports were held and prizes given by his Highness. At 5-30 a Durbar was held, which was attended by all the officials and Sirdars of the State.

Mr. Green, Assistant Commissioner, on the part of the Punjab Government, presented a *kharita* from his Excellecy the Viceroy, after which the Nawab made a speech and dismissed the Durbar.

Then followed a garden party in the grounds of Noor Mahal, and after dark a grand display of fireworks was witnessed from the Municipal Hall.

The permanent memorial is a tramway connecting the city with the railway station.

City prisoners were released, and each given the means to reach his home.

Rejoicings and illumination simultaneously took place in all the large towns of the State.

Congratulatory telegrams were despatched to the Punjab Government and his Excellency the Viceroy.

THE CELEBRATION AT BELGAUM.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

BELGAUM, FEB. 18.

The merchants and traders had grand illuminations and festivals last evening. Profound loyalty to her Majesty was expressed on all hands. Great credit is due to Rao Saheb Mane and Nana Jethar, merchants, for the success of the demonstration. On the 16th, the programme included a general illumination and festivals. Thanks were due to Mr. Chhatre, the Jubilee Secretary.

THE BROACH FESTIVITIES.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

BROACH, FEB. 18.

The Jubilee festivities were celebrated here on a grand scale on the 16th and 17th. The programme comprised prayer offerings, children's *fete*, fireworks, illuminations, the distribution of clothes and grain to the poor, races, sports and fairs. Amongst the citizens who were conspicuous in displaying their loyalty and devotion to the Empress were Messrs. Kalianrai Hakoomatrai, Desai and Inamdar of Kulum, Mr. Bomonjee Modi, Huzoor Deputy Collector, and Mr. Choonilal Venilal, District Deputy Collector. Desai Kalianrai also fed nearly sixteen hundred infirm and poor, and his street and mansion house presented a spectacle never before witnessed in Broach.

THE FESTIVITIES IN KATTYWAR STATE.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

CHUDA, FEB. 17.

A correspondent sends us the following glowing account of the festivities at Chuda in Kattywar :—

The great Jubilee day is gone, but the memory of its greatness, magnificence, its peculiar sacredness and unique success can never go from the thoughts of those who had the good luck to witness the Jubilee celebration here. The whole proceeding had something of solemn sanctity in it, as if some superhuman power were at work to direct and guide the thoughts and actions of man to unique success. The enthusiasm, ecstacy of delight and general excitement attending all the details of the pre-arranged programme were unique and too genuine to be fairly treated in telegram.

The Public Durbar, children's fete, feeding of the poor, release of well-conducted prisoners, thanksgiving service, illuminations, display of fireworks, royal banquet, assemblage of women to sing garbas, mandlies of professional prayers specially engaged, public fair, general decorations, and alleries of amusements, though inanimate, vied, full of life, with each other for supremacy of success.

PUBLIC MEETING AT DAKORE.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

DAKORE, FEB. 17.

The whole of the town was illuminated in commemoration of the Jubilee by the Municipality, and all other conspicuous places by their owners.

A spacious mandup had been specially erected, where a grand meeting was held on the evening of the 16th. Songs of praise were sung by schoolboys and girls, and prizes and sweetmeats, were distributed.

The large assemblage then turned to the Gomti Talao, where fireworks were let off. Then the assemblage returned to the mandup, where pan soparee, attar, goolab, c were distributed Thanks were unanimously passed to Dr. Sunker Hurry and Mr. Jeshunker, the secretary, for the great pains they had taken in making the Jubilee celebration a success. The meeting was dissolved after prayers had been offered for the continuance of long life to her Majesty the Queen-Empress.

A similar display will take to-day at the bungalow of Rao Saheb Munoherao, Inamdar of Dakore.

THE REJOICINGS AT DEWAS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

DEWAS, FEB. 18.

The following festivities took place here on the 16th :—Parade of troops, a treat to the school children and troops, procession, public fair, release of prisoners, reading of a *kharita* in Durbar, recitation of verses composed in honour of the Empress of India, Royal Salute, presentation of addresses, illumination of the town, fireworks, and rejoicings in the districts. There were also on the 17th public amusements throughout the day, a garden party to Sirdars, officers, &c.

DURBAR AT GONDAL.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

GONDAL VIA RAJKOTE, FEB. 17.

As far as they have gone, the Jubilee rejoicings have passed off very successfully.

A public fair was held near Panchnath. The Chief Karbhari, Mr. Bejonjee Merwanjee, held a Durbar at Navlakha Palace in honour of the occasion. The heir-apparent Bhojrajji represented his Highness the Thakore Saheb, who is absent in Europe. The Durbar was attended by all the officials and the elite of the town. The Chief Karbhari commenced the proceedings by making an appropriate speech to the following effect :—

"We have met here to-day in honour of the Jubilee year of her Most Gracious Majesty Queen Victoria, Empress of India, who has attained the fiftieth year of her great and glorious reign. It seldom falls to the lot of an individual to be ruler of a people ; it is rarer still to rule over a vast and extensive empire on which the sun does not set, and the rarest event ever recorded in the pages of history will be no other than the uniformly successful career of Sovereign, a and that too, a female Sovereign, like our beloved Queen-Empress—wielding her imperial sceptre for half a century with considerable tact, ability and moderation, and showing boundless sympathy for the well-being and the advancement of millions of her subjects. India has enjoyed under her benign sway the inestimable boon of uninterrupted peace, progress and prosperity ; and therefore, we have every reason to rejoice on the present occasion. Her personal virtues and exemplary life, added to the most genuine interest she always takes in the welfare of her Indian subjects, have already won the hearts of our people by whom she is loved and respected as a kind mother and revered as a goddess. As a humble mark of devotion to her Most Gracious Majesty the Queen-Empress, let us all sincerely wish and pray for her long life, long reign, unbroken health and happiness. In conclusion it may be stated that the presence of his Highness the Thakor Saheb at this juncture would have lent considerable *eclat* to the occasion, though it is scarcely necessary to add that he shares our rejoicings with all sincerity."

After the above address had been delivered, laudatory verses in Hindi and Sanscrit were recited. The State band played "God Save the Queen," and also gave it voice in capital style.

Before breaking up the Durbar, the Chief Karbhari announced the substance of the Thakor Saheb's telegram from Edinburgh, expressing a desire to liberate certain prisoners in honour of the Jubilee. The news was received with great satisfaction by all.

A salute of a hundred and one guns was fired.

The prisoners of the jails and inmates of Bai Saheb Ba Asylum and the Orphanage were provided with dainties and the school children sumptuously feted.

To-night the town is magnificently illuminated. Pyrotechnic displays took place on the river side. The day was also celebrated in the principal Mahals of the State.

THE REJOICINGS IN THE MIRAJ STATE.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

MIRAJ, FEB. 18.

The Jubilee of the H. I. M. the Queen-Empress of India was celebrated throughout the State of Miraj (Junior) on the 16th and 17th instant, both days being observed as holidays. At all sub-divisional stations Durbars were held by the local authorities, who explained to the people the blessings of her Majesty's long reign. Charities were given to the poor, public buildings were illuminated, sweetmeat was distributed to children in the schools, and fireworks were let off.

On the return of the young Chief to-day from Kolhapur, whither he had gone to attend the Political Agent's Durbar, a Durbar was held at the Chief's residence in Miraj, which was illuminated with Chinese lanterns and butties. An address, short but suitable to the occasion, was given to the Mankaris and officials.

A dinner was given to the servants in honour of the occasion. Three prisoners were released, and a partial remission of sentence of imprisonment was given to six prisoners in the State jail.

The distribution of clothes and fireworks brought to a close this auspicious ceremony.

THE CELEBRATION AT MANDALAY.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, FEB. 17.

Telegrams have been reaching the *Rangoon Gazette*, announcing the successful celebration of the Jubilee all over the Province.

Mandalay was extensively decorated with triumphal arches. A large pandal, lined with scarlet, with gilt pillars, was erected on the site chosen for the Railway Station. A great crowd of all nationalities filled and surrounded it, their varied dresses producing a brilliant effect. Two of Theebaw's sisters, four of Mindone Min's Queens, and a crowd of Princesses were present, blazing with jewels.

The bestowal of the C. I. E. on the Myo Woon caused general dissatisfaction amongst the Burmese, who cordially dislike him. It was noted with regret that more space was allotted to his family than all the Queens, Princesses, and other Burmese ladies present.

Sir C. Bernard and Sir C. Arbuthnot arrived at noon. The former made a good speech.

A salute was fired, and the bands of six native regiments played the National Anthem.

In consequence of the late hour, and the intense heat, no European troops were present.

The prominent figures at the celebration were Theebaw Tsawbwa and two of his wives.

Grand preparations are being made for the illumination to-night. Dances and pooys will be given by all nationalities, and these entertainments will continue for a week.

JUBILEE DAY AT MALEGAON CAMP.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

MALEGAON, FEB. 17.

This little cantonment commemorated, the never-to-be-forgotten Jubilee of her Most Gracious Majesty the Queen-Empress by an illumination of the principal streets which had a very pretty effect. During the 16th grain, clothing and oil were distributed to the deserving poor and sweetmeats to the children, who thoroughly appreciated this substantial manner in which the auspicious event was marked to them.

The happiness of the little ones and care for the poor and needy ever have the tender regard of the beloved Sovereign who will soon have completed a reign of half a century.

TORCH LIGHT PROCESSION AT MHOW.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT).

MHOW, FEB. 17.

The Jubilee was celebrated here to-day. The arrangements for the opening of the Victoria home for medical and other relief to the poor are in full swing. A Victoria Jubilee Vernacular School has been started under the management of the Central India Association. Flour, money and blankets have been liberally distributed to the poor and distressed. Athletic and other gymnastic sports were held near the police office, which was elegantly decorated and illuminated. The Telegraph and the Post offices, the Court house and the Bazaar were profusely illuminated.

The most unique feature of this celebration was a torch-light procession of the native inhabitants, headed by the regimental bands of the 4th Rifles and 1st Lancashire. The procession started from Montgomery Street and marched to General Gillespie's residence to request him to convey the people's congratulations to her Most Gracious Majesty. Khan Bahadoor Bejonji having performed this duty, the Major-General consented to communicate the same and expressed his pleasure with the great loyalty shown by the people. The procession then went to pay their respects to Colonel Playfair, and afterwards marched through the principal streets in the bazaar. The festivities were brought to a close by a magnificent display of fireworks, and cheer after cheers for the Queen-Empress. Thanksgiving Services were held in places of worship under the directions of Dastur Cursedjee and Kazi Hahiz Akram. The Parsee agiary and the Mahomedan mosque were beautifully illuminated. The gentlemen that took the most prominent part in successfully carrying out the programme were Khan-Bahadoor Bejonjee Sorabjee, Messrs. Khory, Hyderalli Isaji, Kazi Akram, Dustoor Cursedjee, Seths Shreram Choonilal, Mohendranath Burdaji, Messrs. Abdoolla Imdadally, Cardoza and Ilahibax Thewary.

The European officers have a grand ball to-night Native music and songs are heard everywhere.

(FROM ANOTHER CORRESPONDENT.)

MHOW, FEB. 18.

The Central India Association opened a Vernacular School in commemoration of the Jubilee yesterday ; there was a good gathering of members. The Association not wishing to make a fuss at the beginning did not issue general invitations. Seth Sreeram Choonilal Balmokund, K. K. Chatterjee, Jamsedjee Gustadjee, and Mohendranath Chatterjee addressed the meeting, after which a conversazione was held, at which many new members joined. The Association subscribed Rs. 2,000. A house has been purchased for the School and Association. Amongst others Seths Kanyalal, Sreeram Choonilal, Harkissen Radhabullub, Balmokund Kajorimul, and Aukar Mohendranath Chatterjee are donors. The meeting separated after the distribution of sweetmeats and *pan supari* to the boys and others.

THE REJOICINGS AT NAGPUR.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

NAGPUR, FEB. 17.

On Wednesday morning, a meeting was held at the City School, attended by thousands of people of all classes. The building was tastefully decorated. A congratulatory address was read, and the boys sang Jubilee verses and the National Anthem.

At 11 o'clock a similar meeting was held in the merchants' quarters in a pavilion. During the night the town was splendidly illuminated, as were also private premises, the roads, the big tank. There was also a display of fireworks.

To-day the boys of the seven schools in the town were feted ; alms were given to the poor, religious processions were formed, kirtans and prayer meetings took place in the mosques and temples. The whole affair was very successful, and the like of it has not been seen by the oldest residents. The arrangements were carried out by the native community, under the superintendence of the Municipality and the Loka Sabha.

A State Durbar was held on the 16th, when addresses from the several districts were read.

PROCESSION AT NARIAD.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

NARIAD, FEB. 17.

The Jubilee festivities were continued to-day on the same grand scale as yesterday. A large imposing procession, consisting of hundreds of people preceded by a thousand schoolboys carrying banners and chanting the National Anthem, and by a band of musicians, marched from Mr. Dinshawjee's bungalow to Kalkamata's temple. They offered up prayers there and returned to Mr. Chundulal's residence, where the procession broke up. The procession was the first of its kind here, and was the grandest and most attractive part of the festivities. At noon prizes were distributed to the boys and girls of the Vernacular and Urdu Schools by Mr. Chundulal, as well as to the best reciters of poems, by Mr. Dinshaw on behalf of the Municipality. In the evening prayers were chanted in Hatkesar Mahadev's temple, and the ceremonies of the day were concluded by a brilliant display of fireworks in the railway suburbs which had been most tastefully illuminated, and by a singing party at the bungalow of Rao Bahadur Motiram, Chairman, Nariad Municipality. The bungalow had been illuminated splendidly.

INDUSTRIAL SHOW AT NASIK.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

NASIK, FEB. 18.

The Jubilee festivities passed off most successfully here. The programme on the 16th consisted of public prayers, distribution of clothes and food to the poor, the holding of a Durbar and illuminations.

On the 17th the Industrial Show was opened. The boys and girls of all the schools assembled, and prizes and sweetmeats were distributed. The rejoicings concluded with a social gathering of European and native gentlemen. The illuminations were splendid, and the Municipal and police arrangements excellent.

FETES AT RAJKOT.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

RAJKOT, FEB. 17.

After the Durbar yesterday, 14 prisoners were released from the Jail, and the sentences on others were remitted.

At 11 a.m. a treat was given to eight hundred children of the regimental and other schools in Rajkot station, and nine hundred blind, lame and poor persons were feasted at the Dharmsala, five hundred also getting blankets and clothes.

At noon a short service was held in the Church, when Jubilee prayers were read and the National Anthem sung by the congregation.

During the afternoon a fair was held on the Maidan, and was very popular. The illuminations were started at 7 p. m. All the Government buildings and many private houses were lighted up, also the principal streets, the College, Kothi Lang Library and the High School, making a most effective display.

A dinner was given at Kothi. Col. Wodehouse proposed the toast of the Queen-Empress, which was heartily responded to, and all stood up to sing "God save the Queen." Fireworks on the race course followed. A large crowd had collected to see them. This morning the Regimental and Agency police sports took place, most of the events being well contested, and the prizes good.

The fair on the Maidan was continued in the afternoon.

At 5 o'clock the Political Agent laid the foundation-stone of a Taluka boys' school to be built by the Thakore Saheb of Rajkot to commemorate the Jubilee.

At 6 there was a *fete* and sports in the People's Park for native gentlemen, at which the Political Agent was present. At 8 the Thakore Saheb of Rajkot gave a banquet in the garden palace to the Political Agent and European residents of the station.

THE CELEBRATION AT RANGOON.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, FEB. 17.

The Jubilee festivities were more successful than yesterday. The programme has been similar and need not be repeated. At the Regatta the Pantanaw girls beat a crew of the Rangoon Boat Club amidst wild excitement.

A splendid ball given on behalf of Sir Charles Bernard, is now going on at Government House. Seven hundred invitations were issued.

THE CELEBRATION AT SURAT.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

SURAT, FEB. 16.

A grand Thanksgiving was held by the Mahomedans of this City at the Khajee Duwaria Musjid at 10 a.m., under the leadership of Nawab Meer Ghulam Baba, Khan Bahadur, who had issued handbills inviting them for prayers. The Nawab started in a procession from his Palace, accompained by Nawab Meer Abdul Russool Allum Khan and his brother, and Meer Monaffur Hoosein Khan and Meer Jaffer Ali Khan. The procession passed by the Duria Mehel, whence Buxi Meer Ajmoodin Khan Saheb with his followers joined the party. On reaching the musjid, Meer Ghulam Baba Khan explained the object of the meeting to the large assembly numbering about ten thousand Mahomedans. Meer Jaffer Ali Khan then read at the desire of his father the address to her Majesty drawn up in Persian. The address pointed the advantages of peace, good government and happiness which subjects of every race and creed enjoy under the benign rule of her Majesty. Then followed prayers for her Majesty's health and happiness, for the choicest blessings, and the longest lease of life that it is in the power of the Most High to shower upon her Imperial Majesty. The greatest enthusiasm prevailed. Thirty maunds of sweetmeats were distributed, and all Mahomedans were offered milk. On the dispersion of the meeting, the Nawab Meer Ghulam Baba and party returned to the Palace.

In the evening a Durbar was held at the Municipal Hall, under the presidency of Mr. W.B. Mulock. It ended by the distribution of flowers and *pan supari*.

At 8 p.m., commenced a display of fireworks on the banks of the Tapti.

Buxi Meer Nijmoodin Khan having invited a number of gentlemen to an evening party at his Duria Mehel the fireworks were seen from his Palace. There was a standing supper at the Buxi's, and grand illuminations in the evening.

The fireworks being over the whole party proceeded from the Buxi's palace to the palace of Nawab Meer Ghulam Baba in response to an invitation to witness the illuminations. The Nawab had also provided for a dance and a supper for the European ladies and gentlemen of the station, and refreshments for Parsis, Mahomedans and Hindus, for whom a grand *Shamiana* was set apart. The supper over was followed by a dance in the big hall of the palace. It lasted till midnight

Talukdari School. The band then played th National Anthem, when all stood up. A *feu-de-joie* was then fired. Sweetmeats and other refreshments were served throughout, followed by the ordinary courtesies.

At night the Cutcherry and Camp were splendidly illuminated, which, with the natural scenery of the Nerbudda, presented a picturesque aspect, the display of fireworks adding to its charm. There was great enthusiasm.

DECORATIONS AND ILLUMINATIONS AT WUDHWAN.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

WUDHWAN, FEB. 17.

The Wudhwan civil station was not behind-hand in showing its loyalty to the Queen-Empress in connection with Jubilee holidays. General rejoicings prevailed, and there were splendid decorations and illuminations everywhere. The B. B. and C. I. Railway station was most tastefully and elaborately decorated and illuminated. The principal inhabitants were invited to witness the illuminations by the station master, Mr. Byramjee, who distributed pan, goolab, &c. There were also fairs, cricket matches and sports, and a children's *fete* organised by the Zoroastrian Club. Prayers were publicly offered for her Majesty's long life, and a special prayer was sung by the principal Surat inhabitants of the station at Dr. Thakurdas' house. The Zoroastrian Club had a dinner, when loyal toasts were enthusiastically drunk.

(FROM ANOTHER CORRESPONDENT.)

WADHWAN, FEB. 17.

The principal natives of Surat in the station attended a prayer meeting last night at Dr Thakordas',

A special religious prayer had been prepared in Sanscrit for the occasion. After the service was over a splendid dinner was provided by Dr. Thakordas at his bungalow.

Rao Bahadoor Keshowrao has promised to found two scholarships to be awarded every year; one in the Taluka Girassia School, and the other in the Victoria Jubilee Girls' Institute.

A movement has been set on foot for providing a Victoria Jubilee Ward. The Chief of Bajanna has made a liberal donation of Rs. 1,000, Rao Bahadoor Keshawrao and Dr. Thakordas have each subscribed Rs. 51, the latter in honour of the memory of his late aunt, Nannigowri.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

DHARAMPURE, FEB. 18.

A special State Durbar was held last night, and the Durbar palace and premises were illuminated on a grand scale the same night. Dancing and sports were also simultaneously held for the amusement of the people.

THE CELEBRATION IN BOMBAY.

The inmates of the Sassoon Reformatory were on Wednesday provided with a treat at the expense of three of the directors of the institution. In the afternoon, the boys, numbering about 250, sat down in the compound to a sumptuous dinner after which each boy was served with country sweetmeats. Merry-go-rounds and other sports were also provided for them, and the boys thoroughly enjoyed themselves. In the evening the whole place and garden were brilliantly illuminated.

The students of the Wilson's College and the advanced students of the school connected with it celebrated the Queen-Empress's Jubilee on Wednesday evening at the institution, situated in Khetwady. The teachers of the College and school as well as several ladies were present. Refreshments and sweetmeats were provided. Several addresses were delivered during the evening. It is intended to raise a fund in connection with the Jubilee for the establishmen of a library or endowment of prizes at the College.

The men employed in the Salt Department at Matoonga also celebrated the Jubilee on Wednesday evening. A thanksgiving service was performed in Wittoba's temple, which, as well as the Sircarcoon's office, were illuminated in the evening. After prayer the men went in a procession to the Sircarcoon's office, where *pan supari*, &c., were distributed. A subscription has been raised for the purpose of erecting a Jubilee column near the Sircarcoon's office.

On Thursday last, in Mr. Nusserwanjee Tatta's fire-temple at Bandora, a thanksgiving service was performed in honour of the Jubilee. There was a large attendance of Parsees. The arrangements for the *Jusson* were made by Mr. Eduljee Cowasjee Bisnee.

On Wednesday and Thursday last, in honour of the Jubilee of the Queen-Empress, 210 prisoners in all were released from the Bombay Jails, namely 122 from the County jail and 88 from the House of Correction.

The Orthodox Zoroastrian Society celebrated the Queen Empress's Jubilee at Albless Baug on Thursday afternoon with a thanksgiving service and a dinner. At 4 p.m., Dustoor Jamaspjee Minocherjee performed the *jusson* or grand thanksgiving service before a large congregation of Parsees. The whole place was tastefully decorated and illuminated. About 250 gentlemen sat down to dinner at 7 o'clock in the evening in honour of the occasion, Sir Dinshaw Manockjee Petit presiding. The chairman proposed the toast of her Majesty, which was drunk with all honours, the whole assembly standing in response to it. The toast of the Viceroy was proposed by Mr. Dhunjeebhoy Framjee Patell, and that of Lord Reay by Mr. Manekshah J. Talleyarkhan. The toast of the chairman, proposed by Dr. Dosabhoy Bejonjee, was received with loud cheers and prolonged applause. Dr. Dosabhoy said that the title of knighthood was very worthily bestowed upon Sir Dinshaw Manockjee Petit, whose large-heartedness and numerous acts of benevolence had endeared him not only to his co-religionists, but also to the several communities inhabiting the vast continent of India. Mr. Perozsha Bottlivalla sang some native songs composed in honour of the occasion. Thanks were voted to Mr. Shapurjee M. Katrak, Mr. Rustomjee Framjee Wadia, and Mr. Byramjee Dadabhoy Banajee, for the successful arrangements made by them for the ceremony and the banquet.

The celebration of the Jubilee among the students of St. Xavier's College took place at the College Hall on Thursday last. A large number of students and all the Professors of the College were present. The hall was splendidly decorated with flags and evergreens. The party were entertained to vocal and instrumental music, in which several of the Professors and students took part. A song, specially composed for the occasion, was sung to the accompaniment of the piano by some of the Rev. Fathers of the Institution, and it was cheerfully received. At 4 p.m., the Rev. Fr. Jürgens, S.J., a Professor of the College, delivered a most interesting and instructive lecture on the progress of science during the last 50 years of the Queen-Empress's reign, in which he gave an accurate account of the discoveries that have been made in the field of science since the accession of her Majesty. At the close of the lecture, which lasted for over three-quarters of an hour, the students, together with the Professors, adjourned downstairs where they were provided with ample refreshments. One of the features of the proceedings was the presence of the Roman Catholic Archbishop-elect, the Most Rev. Dr. G. Porter, S.J., who arrived with the Pro-Vicar Apostolic, the Rev. Fr. Willie and Mr. Hamilton, C.S. Sessions Judge of Thana, at 6 p.m., and was most cordially received with loud cheers and acclamations of joy. The Rev. Jul. Mayr, Rector of the College, thanked him, on behalf of the students, for his kind presence on the occasion, in reply to which his Grace, in a brief but appropriate speech, expressed his great pleasure in finding himself amid "such a learned body of men," and congratulated the students on their zeal for learning and physical culture and their devotion to their College. On their departure, garlands were placed round their necks, and they left amid showers of flowers and nosegays and amid loud applause. At 7 p.m. a torch-light procession of the students, accompanied by the Professors and the College Band, marched from the College, with flags flying, and proceeded through Cruickshank Road to the Apollo Pier *via* Elphinstone Circle; returning whence the procession halted at the Queen's Statue, where Samuel Harraden's "India's National Anthem" was, amid the utmost enthusiasm, sung by the students, assisted by the College Professors, to the accompaniment of the College band. Marching thence through the Esplanade Fair, they returned to the College at 9 p.m., when the party dispersed, having enjoyed a most pleasant evening.

On Wednesday last there was a *hari kirtan* and thanksgiving ceremony at the temple named Bhowanishanker belonging to Mrs. Luxmeebai Venayekraojee Jagonnathjee Sunker Sett. Mr. Bhaskerao B. Pitale explained the object of the meeting and recounted many deeds and acts of benevolence and good government of her Majesty. A sermon was preached by Ved Murti Bhaskar Bhut Shreedhor Mohorai. The National Anthem and some hymns were sung. There were present Messrs. Purbhudass Kissondass Modi, Bhaskerao Balcrushnajee Pitale, Damoderao B. Pitale, Raoji B. Borodkar, &c. Byragees and numerous mill hands joined in the procession. In the evening the place was illuminated and decorated with flags.

At the performance of the thanksgiving ceremony at the Wadia fire-temple on Wednesday last, five high priests, assisted by about one hundred priests, officiated. After the *jusson* ceremony was over, Mr. Nusserwanjee Byramjee, secretary to the Parsee Punchayet Trust funds, read out eloquently a statement in Gujerati to the following effect:—"The Trustees beg to express their obligations to the Parsee community for having promptly responded to their invitation, and assembled in such a large number at the public thanksgiving to the Almighty on this auspicious occasion of the Jubilee of the reign of our beloved Sovereign, the Empress of India, whose public and private virtues are beyond all praises. The ever-revolving whirligig of time having destined the downfall of the imperial sway of our most beloved old Iran (Persia), and the despotic functionaries of the new regime having ruthlessly desolated our sacred fire-temples and our consecrated last resting places, adding insult to injury by their deliberately building on the very sites their own places of worship and their magnificent palaces for their worldly enjoyment, our ancestors as a last and painful resource, leaving their dear hearths and their homes, and sacrificing all their worldly goods, sought an asylum in India. Though in the beginning of that settlement in this their adopted country, they had to undergo many trials; but most fortunately for them, under the just and benign British rule they rapidly advanced in prosperity, and enjoyed complete security of person and property; and above all they enjoyed in peace, perfect freedom of religion. We all are sure that so long as this now powerful rule continues to sway over us (and we pray that it may away over us for ever), we will continue to enjoy all the aforesaid blessings. We need hardly say that all the prosperity, happiness and religious freedom which we have so well enjoyed during the last fifty years, are almost entirely due to the personal and parental influence of our beloved Sovereign Empress Victoria and her benign and most auspicious reign. It behoves, therefore, every member of our Zoroastrian community as loyal subjects to offer our most fervent prayers to the Great Almighty that the just and tolerant British Raj might exist for ever, that all its functionaries, strictly following the praiseworthy fundamental principles of this just rule, may continue to guard and protect the lives and properties, and above all religious places and institutions, so that the loyal and teeming population of India may with grateful hearts shower their choicest blessings on our most gracious Lady Sovereign and her benign sway. Let us, with supplicant hearts, once more offer up our fervent prayers to the Great Architect of the Universe that He with his omnipotent arm may guard and protect our Gracious Sovereign, prolong her life, and give her health and strength, so that she might be spared with all enjoyments to rule over us for many more years to come—Amen! Amen!"

In conclusion, Mr. Nusserwanjee announced that for the purpose of commemorating the Jubilee, the trustees had established the "Victoria Jubilee Pehlvi Fund," to which Rs. 8,500 had already been subscribed.

A *hari kirtan*, *i. e.*, praises to the Almighty on the auspicious event of the Jubilee of her Majesty's glorious reign was preached last Wednesday at the Gond Sarsawat Thakurdwar, Breach Candy Road. The temple was full to overflowing, and almost all the members of that community, the poor and the rich, the young and the old, had assembled to demonstrate their loyalty and to participate in the rejoicing of the day. Marathi verses, composed specially by Mr. Ramchandra Bhikaji Punjikar, a member of that community, and a gentleman who has made the study of Marathi and Sanskrit his specialty, were sung on the occasion. After the distribution of sweatmeats to the children, the proceedings were brought to a close. The temple was illuminated and decorated with flags on the occasion.

Mr. Shewshunker Narayen, photographer, who has been frequently employed by Government on important and special occasions to do photographic work for them, has sent us two photographs taken by him on Jubilee day. One of them gives a portraiture of the scene at the Town Hall on Wednesday morning as his Excellency the Governor was receiving addresses from the Mofussil deputations. The flying of the Royal Standard over the roof of the Town Hall, the stalls erected for the accommodation of ladies, the persons standing on the large steps, the guard of honour, the large crowd further on, and the decorations at the Town Hall itself are brought prominently into view. The second photograph portrays the march of the procession from the Town Hall to the Cathedral, the guard of honour, the Elphinstone Circle Gardens, the crowds in the streets, and the decorations of the fine block of buildings opposite the Cathedral. Both the photographs are vivid pictures of the scenes to which they relate.

TREAT TO THE BYCULLA SCHOOLS ON THE H. M. S. BACCHANTE.

While all around them were giving themselves up to the enjoyment of the festivities in honor of the Queen's Jubilee, the orphans of the Byculla schools were almost forgotten, and the kindly thought therefore which prompted his Excellency Sir Frederick Richards to invite them to a treat on board his Flagship was thoroughly appreciated. The children, 150 in number, boys and girls, to whom the treat was given, were under the care of Miss Pennimore, the headmistress of the girls' school, and Mr. Thomas, assistant head master of the boys' school, and were conveyed on board in a Government barge by Commander E. Tully. On board Captain Moore and his officers received the party and did their best to amuse them. There were tugs-of-war, popping for oranges in buckets of water, dancing to the strains of the capital ship's band, and other amusements which the children heartily enjoyed. At about half-past five Sir Frederick Richards joined the party and was well rewarded in the sight of the happy aces around him, and the pleasure the youngsters and little ones manifested in the arrangement made for their enjoyment. At six o'clock they sat down to tea, and were waited upon by the captain and officers of the ship. After tea the fun was not done yet. Mr. White, the electrical engineer, exhibited some fine sights to the wonder of the little guests in a magic lantern with small electric lights, after which toys and presents were distributed among them. Before taking leave of their kind host and entertainers, the Rev. G. B. Norman heartily thanked them for the pleasant evening which had been spent, and the boys gave vent to their gratitude in hearty cheers.

THE JUBILEE FAIR ON THE ESPLANADE.

We are requested to state that the Jubilee Fair will remain open until the night of Monday next, the 21st instant.

The Band of the East Yorkshire Regiment and that of the Volunteer Rifles will play at the Fair between the hours of 5 and 9 p.m. this evening.

On Monday evening a limited number of carriages of purdah ladies only will be admitted between 8 and 9 p.m. from the Cruickshank Road. Applications for tickets of admission should be made to Khan Bahadoor Muncherji C. Murzban.

H. E. the Governor's Band will play at the Fair this evening at 5 o'clock the following programme of music:—

March	Tee Queen's Jubilee ... Watson.
Quadrille	Fun of the Fair ... Williams.
Valse	My Queen ... Coote.
Reminiscence of All Nations	... Godfrey.
Valse	Jubilee ... Coote.
Polka	The First Step ... Hervé.
Galop	Rotten Row ... Keler Bela.
Gavotte	Imperiale ... Faust.

The following programme of music will be played at the Fair to-day, from 7 to 9 p.m., by the band of the East Yorkshire Regiment:—

March	Ye Shepherds tell me ... Murdoch.
Overture	Light Cavalry ... Suppé.
Gavotte	... Boszetti.
Fantasia	Fair Yeden cin Stuckeben. Latsen.
Quadrille	Fun of the Fair ... Coote.
Polka	Rouge et Noir ... Coote.
Cornet Solo	The Village Festival ... Eckner.
Valse	Clasping Hands ... Hecker.

THE DURBAR AT JUNAGAD.

The following address was delivered by his Highness the Nawab Saheb of Junagad at the Durbar on Jubilee Day:—

Captain Kennedy,—With great pleasure I have to request you to convey through the proper channel to her Most Gracious Majesty the Queen-Empress my most sincere congratulations on the auspicious occasion of the Jubilee of her blessed reign, to celebrate which, you are aware, I have convened this Durbar and have invited you and my other friends to whom I offer my cordial thanks for their complying with my request to join with me in the rejoicings, which, I am glad to tell you, are also being held to-day by the people of my territory as already announced in the Extraordinary number of our *State Gazette*. It is a proud and grateful subject to observe that the great and noble principle, viz.—the sole end of all governments is to render the governed virtuous and happy, fixing their eye to the public good—is brought into practice in the illustrious reign of her Most Gracious and Imperial Majesty, whose sublime life has been devoted to the exalted object of exercising the unlimited power to do good to others and of ruling the vast Empire with eminent prudence and benevolence. Her constant study appears to be to elevate the intellectual and moral character of the numerous nations of many races, languages and religions committed to her care by Providence. With her glorious motto "Reverence Light and Guide" she is like a great light which has blessed the world and may long bless it. In short, in her Majesty's distinguished reign, many blessings have been showered on the length and breadth of the dominions, unparalleled in history for grandness and greatness and which extends from sunrise unto sunrise. We owe to her prosperous and beneficent reign the great stride the civilization has made; the spread of education, the development of industrial inventions, the means of easy communication for commerce of all kinds,—steamers, railways, electric telegraphs, &c. But our country or rather Continent India is particularly indebted to her Most Gracious Majesty for the Magna Charta in its truest and noblest sense, which, breathing feelings of generosity, benevolence and religious toleration, and pointing out the privileges under her benign rule, pledges with noble consideration and true magnanimity to Native Princes of India that—"We shall respect the rights, dignity and honour of Native Princes as our own." And to the whole India it proclaims in high-minded and gracious language that—"In their prosperity will be our strength; in their contentment our security, and in their gratitude our best reward. And may the Good or all power grant to us, and to those in authority under us, strength to carry out our these wishes for the good of our people." It is impossible that the justice and wisdom which mark these eloquent words should not be gratefully appreciated. The justest, noblest and happiest principles enunciated herein embody important truths of universal application and are most worthy of being followed as the safest guides by all rulers, small or great. Her Majesty's righteous solicitude for the good and happiness of her subjects could not but receive case heart-felt loyalty from, and win the love of, all. Her lofty virtues with which she shines forth have deservedly endeared her to all. The triumphs of peace reigning everywhere in her vast Empires have made her government most illustrious. In no reign greater liberty of person, of property, of conscience, and of speech is known and experienced. Her Imperial Majesty's righteous life not only enlightens and warms the masses under her rule, but teaches the world in what true royalty and honour consist. She excels all in this respect, and as virtues of sovereigns are said to entail happiness upon mankind, all the blessings we enjoy are due to her who never seems to forget that the end of government is the happiness of the governed. To commemorate the Jubilee year of her Most Gracious and Imperial Majesty's reign the blessings of which cannot but fill our mind with deep sense of gratitude and appreciation, we all, the Princes and Chiefs of Kattywar, have determined to erect at the head quarters of this Province, viz, Rajkot, a Jubilee Hall to contain a Museum. In addition to this I have also thought it desirable as a mark of special and local commemoration of this auspicious and rare event by founding a Scholarship of Rs. 3,000 (three thousand) a number for receiving liberal education in England (the details will be hereafter settled) and by establishing an Orphan Asylum here to be styled "The Victoria Jubilee Junagad Scholarship" and "The Victoria Jubilee Orphan Asylum." Let us now with profound sentiments of devotion and regard thank our beloved and venerated Empress, and conclude with jubilation by an invocation to Providence for its continual blessings on her Most Gracious and Imperial Majesty Alexandrina Victoria.

THE BOMBAY JUBILEE FUND.

We are requested by the Honorary Secretaries to state that the following additional sums have been subscribed to the Fund for the above celebration:—

Names.	Victoria Technical Institute.	Queen's Jubilee Fund.	School Feast.	Imperial Institute in London.	Total.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Bombay Mill Owners Association	2000	...	...	...	2,000 0
Bombay Native Piece Goods Merchants	300	...	100	100	500 0
Sir W. Wedderburn, Bart.	200	50	50	...	300 0
Mr. Dwarkadas Vasunjee	125	125	...	...	250 0
Mr. Grattan Geary	200	50	...	...	250 0
Messrs. Ritchie, Stewart and Co.	...	...	...	...	250 0
Messrs. Th. H. Moore and Co.	...	100	100	...	200 0
Messrs. Narandas Rajaram and Co.	150	50	...	...	200 0
Mr. Adamjee Peerbhoy (Second Subscription).	...	...	200	...	200 0
Messrs. Sir Charles Forbes and Co.	100	100	...	...	200 0
Mr. Desai Hariprasad Suntookram	100	40	10	...	150 0
His Highness Aga Sultan Mahomed Shah Aga Khan (Second Subscription).	...	...	100	...	100 0
Secy. Antonio de Silva, Anglo-Portuguese School	...	...	100	...	100 0
Mr. Sorabjee Framjee Patell (Second Subscription)	...	...	100	...	100 0
Mr. M. H. Starling	...	...	...	...	100 0
Mr. Nansee Peeroo Mahomed	75	25	...	...	100 0
Principal Teaching Staff and boys, Sir Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy, P. B. Institution	...	20	10	90	75 0
Messrs. Dadabhoy Hormusjee Dubash and Sons	...	...	50	...	50 0
Mr. Framjee Nusserwanjee Patell (Second Subscription)	...	...	50	...	50 0
Anjuman-I-Islam	...	...	50	...	50 0
Traffic Department B. B. and C. I. Railway Co.	...	...	...	...	47 0
Mr. P. Gomes	10	5	5	10	30 0
Mr. Louis P. Russell	...	...	30	...	30 0
Mr. R. Sterndale	...	...	25-8	...	25 8
Mr. Muljee Bhawanidas Barbhaya	10	10	5	...	25 0
Dr. F. Underwood	...	...	...	...	20 0
Mr. Dosabhai Framjee, C.S.I. (Second Subscription)	...	...	20	...	20 0
Mr. Muncherjee N. Banajee (Second Subscription)	...	...	15	...	15 0
Mr. Ghellabhai Harridas	10	5	...	...	15 0
Mr. S. G. Agnihotri	10	...	...	...	10 0
Messrs. Dinsha Suntook and Co.	...	...	...	...	10 0
Surgeon-Major Waters, (Second Subscription).	...	...	10	...	10 0
Mr. Ardesair Pestonjee Sethna	...	...	10	...	10 0
Employés in the Bill Department Bank of Bombay	...	...	...	...	5 0
S. A. C.	5	...	...	...	5 0
					5,503 8
Amount previously acknowledged					40,341 14
Total...					54,845 6

BOMBAY RACES.

FIRST DAY.

The following are the entries for this day's races:—

Stewards.—Colonel C. J. Burnett, Brigade-Surgeon A. C. Gaye, T. M. Elgate, Esq., Sir F. Souter, C.S.I., C. G. W. Macpherson, C.S.,C.I.E., A. Keyser, Esq., C.S., Dr. H. W. Gostling, Hon. Secretary. Sir F. Souter, C.S.I., Judge. Brigade-Surgeon A. C. Gaye, Starter. Mr. A. Keyser, Clerk of the Scale.

First Race.—"Selling Race."—At 3-30 p.m.—Distance 1 mile.

Capt. Conran's b a h Ellington, 8st. 11lbs., Owner.
H. H. Thakore Sahib of Rajkote's g a h Robin Gray, 9st. 5lbs., Clarke.
Mr S. A. W.'s g a h Moslem, 8st. 11lbs., Ahmed.
Mr. C. N. C.'s b a g Behram, 7st. 13lbs., Gerrard.
Mr. Hassan Khan's b a h Badrafter, 9st. 5lbs., Mahomed.

Second Race.—"Joonaghur Race."—At 4 p.m.—Distance 7 furlongs.

H. H. the Rao of Cutch's b ch m Comet, 8st. 11lbs., Ahmed.
Mr. Trevor's b ch m Columbine, 9st. 2lbs., Clarke.

Third Race.—"The Derby."—At 4-30 p.m.—Distance round course.

Aga Mooshool Shah's b a c The Marquis, 7st. 10lbs., Greenhalgh.
Mr. F.'s b a h Guiding Star, 9st. 10lbs., Capt. Conran.
H. H. Aga Khan's b a h Asadkhan, 9st., Oomer.
Mr. S. A. W.'s ch a h Denmark, 8st. 9lbs., Gerrard.
Hyderabad Confedracy's b a h Black Prince, 8st. 10lbs., Kendall.
Hyderabad Confedracy's b a h Samnite, 8st. 10lbs., Wool.
Mr. P. Ruttonjee's b a c Herat, 7st. 10lbs., Ramchurn.
Mr. Ali bin Talib's g a h Hargan, 8st. 6lbs., Jamal.

Fourth Race.—"Eclipse Stakes."—At 5 p.m.—Distance ½ mile.

Mr. Walter's g a p Commotion, 9st., Watson.
Major Bewer's b a p Kildare, 9st. 9lbs., Brawty.
H. H. Aga Khan's g a p Storm, 8st. 9lbs., Oomer.
Mr. S. A. W.'s b a p Kimberley, 8st., Ramchurn.
Aga Junjeeha's b a p Consolation, 8st. 9lbs., Gerrard.
Mr. Periwal's b a p Bonsen, 7st. 4lbs., Wool.
Mr. C. N. C.'s g a p Special, 10st., Kendall.
Mr. Bruce's g a p Greyleg, 8st. 7lbs.

Fifth Race.—"Welter Handicap."—At 5-30 p.m.—Distance 1¼ mile.

Mr. S. A. W.'s g a h Young Sultan, 8st. 12lbs., Ahmed.
Mr. P. Ruttonjee's b a h Kharatan, 9st. 7lbs., Ramchurn.
Mr. Walter's b a h Sterling, 9st., Watson.
Mr. Maurice's b a g Deception, 9st. 3lbs.
Mr. Wellman's ch a h Young Dandizette, 9st. 3lbs., Clarke.

Sixth Race.—"Cowajee Jehangeer Purse."—At 6 p.m.—Distance round course.

Aga Mooshool Shah's ch a g The Viscount, 7st. 10lbs., Greenhalgh.
Mr. Abdool Kureem's ch a g Cyrus, 8st. 6lbs., Ramchurn.
Mr. Percival's b a g Bloodstone, 9st., 4lbs., Kendall.
Mr. Jedley's j g a g Welvet, 8st. 9lbs., Capt Conran.

There was a poor attendance at the lotteries held last evening in Lockaley Hall, the premises of Abdool Rahimon Mini's stables at Bellasis Road. The following is the result of the lotteries:—

THE DERBY.

	Rs.
Sixty tickets at Rs. 5 each	300
The Marquis, sold for	5
Guiding Star, sold for	180
Assad Khan, sold for	25
Denmark, sold for	10
Black Prince, sold for	100
Samnite, sold for	100
Herat, sold for	15
Hargan, sold for	10
Total value of the lottery	645

ECLIPSE STOKES.

Ninety tickets at Rs. 5 each	450
Commotion, sold for	45
Kildare, sold for	55
Storm, sold for	25
Kimberley, sold for	45
Consolation, sold for	30
Bonsen, sold for	215
Special, sold for	135
Greyleg, sold for	55
Total value of the lottery	1,055

MR. GOSCHEN ON IRELAND.

Mr. Goschen recently addressed a meeting of working men in Liverpool. He devoted his remarks entirely to Ireland, and said the Irish would not be satisfied with a "legislative independence" which left them subject to the supremacy of the Imperial Parliament. Such a plan as that which has been proposed by Mr. Gladstone must lead, whether they wish it or not, to separation. Friction under the new plan would be as bad as the friction under the old plan. If the Irish remained at West Minster, they would be able to make their terms as they were attempting to make them now, but they should not succeed in making them if the Government was backed by the country. If they remained in Westminster they will be there to go on emancipating Ireland from the fetters which would have been imposed and from the tribute which had been suggested. On the other hand, if they had not been left there—if they had been, as was proposed by the late Government, removed from the Imperial Parliament and confined to Ireland, there would then have been two rival Paliaments. A nation with the semblance of a Parliament taking no part in the general policy of the empire. The proposed concession would not have the effect of conciliating the persons to whom it was intended. It would be a stepping-stone to further demands. They had their duty to do to every portion of the Irish nation, and were not going to hand over the government of Ireland to one portion of the nation; those portions which were crying out passionately against such a transfer. They were not going to hand them over to those who now were leading that party described as marching through rapine to the disintegration of the empire. The best remedy for Irish discontent would be a process by which the tenants might become the owners of their holdings. "The Land Act of 1881," the right hon. gentleman went on, "was a great failure. Circumstances partly natural, partly physical, but partly moral and political, had prevented the working of that Act, and the State having once gone so far, I admit that, notwithstanding my objections to State action and interference, the duty of the State is to see this thing through, and, further, to consider every possible method and issue by which a stop can be put to that which all must admit to be an intolerable situation in Ireland. Therefore I hope we may bespeak a little assistance of all who are not blinded by party spirit. I hope that we may bespeak their assistance in endeavouring to deal with this, which lies at the bottom of Irish discontent more certainly than the demand for Home Rule—I mean the agrarian question. There is no reason why all parties should not combine, as has been suggested, in order to solve the terrible difficulty."

DISCLOSURE OF STATE PAPERS.

Recently in the Queen's Bench Division, Lord Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Grove had before them the appeal of Messrs. Eyre and Spottiswoode, the well-known firm of printers, against an order of Mr. Justice Smith, giving the Attorney-General, on behalf of the Crown, liberty to set down motion for judgment, without waiting for the trial of certain issues of fact. On the other hand, the Attorney-General had set down the case on motion for judgment and that was also before the court. In their petition the suppliants claimed damages, in consequence of the refusal of the Controller of the Stationery Office to employ them under a contract, to print such books and papers as he considered to be of a confidential character.—The Attorney-General, in reply, stated that the contract provided that in the event of any book, pamphlet, or other work or portion of it coming into other hands than those entitled to receive it, the Controller should be entitled to remove whatever portion of the printing he might consider of a confidential character, and as a portion of work had come into the hands of persons not entitled, he claimed to take away the printing in question. The Attorney-General further contended that the Controller was not bound to employ the suppliants to do any printing under the terms of the contract. Under an order made this latter question had been tried first in the form of a special case, and the Lord Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Denman decided that upon the true construction of the contract, the Crown was not bound to continue to employ the suppliants to print any books except such as might be ordered. Upon that judgment Mr. Justice Smith had ordered that the Crown should have liberty to move upon motion for judgment on the whole petition, but the suppliants submitted that there still remained issues to be tried inasmuch as the Crown had taken away from them the completion of orders already given. They said they had done nothing wrong and although the judgment was conclusive as to future work, still when the printing had been ordered, the Crown were not entitled to take it out of their hands without proving a fault. On the other hand, the case for the Crown was that there was no complaint as to the removal of work already ordered on the petition, and therefore judgment was asked for on the whole case. The document, which it was said got into unauthorised hands, was the draft of the Redistribution Bill. Messrs. Eyre and Spottiswoode denied that it got out from their establishment.—After hearing the arguments the Lord Chief Justice, in giving judgment, said the question before him was whether the claim now made had been raised by the petition of right, and whether, if it had been raised, it had not been decided by the former judgment of the court. On both these points he was against the suppliants. Therefore he thought judgment should be entered for the Crown on the petition of right and also upon the two appeals by the suppliants.—Mr. Justice Grove concurred, and judgment was given for the Crown accordingly with costs.

Dr. de Jongh's Light-Brown Cod Liver Oil.—In Consumption its efficacy is unequalled. Dr. Sinclair Coghill, Physician to the Royal National Hospital for Consumption, Ventnor, writes: "I have convinced myself that in Tubercular and the various forms of Strumous Diseases Dr. de Jongh's Light-Brown Cod Liver Oil possesses greater therapeutic efficacy than any other Cod Liver Oil with which I am acquainted. Dr. de Jongh's Oil is now the only Cod Liver Oil used in the Royal National Hospital for Consumption and Diseases of the Chest." Sold only in capsuled imperial half-pints, pints, and quarts. All chemists. Sole consignees for the United Kingdom: Ansar, Harford and Co., 77, High Holborn, London.

THE FIGHTING STRENGTH OF AUSTRIA.

The Austro-Hungarian Army, on a peace footing, consists of the common standing army of the Dual Empire together with the skeletons of the Cisleithanian and Hungarian Landwehrs. The standing army has a strength of 267,156 men, with 1,182 guns and 48,679 horses. The skeletons of the Hungarian Landwehr increases the number of men by 8,693, and that of the Cisleithanian increases it by 4,096 men. The total peace strength, inclusive of staff, gendarmerie, &c., is 286,507 men, with 1,200 guns and 50,362 horses. But in time of war, Austria-Hungary can, without calling upon the garrisons and the last reserves, put into the field 1,086,628 men, with 1,544 guns and 207,534 horses. She has already mobilised a great part of this force. Service being compulsory upon the whole male population, the Empire could, if driven to the last extremity, put something like 2,200,000 men into line; but there is at present no organization for more than about one-half of that number of troops.

The Emperor-King is supreme commander of the troops of the Empire. The general organization divides the whole army into 16 Army Corps, one of which has its the headquarters at each of the following towns:—Cracow, Vienna, Gratz, Buda-Pest, Presburg, Kaschaw, Temesva Prague, Josefstadt, Brunn, Lemberg, Hermannstadt, Agram, Innsbruck, Serajevo, and Zara. Each Army Corps is, as a rule, commanded by a "Feldzeugmeister" and comprises three divisions, one division being formed of Landwehr. The division is commanded by a Field-Marshal-Lieutenant. Thirteen of the Army Corps would, in time of war be collected into three armies, one consisting of five and two of four Army Corps each. The commander of each of these armies would be a Field-Marshal, of the remaining three Army Corps, one—namely, that which has its headquarters at Innsbruck—is specially organized for mountain warfare, and would remain within Tyrol and Vorarlberg. The two others—those of Serajevo and Zara—would guard Dalmatia, Bosnia, and Herzegovina. The infantry of the Empire comprises 102 regiments of the Line, one regiment of Tyrolese sharpshooters, and 40 battalions of rifles. The line infantry regiment consists of four battalions, each of four companies, together with four depot companies. Inclusive of its staff, the effective of one of these regiments is 4,915 men and officers, 129 horses, and 34 carriages. The regiment of Tyrolese sharpshooters consists of 10 field battalions, each of four companies, ten depot companies, a regimental staff and 12 battalion staffs, the total effective being 12,927 men and officers, with 350 horses, and 160 carriages. The rifle battalion of the line has an effective of 1,229 men and officers, with 34 horses and sixteen carriages. The infantry soldier is armed with a rifle, sword-bayonet, and small spade, and carries his overcoat in a roll that passes outside his knapsack and over his left shoulder. The rifle is the Werndl, a breech-loader with a revolving block. Without bayonet it weighs 9lb. 14oz. The bullet weighs 370, and the powder-charge 77 grains; and the muzzle-velocity attained is 1,439 feet per second. The weapon is considered by competent judges to be slightly inferior both to the Russian Berdan and to the German Mauser. Some of the infantry has lately been armed with the Mannlicher repeater, and about 200,000 of these rifles are now in the hands of the Government; but the whole army cannot be supplied with them until the middle of 1888.

The cavalry consists of 14 regiments of Dragoons, 16 of Hussars, and 11 of Uhlans. These form nineteen cavalry brigades of two regiments each, and one of three regiments. Each regiment is made up of a regimental staff, two divisional staffs, six field squadrons, and one depot cadre. The last, in case of mobilisation, forms a reserve squadron. Each regiment has also a detachment of pioneers, and, in addition, five men of each squadron carry a spade, pickaxe, or axe. The war effective of a field squadron is 171 men and officers, with 161 horses, and the total effective of the 41 regiments and their staffs is 63,919 men and officers, with 64,575 horses and 1,312 carriages. The troopers are armed with sword and Werndl carbine, the supply of cartridges being 60 per man. Officers, as in all other branches, carry revolvers.

The Artillery comprises 14 regiments of corps artillery, 28 batteries of division artillery, and 12 battalions of fortress artillery. Of the regiment, five consists each of two horse batteries of 6 guns, two light mounted batteries of 8 guns, eleven heavy mounted batteries of 9 guns, and a depot battery. A regiments of this class includes 133 guns. The other class of regiment consists of thirteen heavy batteries of 9 guns, two light batteries of 8 guns, and a depot battery; the number of guns in this case being 139. The battery of divisional artillery has eight guns. Each of the battalions of fortress artillery consists of 6 companies. This corps can furnish 22 mountain batteries, each of 4 guns. In war time a regiment of artillery would form a brigade, with each of the first fourteen army corps. The mountain batteries would be attached to the remaining two.

The corps of Engineers at its mobilised strength consists of 44 companies, four of which are reserves, together with ten depot companies, the total effective strength being 14,137 men and officers, with 1,814 horses and 480 carriages. One company of Engineers is the regular complement for a mobilised infantry division. The Pioneers have 25 companies, with a total effective of 7,272 men and officers, and 676 horses and 140 carriages. One company is the regular complement for a mobilised army corps. The Special Railway and Telegraph Regiment consists at its war strength of 4,769 officers and men, with 347 horses. The total war strength of the technical troops is therefore 26,178 officers and men.

The Train is very efficiently organized, and is said to be the best in Europe. It consists of 38,917 men and officers, with 49,032 horses and 7,700 carriages. The medical service has also received much praise. Its strength in war time is 273 officers and 15,200 men.

The figures above do not concern the two Landwehrs viz., the Cisleithanian and the Hungarian Honved. The Cisleithanian Landwehr consists, first, of men who have served for ten years in the army and reserve; second, able-bodied men whose services have not been required in the active army; and, third, volunteers. It comprises 82 battalions, each of a thousand men 82 depot companies, 20 battalions of Tyrolese sharpshooters, and 25 squadrons of cavalry—in all, 134,903 officers and men, with 6,496 horses. The reserve of this Landwehr numbers about 42,000 man. The Honved,

SCHWEITZER'S COCOATINA.

Anti-Dyspeptic Cocoa or Chocolate Powder.

GUARANTEED PURE SOLUBLE COCOA OF THE FINEST QUALITY, WITHOUT SUGAR OR ADMIXTURE.

COCOATINA is the best Cocoa for INDIA and the COLONIES, *keeping for years in all climates*, being in a concentrated form. Made instantaneously with boiling water, and palatable without milk.

The FACULTY pronounce it the "most nutritious, perfectly digestible beverage for *Breakfast, Luncheon*, or *Supper*," and invaluable for Invalids and Young Children. Being absolutely "all Cocoa," with the excess of fat extracted, in four times the strength of preparations thickened yet weakened with arrowroot, starch, &c., and in reality cheaper than such mixtures, a teaspoonful to a breakfast cup costing less than one halfpenny.

Celebrated for remarkable Sustaining Properties. Specially adapted for Early Breakfasts.

Adopted as a Medical Comfort in the Royal Navy.

Retailed by Chemists, Grocers, &c., in Air-tight Tins, at 1s. 6d., 3s., 5s. 6d., &c.

WHOLESALE BY THE SOLE PROPRIETORS.

J. SCHWEITZER & Co., 10, Adam Street, Strand, London, W.C.

AND ALL WHOLESALE HOUSES.

ACTON & BORMAN'S

SPECIALITIES:

"PROTECTOR" KNIFE POLISH,

IN 3d PACKETS AND 6d IS 2s 6d TINS EVERYWHERE.

"ROYAL LUSTRE" BLACK LEAD

IN PACKETS, 1d. & 2d. ONE TRIAL SOLICITED.

ALSO

"GENUINE" EMERY-EMERY AND GLASS CLOTHS.

"ROYAL PATENT" FLEXIBLE GLASS PAPER.

BLOCK BLACK LEADS, KNIFE BOARDS, &c.

72, SHOE LANE, LONDON.

ESTABLISHED 1781.

MANUFACTURERS OF EMERY, SPECIALLY FOR HULLING AND CLEANING RICE.

FREEMAN'S

TRADE MARK

REJECT SUBSTITUTES.

Sold Everywhere **ORIGINAL** in Bottles at 12 Annas & Rs. 1/8 to Rs. 10.

CHLORODYNE

CURES FEVERS, INFLUENZA, DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, and ASIATIC CHOLERA. AGUE, CRAMP, COLIC, HYSTERIA, and NERVOUS FEVERS.

SOLE WHOLESALE AGENT FOR [illegible] Established.

S. & H. HARRIS'S

HARNESS COMPOSITION (Waterproof) IN CONSTANT USE FOR 50 YEARS THROUGHOUT THE UNITED KINGDOM.

EBONITE BLACKING (Waterproof) FOR BOOTS, SHOES, HARNESS AND ALL BLACK LEATHER ARTICLES.

SADDLE PASTE (Waterproof).

JET BLACK OIL FOR HARNESS.

HARNESS LIQUID or Self-shining Jet.

POLISHING PASTE FOR CLEANING METALS.

Sold by all Saddlers, Ironmongers and Storekeepers,

Manufactory: 57, MANSELL STREET, LONDON, E.

Not an Emulsion and consequently does not contain an equal quantity of (or any) water charged for at the price of Oil.

PETER MÖLLER'S

MOLLER'S COD LIVER OIL REGISTERED TRADE MARK.

COD LIVER OIL.

Has the natural very pale colour & the slight taste, a pleasant one. Preserved in its pristine purity by Capsuled bottles.

The pure world renowned Oil, perfected in one operation, consequently needing no after manipulations—usually covers for imperfections.

NEW YARN BALANCE,

FOR THE USE OF SPINNERS, DOUBLERS, & YARN BUYERS.

Shows EXACT Counts at a GLANCE.

KNOWLES'S PATENT.

ACCURACY. PRECISION. SPEED.

MADE ALSO AS A

CHEMICAL AND DISPENSING BALANCE,

Dispenses with the small weights, which give so much trouble, yet weighs with certainty to *One-thousandth of a grain* or *One ten-thousandth of a gramme*. The Balance is so well constructed that it may be used in the *Chemical Laboratory* and at *the Dispensing Counter alike*.

PRICES ON APPLICATION.

THOMAS KNOWLES, Chapeltown, Turton, Near BOLTON, ENGLAND.

A HIGH-CLASS ANTI-CORROSIVE

LUBRICANT

("ENGELBERT'S LUBRICATOR")

FOR CYLINDERS, VALVES, SHAFTING, BEARINGS, &c.

LEAVES NO DIRT OR DEPOSIT. CANNOT "GUM" OR CLOG.

Price Rs. 3.8 per Gallon.

PATENTEES AND SOLE MANUFACTURERS,

ENGELBERT & CO.,

BISHOPSGATE, LONDON.

AGENT—J. B. K. MACBETH, ENGINEER, BOMBAY.

"CARLTON" WHISKEY.

CARLTON RICHD. MATHEWS & Co.'s TRADE MARK WHISKEY.

GOLD MEDAL, CALCUTTA EXHIBITION, 1884.

We guarantee the respective ages of the two qualities we ship as 11 and 5 years old, but owing to new regulations on the part of the London Custom House, we are now *compelled* to Label our Brand as follows:—

The oldest and best (11 Years Old) } as "AWARDED GOLD MEDAL," *White Capsule.*

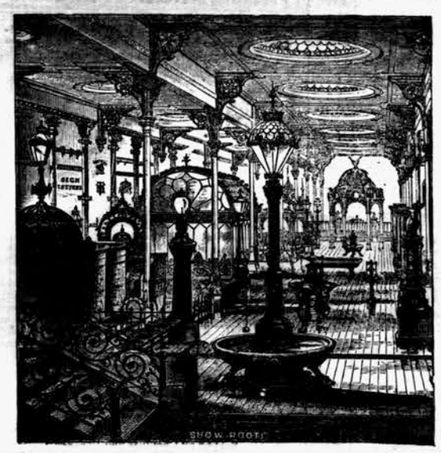
The next best (5 Years Old) } as "OF GREAT AGE," *Red Capsule.*

WE HAVE NOT VARIED THE QUALITY ONE IOTA, NOR SHOULD WE HAVE, WITHOUT COMPULSION, MADE ANY ALTERATION IN LABEL.

CAUTION.—Owing to the popularity of our Whiskey, fraudulent imitations of our Label are not uncommon, and these are placed on bottles containing the most objectionable liquid. So that our Friends and the Public will do well to ascertain that our TRADE MARK appears engraved on CORKS, CAPSULES, and LABELS as per sketch above.

RICHARD MATHEWS & Co., Shippers, London.

CUTLER, PALMER & Co., Agents for India.



SHOW ROOMS

MACFARLANE'S CASTINGS.

See Illustrated Catalogue, containing 6,500 Illustrations.

Macfarlane's CONDUCTOR PIPES, for *Rain-water, Stove, Soil, and Ventilating Purposes. Plain and Ornamental.*

Macfarlane's EAVE GUTTERS, for *Rain-water, Building, Cornices, Boundary Walls, Sheds, Valley Roofs, Water Conduits, &c.*

Macfarlane's TERMINALS, FINIALS, CRESTS, BANNERETS, WEATHER-VANES, FLAG-STAFFS, BELFRIES, &c., *in every style.*

Macfarlane's RAILING, CRESTING, BALCONIES; FRIEZE, ALTAR-SCREEN, GALLERY FRONT, and TOMB RAILS, &c.

Macfarlane's COLUMNS, PILASTERS, BRACKETS, SPANDRILS, VERANDAHS, PORCHES, ARBOURS, CONSERVATORIES, &c.

Macfarlane's LAMP PILLARS, STANDARDS, and BRACKETS, for *Streets, Squares, Gateways, Stations, Bridges, &c.*

Macfarlane's DRINKING FOUNTAINS, for *Streets, Schools, Squares, Parks, Gardens, Stations, Market-places, &c.*

Macfarlane's URINALS, in *Cast Iron, for Streets, Courts, Schools, Railways, Factories, Public Works, and Institutions.*

Macfarlane's WATER CLOSETS in *Cast Iron, for Schools, Railways, Factories, Public Works, and Institutions generally.*

ORNAMENTAL CASTINGS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Two Gold Medals, Calcutta Exhibition.

WALTER MACFARLANE & CO.,

Architectural, Sanitary, and General Ironfounders,

GLASGOW.

Cuticura

Eczema on Scalp.

A POSITIVE CURE *for every form of* SKIN AND BLOOD DISEASE FROM PIMPLES TO SCROFULA

Scrofula on Neck.

DISFIGURING HUMORS, Humiliating Eruptions, Itching and Burning Skin and Scalp Tortures, and every species of Itching, Scaly, Pimply, Inherited, Scrofulous, and Syphilitic Diseases of the Blood, Skin and Scalp, with Loss of Hair, from infancy to old age, are cured by CUTICURA RESOLVENT, the new Blood Purifier, internally, and CUTICURA and CUTICURA SOAP, the great Skin Cures and Beautifiers, externally.

Agonizing, Itching, and Burning Skin Diseases, Eczema, Tetter, Ringworm, Psoriasis, Lichen, Pruritus, Dandruff, and Delicate Irritations peculiar to both sexes, instantly relieved by a warm bath with CUTICURA SOAP and a single application of CUTICURA, the great Skin Cure. This repeated daily, with three doses of CUTICURA RESOLVENT, will speedily cure Itching Diseases of the Skin and Scalp, when all other means fail.

A Magnificent Popular Work on the Skin, with Engraved Plates, is wrapped about the RESOLVENT. Also, one hundred Testimonials, solemnly sworn to before the British Consul, which repeat this story: I have been a terrible sufferer for years from Diseases of the Skin and Blood; have been obliged to shun public places by reason of my disfiguring humors; have had the best physicians; have spent hundreds of dollars, and got no relief until I used the CUTICURA REMEDIES, which have cured me, and left my skin and blood as pure as a child's. Send address with stamp to either of the wholesale druggists named in the opposite column, for "How to Cure Skin and Blood Diseases."

CUTICURA RESOLVENT, the new Blood Purifier, Diuretic, and Aperient, cleanses the Blood and Perspiration of all Impurities and Poisonous Elements, and thus removes the CAUSE. Hence it cures speedily, permanently, and economically.

Cuticura, the GREAT SKIN CURE (a Medicinal Jelly for external use), instantly allays Itching and Inflammation, clears the Skin and Scalp of Humors, Sores, and Dandruff, destroys Dead Skin and Flesh, heals Ulcers, Sores, and Discharging Wounds, restores the Hair, and beautifies the Skin.

Cuticura Soap, an exquisite Skin Beautifier and Toilet Requisite, prepared from CUTICURA, is indispensable in treating Skin Diseases, Baby Humors, Skin Blemishes, Prickly Heat, Rashes, Sunburn, and Rough, Chapped, or Greasy Skin.

Cuticura Remedies are the only real Blood Purifiers and Skin Beautifiers free from mercury, arsenic, lead, zinc, or any other mineral or vegetable poison whatsoever. Guaranteed absolutely pure by the Analytical Chemists of the State of Massachusetts.

For Sale by all Chemists in India. Price, CUTICURA, 50cts.; large boxes, $1.00. CUTICURA SOAP, 25 cts. CUTICURA RESOLVENT, $1.00.

Wholesale Agents: Treacher & Co., Bombay; Smith, Sanistreet, & Co., Calcutta.

PREPARED BY THE

Potter Drug & Chemical Co., Boston, U.S.A.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S

Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, Tart Fruits, Potted Meats.

PURVEYORS BY APPOINTMENT TO HER IMPERIAL MAJESTY THE EMPRESS OF INDIA.

Preserved Fish, Soups, Game, Sausages, Hams, Bacon and Cheese

May be obtained of all Storekeepers throughout India.

ALL GENUINE GOODS ARE LABELLED

CROSSE & BLACKWELL,

PURVEYORS TO THE QUEEN,

SOHO SQUARE, LONDON.

SPECIAL AGENTS FOR

LEA & PERRINS' WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

16, MINORIES, LONDON, E.C. New York. Sydney &c.

BOXES, BOTTLES, MACHINERY ESSENCES

Catalogues, Circulars, Testimonials Post Free

SODA WATER MACHINERY

AND ALL ACCESSORIES FOR THE TRADE

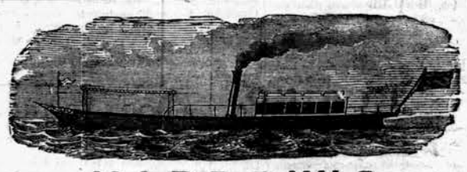
BRATBY & HINCHLIFFE

HEAD OFFICE

SANDFORD ST. ANCOATS, MANCHESTER

Special Representative for all India, from whom Catalogues and full particulars can be obtained—

F. T. ATKINS, ALLAHABAD.



YARROW'S

SMALL STEAMERS AND STEAM LAUNCHES,

Screw Steamers with speeds ranging up to 26 miles an hour.

Paddle Steamers with draft ranging down to 6 inches of water.

Stern Wheel Steamers with very shallow draft especially suitable for river navigation.

MACHINERY CONSTRUCTED FOR BOATS BUILT ABROAD.

YARROW & CO., POPLAR, LONDON, E.

Builders of the Stern Wheel Steamers used by the British Government for the Nile Expedition.

THE BECK-REECE PATENT

ICE MAKING AND REFRIGERATING MACHINES.

For the Manufacture of Transparent Block Ice or for all Refrigerating Purposes on the Anhydrous Ammonia Absorption System.

ONE POUND IN WEIGHT OF LIQUID AMMONIA WILL ABSTRACT 900 UNITS OF HEAT.
ONE POUND IN WEIGHT OF ETHER WILL ABSTRACT ONLY 163 UNITS OF HEAT.
MADE BY THIS SYSTEM, AMMONIA WILL ABSTRACT NEARLY SIX TIMES AS MUCH HEAT AS ETHER, UNDER SIMILAR CONDITIONS.

NO AIR PUMPS! NO VAPOR PUMPS!! NO BRINE PUMPS!!

A 10 Ton Size	BECK-REECE	Machine will make	10 lbs.	of Ice with an expenditure of	One Pound of Coal.
A 20	"	"	"	15 lbs.	"	"	"	One Pound of Coal.
A 10 Ton Size	ETHER	Machine makes	5 lbs.	"	"	"	One Pound of Coal.
A 20	"	"	"	6 lbs.	"	"	"	One Pound of Coal.

A 10 Ton Size BECK-REECE Machine requires a steam engine of 3 horse power.
A 20 " ETHER " " " 10 "

In selecting a Freezing Machine these advantages undeniably point to the great superiority of Anhydrous Ammonia by the BECK-REECE *Patent System over Ether or other Refrigerants.*

FOR FURTHER PARTICULARS OR FOR CATALOGUES APPLY TO

W. H. BECK, 115, Cannon Street, London, E.C.

LIGHT RAILWAYS AND TRAMWAYS—PORTABLE OR PERMANENT.

W. G. BAGNALL will be glad to enter into correspondence and send particulars to

AGENTS FOR NATIVE PRINCES, MUNICIPAL AUTHORITIES, ESTATE AND PLANTATION PROPRIETORS, CONTRACTORS, MERCHANTS,

AND OTHER GENTLEMEN INTERESTED IN THE ABOVE.

MANUFACTURER OF LIGHT RAILWAYS TO H.M. GOVERNMENT.

These Works are now (April, 1886) engaged on pressing orders for the

SUAKIM-BERBER RAILWAY.

W. G. BAGNALL, CASTLE ENGINE WORKS, STAFFORD, ENGLAND.

TILES & MOSAICS of all description for ENTRANCE HALLS, VERANDAHS Ornamental & Glazed Tiles for covering Walls, Baths, &c. &c.

THE CAMPBELL TILE Co

TRADE MARK

206, Gt. PORTLAND St. LONDON

DUBLIN 1872 VIENNA 1873 PARIS 1878. MELBOURNE 1880

SPECIAL DESIGNS and Catalogues free on Application

MANUFACTORY STOKE ON TRENT, ENGLAND.

LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE

In consequence of Imitations of THE WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE which are calculated to deceive the Public, Lea and Perrins have to request that Purchasers see that the Label on every bottle bears their Signature thus—

Lea & Perrins

without which no bottle of the original WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE is genuine.

Ask for LEA and PERRINS' Sauce, and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper. Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors, Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c., &c.; and by Grocers and Oilmen throughout the World.

Apenta

THE ONLY TASTELESS APERIENT.

HUNGARIAN NATURAL MINERAL WATER.

Highest Award at the International Medical Exhibition, London, 1881.

ÆSCULAP GIVES IMMEDIATE RELIEF AND ULTIMATE CURE IN ALL CASES OF CONSTIPATION, INDIGESTION, AFFECTIONS OF THE STOMACH AND LIVER, GOUT, HEADACHE, RHEUMATISM, SCIATICA, NEURALGIA, GRAVEL AND KIDNEY AFFECTIONS.

INVALUABLE FOR CORRECTING THE ILL EFFECTS OF ERROR OR EXCESS IN DIET.

ÆSCULAP COMBINES IN THE HIGHEST DEGREE THE APERIENT PROPERTIES OF ALL OTHER MINERAL WATERS WITH GREATER ALKALINITY AND NONE OF THEIR DEBILITATING INFLUENCE AND UNPLEASANT TASTE.

ÆSCULAP IS UNSURPASSED FOR WOMEN AND CHILDREN. HAND BUDA PESTH.

THE ÆSCULAP BITTER WATER COMPANY, LIMITED, 38, SNOW HILL, HOLBORN VIADUCT, LONDON, E.C.

AGENTS:—KEMP & Co., Ltd., for Bombay and the Presidency

DINNEFORD'S MAGNESIA

THE BEST REMEDY FOR ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH, HEARTBURN, HEADACHE, GOUT AND INDIGESTION

THE SAFEST MILD APERIENT FOR DELICATE CONSTITUTIONS, LADIES, CHILDREN AND INFANTS, AND FOR REGULAR USE IN WARM CLIMATES.

DINNEFORD'S FLUID MAGNESIA

MAGNESIA

Of Druggists and Storekeepers throughout the World.

ASK FOR DINNEFORD'S MAGNESIA.

AGENTS—TREACHER & Co., Bombay.
" KEMP & Co., Bombay.

"MOLLISCORIUM."

For Softening, Preserving and Waterproofing

HARNESS, BOOTS AND SHOES, &c.,

ALSO FOR OILING CARRIAGE AXLES.

HARNESS COMPOSITION.

For Nourishing the Leather and producing a Brilliant Polish.

BLACK OIL FOR HARNESS.

For Maintaining a Beautiful Black.

May be ordered through any House in the Trade, either here or in the United Kingdom.

VANNER & PREST, Manufacturers and Patentees, Lond

GANDY'S AMERICAN COTTON BELTING

TO those having the use and care of machinery it is of the greatest importance to know what is the best belting to use to transmit power. To such and to all the answer is, USE THE GANDY BELT.

It has imitators, and this is the strongest proof possible, that is an article that is worth spending cash on to imitate. If it were a worthless article, or one that had not been VERY SUCCESSFUL, no one would go to the expense and trouble to imitate it. Imitation is the strongest form of flattery, and those who imitate the "GANDY" belt are proclaiming to all belt users, that the GANDY belt is the best that has ever been put before the public.

The GANDY belt has acquired such a deservedly high reputation, that belt users, after having tried all others, come back to Gand and declare that, notwithstanding the difference in price, they find it to their advantage to the American Cotton Belt made, only by the inventor and patentee.

MAURICE GANDY

130, Queen Victoria-street, London.

GUYOT'S TAR CAPSULES.

CONTAINING PURE NORWEGIAN PINE TAR.

A specific for CHEST AFFECTIONS such as obstinate Coughs, Pulmary Phthisimos irritation of the Chest and Lungs, also Catarrh of the bladder, etc.

The use of the Capsules, combined with that of GUYOT'S TAR SOLUTION as a lotion, will promptly cure ECZEMA, DHOBY'S ITCH, RINGWORM, PRICKLY-HEAT and all other skin-diseases.

The Capsules are specially recommended to those persons who have an aversion for the taste of Tar as a drink, and two or three them taken before meals possess the same medicinal properties as one Table spoonful of Guyot's Tar Solution.

The name of Guyot is stamped on each Capsule, and the labels bear E. Guyot's signature printed in three colours, without which none are genuine.

Manufactory, 19 rue Jacob, Paris.

AGENTS IN BOMBAY:—TREACHER & Co., Ltd., KEMP & Co., Ltd., THOMSON & TAYLOR COOPER MADON & Co., Ltd.

NOTICES.

GRIMES' TEN GUINEA OUTFIT FOR INDIA.

A MARVEL OF CHEAPNESS AND EXCELLENCE

A DINNER SERVICE in best stone China.
A BREAKFAST and TEA SERVICE in Porcelain.
A COMPLETE SERVICE OF TABLE GLASS in finest Crystal, elegant shapes.
(All the above complete for twelve persons.)
A TOILET SERVICE of superior quality.
A handsome DUPLEX TABLE LAMP.
All Packed complete in iron-bound case.

GRIMES' CANTEEN containing Electro-plate and Cutlery for 12 persons £16-16-0.

T. R. GRIMES & SON,

83, NEW BOND ST., LONDON, W.

Orders may be sent direct (enclosing remittance) or through Messrs. William Watson & Co., Bombay, where [illegible] can be seen.

ATKINSON'S ENGLISH PERFUMERY,

renowned for nearly a century, surpasses all others for its lasting and natural fragrance.

THREE GOLD MEDALS, PARIS, 1878, CALCUTTA, 1883, for pre-eminent excellence of quality.

Atkinson's New Perfumes:

FAGREA & CYMBIDIUM are of rare and peculiar fragrance, and being registered can be obtained only of the Inventors or their Agents.

ATKINSON'S QUININE HAIR LOTION (Quinine &c.) for promoting the growth and improving the appearance of the hair. Gratefully harmless.

ATKINSON'S FLORIDA WATER an exceptionally fine perfume for the handkerchief, distilled from the choicest exotics.

Of all Dealers, and of the Manufacturers—

J. & E. ATKINSON,

24, Old Bond Street, London.

Trade Mark—A "Rose Bud" on a "Grecian Lyre."

AWARDED GOLD MEDAL AND FIRST CLASS CERTIFICATE AT THE CALCUTTA INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION.

THOMAS D. MARSHALL AND BURT,

444, OXFORD STREET, LONDON.

BOOTS POST FREE FROM LONDON TO INDIA.

GENTLEMEN'S BOOTS.

Calf Elastic Walking Boots, Patent Elastic Dress Boots, Parade Elastic Boots, Patent or Calf. Balmoral Boots. Button Boots. } Superior in style and excellent in quality, 25s. Finest quality we can produce 35s.

Grain Hide Shooting Boots, 42s.

ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUES POST FREE.

LADIES' WALKING BOOTS.

ELASTIC OR TO BUTTON.

Excellent quality, much approved	...	...	18s. 6d.
Very superior	...	...	21s. 0d.
Finest possible quality	...	...	26s. 0d.
Satin, Kid, and Patent "Louise" Evening Shoes	...	...	10s. 6d.
Morocco Oxford House Shoes	...	...	5s. 6d.
Do. with French heels	...	...	7s. 0d.
Merino Slippers, all colors	...	...	4s. 0d.

FOR LONG WALKS.

HYGEIA BOOTS.

(Registered.)

With specially adapted Soles, Heels, Materials, and Form.

LADIES' 30s. GENTLEMEN'S 35s.

Fully described in New Catalogue. Every order, *accompanied by remittance for the price nett*, will be sent POST PAID, and if possible despatched by the first mail after its receipt.

The Hygeia Boots being so highly approved T. D. M. and B. are making Children's boots on the same principle.

A worn Boot or Shoe is the best possible guide for the size, and the next best is a paper pattern of the sole of a boot that fits. Pattern boots should be marked with name of sender, and sent separately from letter and remittance.

Remittances may be made in Government of India notes, which will be taken at the highest current rate of Exchange.

THOMAS D. MARSHALL & BURT,

444, OXFORD STREET, LONDON, W. S.

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS

IS warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex, acquired or constitutional Gravel and Pains in the Back. Sold in Boxes, 4s. 6d. each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors.

PROPRIETORS,

LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTIES DRUG COMPANY,

LINCOLN, ENGLAND,

EXPORT AGENTS,

BURGOYNE, BURBRIDGES and Co., Coleman-street, London.

NEWBERY and SONS, 27, Newgate-street, London.

BARCLAY and SONS, 95, Farringdon-street, London.

SANGER and SON, 150, Oxford-street, London.

And all the London Wholesale Houses.

AGENTS FOR THE BENGAL PRESIDENCY,

SMITH, STANISTREET and Co.; BATHGATE and Calcutta.

AGENTS FOR THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY,

TREACHER and Co.; BOLTON and Co.

AGENTS FOR THE MADRAS PRESIDENCY,

BARBIE Co.; De BEAUX and Co.; SCOTT.

MASOURINE and Co.

AGENT FOR RANGOON,

THE RANGOON MEDICAL HALL.

H. H. THE NIZAM'S STATE RAILWAY

ADVERTISING AT RAILWAY STATIONS.

THE PROPRIETOR of the *Bombay Gazette* Press, having leased from the NIZAM'S STATE RAILWAY Company the exclusive right of advertising at all the Railway Stations belonging to the Company, is prepared to contract with parties desirous of posting notices or advertisements on the lines.

The Cantonment of SECUNDERABAD, as is well known, contains the largest military garrison in India—a garrison comprising over 5,000 British and native troops. Contiguous to it is the Cantonment of BOLARUM, garrisoned by two regiments and one battery of the Hydrabad Contingent, all officered by Europeans. South of Secunderabad, about 4 miles are the suburbs of Hydrabad, containing the Nizam's regular troops, about 5,000 in number, officered mostly by Europeans—besides a large civil population. It would manifestly be advantageous to firms to advertise at the stations on the above railway, the most important of which are SECUNDRABAD, HYDRABAD, GANGAWARUM and TANDUR.

The announcements may be in English or in any of the NATIVE LANGUAGES.

INSURANCE COMPANIES, SHIPPING COMPANIES HOTELKEEPERS, MERCHANTS, TRADERS and others who wish to force their business on the notice of the public, all alike value the privilege of *Railway Station Advertising*.

There is no reason why the privilege should no be also specially valuable to Advertisers in India. Looking to the great and increasing number of Native Railway Passengers on the two trunk lines of Western India, Native Merchants, Traders, &c., seeing that they have the privilege of advertising in their own language, would find the publication of their announcements at Railway Stations an infallible means of extending their business.

Advertisers can select he Stations at which they wish their Placards posted, and may advertise for any period that may be agreed on. The charges have been fixed on an extremely *moderate scale* to encourage Advertisers to make a liberal use of the new means now offered of making announcement known to the public.

Placards, according to the taste of Advertisers, may be printed at moderate charges in ENGLISH or any of the NATIVE LANGUAGES at the *Bombay Gazette* Press. Estimates on application.

RATES.

Board not exceeding 2 feet long and 2 feet broad Re. 1 per month For every additional square foot annas

Thus a firm exhibiting a board, say 4 square feet will have the advantage of having their business advertisement read by thousands of Passengers on one station platform for the trifling monthly expenditure of Re. 1. Parties advertising on six Stations or more will be allowed a discount of ten per cent.; on twelve Stations or more, twenty-five per cent.

The boards to be delivered at the *Bombay Gazett* Office whence they will be sent by the Lessee to the various stations selected by the Advertiser. In the event of the contract terminating, the boards will be brought back to Bombay at the expense and risk of the Advertiser.

Special arrangements for long periods.

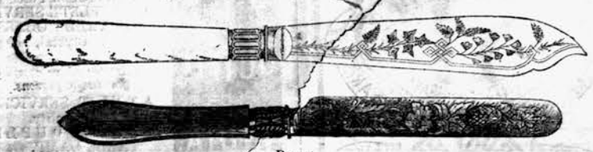
For further particulars apply to Manager of the *Bombay Gazette* Office, Rampart Row, Fort.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 27 June, 2017

TREACHER AND COMPANY'S

FISH EATING KNIVES AND FORKS.

In Fancy Wood Cases, Lined with Satin Cloth.



	Rs. a.
12 pairs of Fish Eating Knives and Forks, as illustration, with Electro Plated Beaded Handles, and handsome engraved Blades	115 0
6 pairs do. do. do.	68 0
12 pairs All Electro Plate Fish Knives and Forks, and Fish Carver and Fork, all in one case, handsomely engraved with Fish and Ferns, Price complete	112 8
12 pairs Fish Knives and Forks, as illustration, with solid Ivory Handles, and engraved blades	120 0
6 pairs do. do. do.	68 0
6 pairs Fish Knives and Forks, with solid Ivory Handles, and handsome Scroll engraved Blades	68 0
12 pairs Fish Knives, Ivory Handles, and handsome engraved Blades	135 0
12 pairs Fish Knives and Forks, with solid Pearl Handles, and very handsome engraved Blades, in Rosewood Case, very suitable for presentation	225 0

DESSERT KNIVES AND FORKS.

In Fancy Wood Cases, Lined with Satin Cloth.

	Rs. a.
12 pairs Dessert Knives and Forks (as illustration), with solid Pearl Handles, and engraved Blades	145 0
6 pairs do. do. do.	78 0
6 pairs Dessert Knives and Forks, solid plain pearl Handles and plain Blades	54 0
6 pairs Dessert Knives and Forks, solid fluted pearl Handles and engraved Blades	68 0
pairs Dessert Knives and Forks, handsome chased electro-plated Handle and engraved Blades	36 0
12 pairs Dessert Knives and Forks, with beaded electro-plated Handles and engraved Blades	80 0
12 pairs Dessert Knives and Forks, as illustration, with solid Ivory Handles, and engraved Blades	100 0
6 pairs do. do. do.	50 0
12 pairs Dessert Knives and Forks, with solid plain Ivory Handles and plain Electro-Plated Blades	66 0
6 pairs do. do. do.	37 8
6 pairs Dessert Knives and Forks, with solid pearl Handles and engraved Blades	40 0
12 pairs Dessert Knives and Forks, with solid carved Ivory Handles and handsome engraved Blades	100 0

PRESENTATION DESSERT CABINETS.

	Rs. a.
Dessert Cabinet, containing 12 pairs Dessert Knives and Forks, with solid Pearl Handles, and elaborately engraved Blades, 2 Fruit Spoons with Gilt Bowls, Grape Scissors and 2 pair Nutcrackers	225 0
Dessert Cabinet, containing 6 pairs Dessert Knives and Forks, with solid Pearl Handles, 6 Fruit Spoons, with Gilt Bowls, Grape Scissors, and 2 pair Nutcrackers	125 0

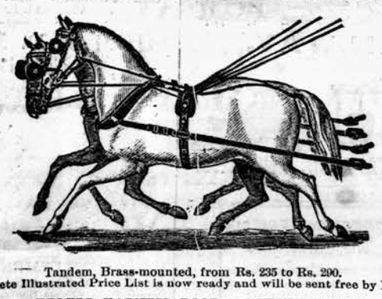
TREACHER & COMPANY, LD.,

BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

SINGLE AND DOUBLE HARNESS.

SINGLE HARNESS, Plated, of the best English Leather and Workmanship, from Rs. 110 to Rs. 190.

DOUBLE do. from Rs 250 to Rs. 450



SINGLE HARNESS, Brass-mounted, our own make, well known for its durability, from Rs. 80 to Rs. 145.

DOUBLE do. from Rs. 250 to Rs. 290

— Tandem, Brass-mounted, from Rs. 235 to Rs. 290.

N.B.—Our Complete Illustrated Price List is now ready and will be sent free by Post on application.

SADDLERS, HARNESS, BOOT AND SHOE MAKERS:

SUCCESSORS TO { BADHAM, PILE & Co., Ld., BOMBAY AND SECUNDERABAD. } { P. GRANT AND SON.

NAPIER JOHNSTONE'S SQUARE BOTTLE WHISKY.

This excellent Old Malt Whisky finds favour everywhere. Its mellowness and softness are remarkable.

Price per dozen case Rs. 28-8 subject to Cash Discount.

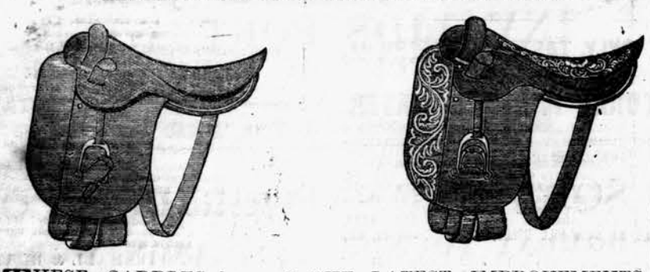
SOLE AGENTS:

CUTLER, PALMER AND CO.,

BOMBAY, LAHORE, MADRAS, CALCUTTA.

SIDE SADDLES.

AN ENTIRELY NEW STOCK JUST TO HAND.



THESE SADDLES have all THE LATEST IMPROVEMENTS, are LIGHT, DURABLE, and BEAUTIFULLY FINISHED. They have been made to our own instructions, and with careful regard to Indian requirements.

PRICES.

Plain all over, Hogskin Saddle, complete, very neat	...	...Rs. 100 to 125
Do. with richly-quilted Doeskin Seat and Safe, very handsome	...	... „ 125 to 135
&c.	&c.	&c.

THE NEW PATENT SAFETY STIRRUP can be supplied with the above at the Additional Cost of Rs. 9-8.

This Stirrup is the *most perfect yet invented*, exceedingly simple in Construction and instantaneous in Action, retention of the foot is therefore impossible.

DUNNETT & Co.,

SADDLERS, HARNESS MAKERS, BOOT & SHOE MAKERS.

BOMBAY.

SOUNDY & COMPANY LIMITED

Importers BOMBAY. & Makers of

PIANOFORTES,

AMERICAN ORGANS AND HARMONIUMS

SOLE AGENTS IN INDIA FOR THE

SCHIEDMAYER PIANOFORTEFABRIK,

STUTTGART.

IRON FRAME PIANOS by all the LEADING MAKERS.

MILITARY & STRING BAND INSTRUMENTS

Illustrated Price Lists Free by Post.

SOUNDY & Co LIMITED, BOMBAY.

OFFICE CLOCKS.

WE strongly recommend the CLOCKS described below (specially manufactured to our own design and order) as most durable and excellent time-keepers, and eminently adapted for Office and Railway platform use in India.

(1).—Timepice only, pendulum work, 12-inch dial, bold figures and hands, going 15 days. Cases of polished, dark hard wood. Particular care has been bestowed to the construction of the case to protect the works against dust and damp..... Rs. 45

(2).—The same as above, striking hours and half hours on a good gong ..... Rs. 60

GUARANTEE FIVE YEARS.

FAVRE-LEUBA & Co.,

BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, SECUNDERABAD.

MRS. LAKE

BALL, DINNER, AND VISITING DRESSES. TRAVELLING, WALKING, AND DRIVING COSTUMES.

PARIS BONNETS AND HATS

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

WEDDING TROUSSEAUX

Mourning orders carefully and promptly executed.

FRENCH FLOWERS, FEATHERS, CORSETS, AND NOVELTIES.

INFANT'S HOODS, HATS, PELISSES, CLOAKS, &c.

MRS. LAKE,

MAISON DE MODES,

BOMBAY.

LADIES' OWN MATERIALS MADE WITH CARE ADN TASTE.

EVERY REQUISITE FOR LADIES' AND CHILDREN.

NEAVE'S FOOD FOR INFANTS

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST FARINACEOUS FOOD

GROWING CHILDREN

FIRST ESTABLISHED 1825

INVALIDS & THE AGED

CHILDHOOD PROMOTES ROBUST HEALTH NEAVE'S FARINACEOUS FOOD INFANTS INVALIDS

LANCET—"Carefully prepared and highly nutritious."

BRITISH MEDICAL JOURNAL—"Well adapted for Children, Aged People, and Invalids."

IN ONE-POUND CANISTERS, ONE SHILLING EACH.

SOLD EVERYWHERE

TRADE MARK. WHOLESALE OF THE MANUFACTURER.

J. R. NEAVE & CO., FORDINGBRIDGE, ENGLAND.

P. VUCCINO & CO.,

PHOTOGRAPHIC ARTISTS,

58, MEDOWS STREET, FORT.

Studio Open daily from 9 to 6 p.m.

BUSINESS CONDUCTED BY

P. VUCCINO.

DONALD & Co.,

ENGINEERS & IRON-FOUNDERS,

MANUFACTURERS OF

BUILDERS' AND CONTRACTORS' IRON WORK

of every Description,

CASTINGS UP TO 80 TONS.

Forgings, Bridge and Boiler-Work, Iron Roofing, Fire-Proof Buildings, &c

The following are always available from Stock:—

Portable Engines.	Centrifugal Pumps.
Horizontal Fixed Engines.	Contractors' Pumps.
Mortar Mills for Bullock and Steam Power.	Fire Engines.
	Portland Cement.

Machine Shop Tools and Fittings.

CORRUGATED SHEETS, BARS, PLATES, ANGLE & TEE IRON.

WROUGHT AND CAST IRON PIPES AND FITTINGS, etc., etc.

ROLLED BEAMS and Patent FLOOR PLATES imported to order

SOLE AGENTS FOR

ALLEN & Co.'s CENTRIFUGAL PUMPS	W. H. LINDSAY and Co.'s FLOORING PLATES

Designs and Estimates furnished for any description of Machinery Iron Structures, etc., on receipt of full particulars.

Ripon Iron Works, Frere Road, } BOMBAY.

NOTICES.

A LAXATIVE AND REFRESHING FRUIT LOZENGE, most agreeable to take. does not interfere with business and pleasure.

TAMAR INDIEN GRILLON

FOR

CONSTIPATION,

Hæmorrhoids,

Bile, Headache,

Loss of Appetite,

Gastric & Intestinal

Troubles.

Sold by all Chemists and Druggists.

E. GRILLON, 69, QUEEN STREET, CHEAPSIDE, LONDON.

"FOR THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE."

CLARKE'S WORLD-FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER AND RESTORER HAS THE LARGEST SALE OF ANY MEDICINE IN THE WORLD.

OVERWHELMING TESTIMONY ACCOMPANIES EVERY BOTTLE PROVING THIS TO BE THE GREATEST MEDICINE EVER DISCOVERED.

For cleansing and clearing the blood from all impurities it cannot be too highly recommended.

For Scrofula, Scurvy, Skin and Blood Diseases, and Sores of all kind, it is a never-failing and permanent cure.

It Cures Old Sores
Cures Ulcerated Sores on the Neck
Cures Ulcerated Sore Legs
Cures Blackheads or Pimples on the Face
Cure Scurvy Sores
Cures Cancerous Ulcers
Cures Blood and Skin Diseases
Cures Glandular Swellings
Clears the Blood from all impure matter from whatever cause arising.

As this mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS FROM ALL PARTS Read the following:—

"North-street, Audenshaw (near Manchester), "January 10, 1882.

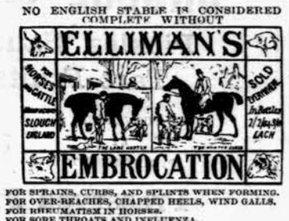
"It affords me great pleasure to add my testimony to the wonderful effects of your Blood Mixture, which has cured me of a very bad ulcerated foot and ankle. I had four wounds which prevented me following my occupation for four years, during which time I have been in five different infirmaries and under fifteen different doctors. I was at last induced to try your Blood Mixture, and after taking three small bottles I was able to go to work, and by the time I had taken nine or ten bottles I was completely cured. Make whatever use you like of this, for the benefit of other sufferers.—I am, yours respectfully, "JOHN WILLIAMS."

Sold in Bottles 2s. 9d. each, and in cases containing six times the quantity, 11s. each—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long standing cases. By ALL CHEMISTS and PATENT MEDICINE VENDORS throughout the world.

PROPRIETORS, THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTIES DRUG COMPANY, LINCOLN, ENGLAND.

TRADE MARK. BLOOD MIXTURE.

NO ENGLISH STABLE IS CONSIDERED COMPLETE WITHOUT



FOR SPRAINS, CURBS, AND SPLINTS WHEN FORMING.
FOR OVER-REACHES, CHAPPED HEELS, WIND GALLS.
FOR RHEUMATISM IN HORSES.
FOR SORE THROATS AND INFLUENZA.
FOR BROKEN KNEES, BRUISES, CAPPED HOCKS.
FOR SORE SHOULDERS, SORE BACKS.
FOR FOOT ROT, AND SORE MOUTHS IN SHEEP AND LAMBS.
FOR SPRAINS, CUTS, BRUISES IN DOGS.

SPECIMEN TESTIMONIALS.

From His Grace the Duke of Rutland,

"Belvoir, Grantham, Dec. 1, 1879.

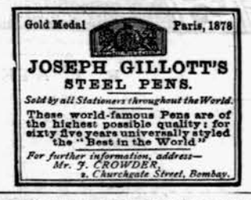
"Sirs,—Elliman's Royal Embrocation is used in my stables. I think it very useful. "Master of Belvoir Hunt."

"Castle Weir, Kington, Herefordshire, "Dec. 3rd, 1878.

"Gentlemen,—I use the Royal Embrocation in my stables and kennels, and have found it very serviceable. I have also used the Universal Embrocation for lumbago and rheumatism for the last two years, and have suffered very little since using it. R. H. PRICE, Lieut.-Col., Master of Raduorshire Hunt.'

ELLIMAN'S ROYAL EMBROCATION, Sold by Chemists, Stores, and Saddlers, Price 2s.

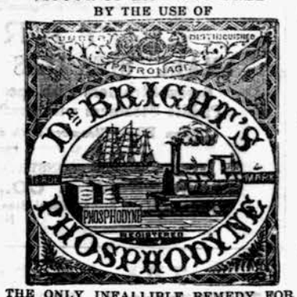
AGENTS:—TREACHER & CO., BOMBAY. Native dealers and other large buyers supplied.


Gold Medal
Paris, 1878
JOSEPH GILLOTT'S
STEEL PENS.
Sold by all Stationers throughout the World.
These world-famous Pens are of the highest possible quality; for sixty five years universally styled the "Best in the World"
For further information, address—
Mr. T. CROWDER,
2, Churchgate Street, Bombay.

A BOON TO THOUSANDS!

HEALTH, STRENGTH AND THE VIGOUR OF LIFE RESTORED

BY THE USE OF



THE ONLY INFALLIBLE REMEDY FOR NERVOUS DEBILITY.

Loss of Energy and Appetite, Mental and Physical Depression, Incapacity for Study or Business, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Female Complaints, Flatulence, Dyspepsia, Shortness of Breath, Eruptions of the Skin, Impoverished Blood, Premature Decline, and all Disease, caused by residence in tropical climates.

DR. BRIGHT'S PHOSPHODYNE

Is a marvellous medicine for renovating impaired and broken-down constitutions. It operates on the system without exciting care or thought upon the individual as to the process. It nerves the brain, heart, kidney, stomach, and intestines, with a harmony, vigour, yet mildness unparalleled in medicine.

DR. BRIGHT'S PHOSPHODYNE

Gives back to the human structure, in a suitable form, the phosphoric or animating element of life, which has been wasted, and restores manhood to the most shattered and debilitated constitution, from whatever cause arising.

DR. BRIGHT'S PHOSPHODYNE

Is patronized by Aristocracy and the *Elite*, extensively used in the Army and Navy, and highly recommended by the leading Medical Practitioners.

☞ CAUTION.—DR. BRIGHT'S PHOSPHODYNE.

The ONLY medicine of that name granted certificates by Her Majesty's Registrar of Trade Marks. Beware of VILE worthless Imitations made up to trade upon the Reputation of Dr. BRIGHT'S PHOSPHODYNE. Therefore ask for Dr. BRIGHT'S, and refuse Useless Substitutes

DR. BRIGHT'S PHOSPHODYNE.

Is sold in CASES by all Chemists and Medicine Vendors throughout the Globe.

Full Directions for use in 18 Languages accompany each case.

WHOLESALE AGENTS FOR INDIA:—BOMBAY—Kemp & Co. CALCUTTA—Smith, Stanistreet & Co. | Bathgate & Co. | Sowle, Thompson & Co. MADRAS—Barry & Co. SIMLA & LAHORE—Plomer & Co. | Gillon & Co.

CARRIAGE OR PALKI CLOCKS.

SO called because, having watch movements, and being fitted into a handy, portable form of case, they are perfectly adapted to the requirements of Travellers by sea or land. They all go for eight days, or in otherwords, require to be wound once a week. They go in any position, and are unaffected by rough or violent movement. *They are protected by strong leather cases fitted with hand straps for carrying them about.* The frames are of solid bronze richly gilded or of nickel, or enamelled, having thick plate-glass panels all round with polished bevilled edges, and fitted so accurately that neither dust nor damp can enter. Those that strike are spoken of as Clocks, and those without striking parts as Time pieces.

3½ Inch high, cylinder Time-pieces	Rs.
4½ do. do. do.	„
Medium size, 4½ to 5 inch high, Time-piece, nickel and gilt, sound cylinder movement	„
The same with alarum	„
4½ Inch high, plain gilt Time-pice with lever movement	„
The same with alarum	„
4½ In. high clock, with superior horizontal movement	„
The same with lever movement	„
5½ In. high do. do.	„
The same with repeater actions	„
The same repeater and alarum	Rs. 180
Do. nickel and gilt, extra finish	„
Lever Escapement, alarum with two Bells striking quarters	„
Highly finished Fancy Enamelled case, chiming quarters on two gongs with alarum	„
Largest size, 15 inch high, chiming quarters on four bells, and striking the hours on a gong	„
The Mignon Carriage Time-piece, 3½ in. high, with enamelled or gilt dial, smallest size	„
Do. do. extra Finish	„
Enamel case, 3 in. high, cylinder	„
The Mignon Carriage Clock, in Enamelled case, with Lever movement, highest quality, extra finish	„

THE ARMY AND NAVY CLOCK.

Like the Carriage Clock, has a watch movement. The objects chiefly aimed at, are still greater portability and subordinating decorative appearance altogether to utility. It has a strong, well-finished solid brass Lever movement, 5-inch Enamelled dial with bold figures, going Eight Days, striking hours and half-hours, in solid plain case with lock and key. A sound and serviceable article on which dependence can be placed..... Rs.

The same as above 6-inch dial „

Do. Time-piece with seconds hand. „

Second quality Time-piece with 5-in. dial „

Do. do 3½-in. dial „

Small Drum Time-pieces and Clocks, in brass or nickel, of various qualities, with Watch movements ..... Rs. to

Price List of Wall Clocks, Bracket Clocks, Hall or Library Clocks, post free on application to

MARCKS AND Co., LIMITED,

(OPPOSITE UNIVERSITY CLOCK TOWER,)

BOMBAY.

BY SPECIAL PATRONAGE AND BY APPOINTMENT TO

H. R. H. THE DUKE OF CONNAUGHT,

H. E. THE GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY,

AND HIS HONOR THE LIEUT.-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL.

D. MACROPOLO'S

GENUINE TURKISH TOBACCO AND CIGARETTE MANUFACTORY.

CIGARETTES.

Twelve brands of Cigarettes to select from—Mild, Aromatic, and Full-flavoured.

1.	Lord Dufferin	per 100 Rs.	5	0	7.	Imperial	per 100 Rs. 3 0
2.	Duke of Connaught	„ „	4	0	8.	Alpha	„ „ 2 8
3.	Sir Henry Thomson (with cotton plugs)	„ „	4	0	9.	Prince of Wales	„ „ 2 0
4.	Finos (Lady)	„ „	3	0	10.	Prince Boris	„ „ 1 8
5.	Bosphorus	„ „	3	8	11.	Victoria	„ „ 1 4
6.	Sir Fergusson (pressed)	„ „	2	0	12.	Sultan	„ „ 1 4

N.B.—Nos. 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 8, and 10 are without mouth-pieces.

These Cigarettes are daily manufactured of real Yenitze Turkish Tobacco and finest paper; and are pronounced to be the best, freshest and cheapest Cigarettes ever manufactured in India.

REAL YENITZE TURKISH TOBACCO.

Pleasantly Full-flavoured. Daily Manufactured to the taste of Smokers.

Extra Flowers, per lb.	Rs. 12	0	No. 2 (Full-flavoured, per lb.	Rs.	6 0
No. 1 (most delicate and aromatique), per lb.	„ 8	0	No. 3 (favorite smoke), per lb.	„	4 0

REAL HABANA CIGARS.

(Expressly Manufactured for D. MACROPOLO, of extra finenality.)

Exquisita	per box of	25 Rs.	6	0	Zenobia (spotted)	per box of 100 Rs.	9 0
El Re del Mondo	„	50 „	11	0	El Calliope	„ 50 „	6 0
Jose Vargas	„	50 „	10	0	La Selika	„ 25 „	3 0
La Flor de Tobaccos	„	50 „	8	0	Romeo and Juliette	„ 25 „	4 0
Trabucos Alexandrie	„	25 „	3	4	La Flor de Java	„ 100 „	8 0
Semiramis	„	100 „	11	0	La Delice (per packet of 20, Rs. 1)	„ 100 „	6 0

Highly recommended, the above Real Habana Cigars, expressly manufactured for me, of exquisite quality, guaranteed Crops, 1885.

Best Manilla, Dindigul, Trichinopoly, Coconada, and Burma Cigars and Cheroots always in stock.

TOBACCOS (for Pipe) Daily Manufactured.

The celebrated Macropolo's Golden Leaf Smoking Mixture	per lb. Rs.	3	0	Cavendish	per lb. Rs. 1 8
Medium	„ „	2	8	Virginia Bird's Eye	„ „ 3 0

And all kinds of English Cut Tobaccos.

The largest stock of real Meerschaum, Clay, G. B. D., and Self-cleaning Pipes, Cigar and Cigarette Cases, real Amber Mouth-pieces, Tobacco Pouches, and all Smokers' Requisites.

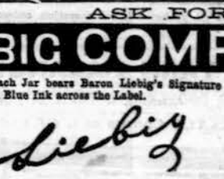
General Price List sent free on application to

D. MACROPOLO, BOMBAY AND CALCUTTA.

ASK FOR

LIEBIG COMPANY'S EXTRACT OF MEAT

And see that each Jar bears Baron Liebig's Signature in Blue Ink across the Label.



FINEST AND CHEAPEST MEAT-FLAVOURING STOCK FOR SOUPS, MADE DISHES AND SAUCES.

Invaluable for India as an Efficient Tonic in all cases of Weakness. Keeps good in the hottest Climates, and for any length of time.

To be had of all Storekeepers and Dealers throughout India.

Cookery Books Post Free on Application to the Company.

LIEBIG'S EXTRACT OF MEAT Co., Limited, Fenchurch Avenue, London, England.

A LOVELY SKIN,

beautiful complexion, soft, smooth and delicate neck, face, hands and arms can best be obtained by discontinuing all heavy, greasy cosmetics and cheap soaps, which, not being allowed to remain on the skin cannot possibly have any good effect on it, and by using

Rowlands' Kalydor

a cooling, soothing, healing and refreshing preparation for the face, hands and arms of all exposed to the heat and dust of summer or the cold and damp of winter; it eradicates freckles, tan, sunburn, stings, redness and roughness of the skin caused by cold winds or the use of hard water, preserves pimples, spots, discolorations, eruptions, chilblains, soreness, itching, inflammation, burns, scalds, inflamed eyes, and renders a chapped and rough skin delightfully smooth and pleasant. Gentlemen after shaving will find it allay all irritation and heighten the effect. It is warranted free from any leaf or mineral ingredients, can be used with impunity on the skin of the most delicate lady or child.

4s. 6d. and 8s. 6d. per bottle; bottle of half the usual size at 2s. 3d.

ROWLANDS' MACASSAR OIL promotes the growth of the hair, and is also sold in a golden color for fair-haired people.

ROWLANDS' ODONTO whitens the teeth, prevents decay, and gives a pleasing fragrance to the breath. Ask anyfrom for ROWLANDS' articles, or 20, Hatton Garden, London, and avoid cheap, worthless imitations.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL AGENTS:—

TREACHER & Co., BYCULLA AND FORT, BOMBAY.

THE ARAB HORSE IMPORTATION.—IBRAHIM SUNTOOK and Co. beg most respectfully to bring to the Notice of the Public that another excellent Batch of Unequalled and Number Arabs just arrived, and brought by well-known Arab Dealers, Jusim bin Feed, and Shaikh Essa bin Curtas, amongst which there are lovely Charchers, Racers, Hunters, Ponies, &c. Gentlemen fond of Horse-flesh are solicited an early inspection.

Bhendy Bazar Commission Stable, No. 505.

PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER

IS A PURELY VEGETABLE REMEDY For INTERNAL and EXTERNAL Use.

PAIN KILLER has never failed when used according to printed directions. Every bottle is perfectly safe even in the most inexperienced hands.

PAIN KILLER is a sure cure for Sore Throat, Coughs, Colds, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Cramps, Cholera, and all Bowel Complaints.

PAIN KILLER is the best remedy known for Sea Sickness, Sick Headache, Pain in the Back or Side, Rheumatism and Neuralgia.

PAIN KILLER is unquestionably the best LINIMENT MADE. It relieves speedily and permanently in all cases of Bruises, Cuts, Sprains, Severe Burns, etc.

PAIN KILLER is the best remedy in the world for Spasms, Colic, Cramps, Nausea, and all Internal Pains.

PAIN KILLER is the friend of the Mechanic, Farmer, Planter, Sailor, and in fact all classes wanting a medicine always at hand, and can use it internally or externally with certainty of relief.

No family can afford to be without this invaluable remedy in the house. The price brings it within the reach of all, and it will annually save many times its cost in doctors' bills.

Sold by all Druggists.

PERRY DAVIS & SON, Providence, R. I. Proprietors.

GENERAL AGENT AT BOMBAY:

ESUFALLY HIRTOOLA

No. 9, Fear Market near Jumma Musjid.

In The English High Court of Judicature.

THE "BULL DOG'S HEAD" BRAND.

(Bass's Ale & Guinness's Stout.)

READ BROTHERS, of London, request purchasers of their Bottled Ale and Stout to ask for "THE DOG'S HEAD BRAND" because another and totally distinct Bottle bears the figure of a Bull Dog, and thus two bottlings of entirely different character may both be called "BULL DOG."

The original "Bull Dog" mark is the registered property of READ BROTHERS, and their bottling still always goes by that name, but the title of "DOG'S HEAD BRAND" is theirs exclusively and is the only one that is protected by the Injunction of the Lords Justices of England.

SOLE AGENTS IN BOMBAY:

CUTLER, PALMER & CO.

FOR SALE.

1—REVENUE ENHANCEMENTS.

BY

W. WEDDERBURN, Bom. C. S.

PRICE EIGHT ANNAS.

May be had at this Office and at the Booksellers.

Printed and Published by an Proprietor, GRATTAN GEARY, at the Bombay Gazette Steam Press, Mazagon Row, Fort, Bombay

AGENTS.—LONDON: GEORGE STREET & Co., 30, Cornhill. E. C.—PARIS: Messrs. GALIGNANI & Co., 224, Rue de Rivoli.—GENOVA: Messrs. [illegible] & Co.